

63.9
AUSTRALIA
1931

n-Week
n. Mixed

SEASON 1931

967: PHLOX Drummondii
grandiflora. Finest Mixed



Anderson & Co Ltd
SEED MERCHANTS SYDNEY

Early St. John's Day Cabbage



Anderson & Co Ltd
SEED MERCHANTS, SYDNEY.



Anderson & Co Ltd
SEED MERCHANTS SYDNEY

IMPROVED
Scarlet Intermediate Carrot



Anderson & Co Ltd
SEED MERCHANTS, SYDNEY.

Vegetable
Seed Trials

OUR SEEDS
AND PLANTS
FOR ALL
CROPS ARE
"ALWAYS
THE BEST"

MARGLOBE TOMATO



Anderson & Co Ltd
SEED MERCHANTS, SYDNEY.

Anderson & Co Limited,
SEEDSMEN ETC

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT: 399-401 George St.,
WAREHOUSE, MAIL ORDER DEPT.
AND GENERAL OFFICES: 188-190 Kent St.,
SYDNEY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO
BOX 1608 BB,
G.P.O. SYDNEY.

Established, 1863.

INTRODUCTION

A HIGH ideal of business principles coupled with a forward policy has materially helped to place us in the enviable position we hold in the Seed world to-day. Since the inception of our firm in 1863 we have made it a hard and fast rule to always supply the best in Seeds, Plants, Trees and Horticultural Sundries. The result is that our customers write to us with full confidence, knowing that they will get "Always the Best."

We would particularly call our customers' attention to the necessity of addressing their correspondence correctly. This ensures prompt delivery and obviates the chance of it going into any other channel. Address all communications to **ANDERSON & CO. LTD., Seedsmen and Plant Merchants, Box 1608 BB, G.P.O., SYDNEY.**

When visiting Sydney we cordially invite our customers to come and meet us. Our Retail Shop is situated at **399-401 George Street**, opposite Dymock's; our General Offices and Wholesale Department is at **188-190 Kent Street.**

SEEDSMEN AND PLANT MERCHANTS,
399-401 GEORGE STREET, SYDNEY.

Anderson & Co Limited

CORRESPONDENCE :

Correspondence is welcomed upon any subject appertaining to Agricultural and Horticultural matters, and the firm will be pleased to give their advice and experience at all times. **Letters to be addressed to Box 1608 BB, G.P.O., Sydney.**

ADDRESS :

It is important that the full name and address of the sender be given with all orders, together with instructions as to the route goods are to be dispatched. By so doing mistakes are minimised and considerable help rendered toward the prompt dispatch of goods.

REMITTANCES :

These can be made by Crossed Cheques, Bank Drafts, Money Orders or Postal Notes. **Exchange must be added to all Country Cheques.** For small amounts, Postage Stamps may be sent.

DISCOUNT FOR CASH :

A liberal discount is given off Retail Orders when cash is sent with order for Vegetable Seeds, Flower Seeds, Bulbs and Plants; or extra Seeds, Bulbs or Plants to an equivalent value except on Collections and Farm Seeds, which are priced net.

NEW ACCOUNTS :

New Accounts are welcomed, and a reference should be furnished with the opening order. All orders for Seed Grain, Seed Potatoes and fertilizers are considered "**Cash Goods**," and are payable when accounts are furnished.

POSTAGE AND CARRIAGE :

Postage or Carriage is paid on all Retail Orders for Vegetable Seeds (except Peas and Beans), Flower Seeds and Bulbs; also on all Vegetable Seeds quoted by the pound on page 11 of this Catalogue. Postage or Carriage is **Not Paid** on Agricultural Seeds, Seed Grain, Seed Potatoes, Fruit Trees and Plants, Garden Tools, Sundries, Manures, and Implements. Peas and Beans quoted in bulk on page 11, Carriage or Postage extra. For New Parcels Post Rates, see inside Back Cover.

LIABILITY :

All goods sent out by Anderson and Company are packed by experts and handed over in good condition to Railway, Steamer or other Public Carriers and a receipt taken. After this the Company's liability ceases. Should the goods be lost, damaged or delayed, redress must be obtained from the carriers. Customers are advised of the dispatch of goods sent by rail or steamer.

SUBSTITUTING :

It is unavoidable that some lines may be sold out during the season. Customers should give permission to substitute the nearest possible to the Seeds or Plants required, or advise "**No Substitutes.**"

A SERVICE :

Recipients of this Catalogue doubtless have many friends who are interested in gardening pursuits. A copy will be willingly posted if their name and address is sent to **Anderson and Co. Ltd., Box 1608 BB., G.P.O., Sydney, N.S.W.**

Conditions of Sale

WE believe that all Seeds, Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale, but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this, we give no undertaking that such Seeds, Bulbs, or Roots will correspond with the descriptions under which they are sold, and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty, express or implied, as to their growth, description, quality or productiveness, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms, they are at once to be returned to us.

Registered Cable and Telegraphic
Address : "BORONIA"
Code : A B C 5th EDITION

Telephones : BW 1621 (2 lines)
Correspondence :
P.O. Box 1608 BB, G.P.O.,
SYDNEY

Anderson & Co Limited

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT - 399-401 George St. Established.
WAREHOUSE, MAIL ORDER DEPT. 18-190 Kent St. 1863
AND GENERAL OFFICES - SYDNEY
ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO - BOX 108 BB, G.P.O. SYDNEY.

PLEASE
USE THIS ENVELOPE
AND SEND ALONG YOUR ORDER.

Messrs
Anderson & Co Ltd

Seed & Plant Merchants

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT:—
399 - 401 GEORGE ST

WAREHOUSE, MAIL ORDER DEPT.
AND GENERAL OFFICES:—

188 - 190 KENT ST

Box 1608 BB G.P.O.

Sydney.

DESK G.C.

BEFORE YOU SEAL THIS ENVELOPE

Be sure you have signed your letter or order
and given the proper address.

Seedsmen and Plant Merchants

Please do not Write here.

This Blank Space for Office Stamp.

399-401 George Street, SYDNEY

We get many Orders during the season, without name, some without address, some without either name or address.

Be sure and give yours.

*Signature.

Address in full

1931

(With post town and State)

VEGETABLE SEED ORDER.

[illegible]

PLEASE WRITE FLOWER SEED ORDER AND REQUIREMENTS IN SUNDRIES ON OTHER SIDE.

***PLEASE DO NOT OMIT NAME AND FULL ADDRESS**

We get many Orders during the Season, without Name, some without Address, some without either Name or Address,

Flower Seed Order.

When Ordering Flower Seeds, it is only necessary to give the numbers opposite the variety appearing in this Catalogue.

Number of Packets	Number in Catalogue	a.	d.	Number of Packets	Number in Catalogue	a.	d.	Number of Packets	Number in Catalogue	a.	d.	Number of Packets	Number in Catalogue	a.	d.
Please forward the following order, and enclose goods per (State name of station, but not post town) order. I enclose £ Signature Address in full (With post town and State) VEGETABLE SEED ORDER															
Quantity Variety															

Fruit Tree and Plant Order.

PLEASE WRITE FLOWER SEED ORDER AND REQUIREMENTS IN SUPPLIES ON OTHER SIDE.

NOVELTY ROSES FOR 1931

Plants not available until May, 1931.
Postage extra—N.S.W. 1/9 to 2/3 dozen.

Interstate, S. & W. Australia, and Northern Territory, 4/3 dozen. Victoria, Queensland & Tasmania, 3/6 dozen.

AMBER (H.T.) (Jordan, 1930)—A new and distinct amber-yellow fixed sport from Ophelia, and quite different from all other members of the Ophelia family. Long pointed bud opening to well-shaped flowers. Good healthy foliage and habit. A very promising novelty that appears certain to be in demand. 4/- each.

AMY JOHNSON (H.T.) (A. Clark, 1931)—This beautiful rose is, with her consent, named after the great lady flyer to commemorate her landing in Australia. It is a very vigorous grower with good foliage and sweetly scented flowers of a lovely shade of pink, the large blooms are produced continuously right into the winter. It can be used for pillars or as a large bush. Presented to the Victorian Rose Society. 3/6 each.

AUTUMN (H.T.) (L. B. Coddington, 1928)—Bud medium size, ovoid, burnt orange; flower medium size, double, cupped, lasting, moderately fragrant, burnt orange streaked with red, borne singly on medium length stem. Foliage abundant, medium size, leathery, glossy, disease-resistant. Growth moderate, upright; free, continuous bloomer. 4/- each.

BARBARA RICHARDS (H.T.) (Alex. Dickson & Sons, 1929)—Color maize yellow and buff flushed warm rose. An all-round rose of great quality, it is recommended for any purpose—exhibition, garden, or bedding—being large, full and beautifully formed, of fine growth, very free, and sweetly scented. 4/- each.

CLIMBING MABEL MORSE (Per.) (1931)—A reliable very free blooming climber of the well-known dwarf variety. Although not so strong a grower as Climbing Golden Emblem the brilliant golden yellow color and beautiful exhibition form of the blooms should ensure its place as the best yellow climbing rose. It may also be treated like Climbing Belle Siebrecht as a strong growing bush rose, making very fine specimen. 3/6 ea.

CLIMBING SHOT SILK (H.T.) (G. Knight, 1931)—A rich salmon orange cerise veined buttercup yellow, at times overshot with orient shades. It is vigorous in growth, and is very hardy, free in blooming both in spring and autumn, while it carries the best foliage of any climbing rose we know, being a clear cedar green, bright and glossy, having the appearance of being varnished, immune from mildew. Strong attar of rose perfume. 5/- each.

COMTESSE DE LA MORANDIERE (H.T.) (C. Chambard, 1929)—Growth vigorous and branching with good foliage, immune from disease. Bud long, carmine cochineal, on rigid stem. Flower large, double, rose color shaded coral orange, reverse of petals red coral; flowers abundantly and continuously. Sweetly perfumed. 4/- ea.

DAZLA (H.P.) (B. R. Cant, 1930)—Bud long pointed; flower nearly six inches across, semi-double, waved petals, brilliant orange scarlet, golden base. Foliage dark green. Growth very vigorous and hardy. 4/- ea.

DIVIDEND (H.T.) (Alister Clark, 1931)—A lovely rich yellow rose, quite distinct, selected by the National Rose Society of Victoria on account of its color and perpetual flowering habit. Every shoot carries a flower which holds its color well. The Society will receive all profits from the sale. 3/6 each.

DOROTHY LEE (H.T.) (H. Morse & Sons, 1929)—The color resembles that of W. F. Dreer, but more refined. Its foliage is, practically mildew-proof and quite glossy, ideal for bedding. The finest companion for Shot Silk that is in commerce. 4/- each.

FEDERICO CASAS (H.T.) (P. Dot, 1929)—Bud very large, long-pointed red; flower very large, semi-double, open, very lasting, intensely fragrant, red and yellow, borne singly on long strong stem. Foliage abundant, large, dark green. Growth vigorous, bushy; profuse bloomer. 4/- each.

FELBERG'S ROSA DRUSCHKI (H.P.) (J. Felberg Lecer, 1929)—This novelty is the best seedling from the world-famed rose "Frau Karl Druschki," and has inherited all the good qualities of the growth, foliage and flower. The beautiful large blooms are in form and constitution like Druschki, and are also carried on long stiff stems. The color is a wonderful pure brilliant bright pink, and the raiser very strongly recommends this variety as a flower of first rank. 4/- each.

GLORIA MUNDI (Dwf. Poly.) (G. De Ruyter, 1929)—Sport of Superb. Flower large for the class, fully double, very lasting orange scarlet, borne in clusters. Foliage abundant, medium size, light green, glossy. Growth vigorous, upright, bushy and free. 4/- each.

GRENADIER (H.T.) (Alex. Dickson & Sons, Ltd., 1930)—Brilliant currant red shaded scarlet; this intense self color is held through all its stages, being at its brightest when fully developed. Bud long pointed; bloom medium full and moderately large. Foliage bronze green, glossy, handsome and well furnished; disease-resistant. Growth vigorous; free branching habit. Very floriferous. 4/- each.

LORD ROSSMORE (H.T.) (Dr. J. Campbell Hall, 1930)—Creamy white shaded and margined rose towards edge of petals. The flowers are of great size, but superb in both symmetry and refinement. Growth is strong, free and upright; foliage mildew resistant. 4/- each.

MADAME HENRI PATE (Per.) (J. Pernet Ducher, 1929)—Very vigorous growth, resembling Ville de Paris. Large glossy foliage immune from disease, very long buds opening well in all weathers. Pure golden sulphur yellow. Petals very large. Very floriferous. 4/- each.

MADAME PIERRE S. DU PONT (H.T.) (Ch. Mallerin, 1930)—Growth vigorous and erect, free branching habit, foliage clear green, immune from disease. Superb long bud carried on erect stem. The petals are of good substance. Flower large, full, sweetly scented. Color intense yellow shaded ochre, very free and most continuous bloomer. 4/- each.

MARGARET TURNBULL (H.T.) (Alister Clark, 1931)—A pillar rose of a new color, salmon flushed yellow. Blooms well both in spring and autumn. Semi-double, but of good shape, particularly in the bud to three-quarter bloom. The growth is free and healthy, first-class cut flower and decorative. Presented to the National Rose Society of New South Wales, who will receive all profits. 5/- each.

MARIE LOUISE PONCET (Per.) (J. Pernet Ducher, 1929)—Bud long on erect stem. Inside of petals coppery pink and outside salmon carmine. As the very full flowers expand the petals tone to dark flesh pink on the outside and to coppery pink inside; foliage is clear green and very decorative. 4/- each.

MARY WARREN (Cib. H.T.) (Alister Clark, 1931)—A fine pillar rose of a shade of dazzling pink. Blooms are semi-double, produced in both autumn and spring. Growth vigorous and healthy. Presented to the National Rose Society of N.S.W., who will receive all profits. 5/- each.

McGREDDY'S SCARLET (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons, 1930)—Color brilliant rich scarlet with orange base to petals; flowers are large, full, of perfect shape and form, with a tea perfume. Vigorous and upright growth, with large dark green mildew-proof foliage. 4/- each.

MRS. HAROLD BROOKS (H.T.) (Alister Clark, 1931)—A lovely free flowering red rose possessing great constitution, color, scent and glorious foliage making a large bush well adapted to form a hedge. Presented to the Woodend (Victoria) Horticultural Society, which will benefit by all profits from sale of this variety. 3/6 ea.

PARDINAS BONET (Pern.) (P. Dot, 1929)—Bud large, oval; flower large, double, globular, intensely fragrant. Color deep yellow, outside red, borne singly on long stem. Glossy foliage, disease resistant. Growth moderate, abundant, and continuous bloomer. 4/- each.

PRESIDENT DEVILLE (H.T.) (Leenders & Co., 1929)—A splendid new rose with a brilliant and intense color, cochineal red passing to cochineal carmine. A pronounced and very effective coloring. The flowers are large, full, fragrant and beautifully formed. Growth vigorous and free branching, profuse flowering. 4/- ea.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER (H.T.) (L. B. Coddington, 1930)—Bud large, long pointed; flower large, semi-double, open, very lasting, moderately fragrant (spicy), medium orange, except for two outside petals, which fade to lighter shade, borne singly on long, strong stem. Foliage leathery, disease-resistant. Many thorns. Growth vigorous, upright; free bloomer. 4/- each.

SUNNINGDALE (H.T.) (E. J. Hicks, 1929)—Flowers rich reddish carmine passing to cherry pink, long pointed buds carried on long stems. Growth vigorous and upright, blooms full, and very sweetly scented. 4/- ea.

SOUTHERN CROSS (H.T.) (Alister Clark, 1931)—This rose was selected by the rose experts of the Ballarat Society, to whom it is presented, and is sure to please as it has a shapely pink bud with good scent, and is continuously in flower, being at its best in autumn and winter. The bush is vigorous and sturdy, and has been admired by all visitors to Glenara. 3/6 each.

NOVELTY ROSES OF 1930

Price 2/- Each, 22/- Dozen, Postage Extra

Except where Otherwise Priced.

CLIMBING GOLDEN EMBLEM (Clb. Per.) (Armstrong Nurseries, 1928)—A vigorous climbing sport from the dwarf form, which will be a most decided acquisition. The growth is vigorous, the climbing habit is constant; this will prove one of the most valuable contributions to Climbing Roses for many years.

CLIMBING SOUV. DE CLAUDIUS PERNET (Per.) (Western Rose Co., 1928)—This valuable climbing sport will be extremely welcome, as it provides quite a new break in climbing varieties. The growth is most vigorous and the first budding shows 100 per cent. climbing amongst the young plants. The double rich sunflower yellow blooms are in a class by themselves, and will provide a gay show when in full bloom on arch or pergola. 1/6.

DAILY MAIL SCENTED (H.T.) (W. E. B. Archer & Daughter, 1929)—Color rich deep velvety red, with a scarlet sheen, excellent shape, carried on upright stems, free branching and vigorous. An ideal bedding rose.

E. G. HILL (H.T.) (E. G. Hill, 1928)—Dazzling scarlet shading to deeper pure red as it develops. It produces long stems naturally, and the foliage develops freely and is of fine color. It is a great producer and an unusually good keeper, as was shown when it was up for exhibition. The bud is unsurpassed in beauty, except by the open flower, which is a wonder. 1/6.

FLAMINGO (H.T.) (A. Dickson, 1929). Bud bright geranium red opening to rosy cerise. The blooms are of good shape and are highly fragrant. Awarded Clay Cup for perfume

JULES GAUJARD (Pernt.) (P. Ducher, 1928). Dazzling carthame red shaded carmine. The color keeps well and is very vivid.

MRS. SAM MCGREDY (H.T.) (McGredy, 1929)—A beautiful scarlet coppery orange, heavily flushed lincoln red on outside of petals. The stems are long and strong, while the blooms are held erect.

MADAME HENRI QUENILLE (H.T.) (P. Ducher, 1928). Long buds of bright rose color, with darker centre. Deliciously perfumed.

PORTADOWN BEDDER (H.T.) (McGredy, 1929)—Orange yellow on outside, with a rich cerise flush that deepens toward the edges; inside there is a suffusion of scarlet cerise on a yellow ground; free bushy habit, free flowering, and very fragrant.

PRESIDENT JAC. SMITS. (H.T.) (Verschuren, 1928)—Brilliant dark red, with long pointed buds. Flowers large, semi-double, and produced on long stems.

SCHWABENLAND (H.T.) (Pfitzer, 1928). A lovely shade of deep pink. Large full flowers of good form freely produced. This rose is distinct in all respects and well worthy of a trial as a very promising novelty.

W. E. CHAPLIN (H.T.) (Chaplin, 1929)—Deep crimson shading to carmine crimson. The flowers are large, pointed and sweetly scented, while the growth is branching with healthy foliage

NOVELTY SHRUBS FOR 1931

Postage or Carriage Extra

ACER GINNALA (D.)—This Maple grows to a small tree and its vivid red leaves in Autumn are an outstanding feature of the landscape. Suitable for cool climates. 2/6 each.

CISTUS SUNSET (E.)—The list of really good dwarf flowering shrubs is small, and we can recommend this variety with confidence. The cerise pink flowers are produced freely in Spring. 2/- each.

CRATAEGUS GIBBSI (E.)—The evergreen Crataegus have become very popular by reason of their ability to withstand heat and cold, and this new species with white flowers and bunches of scarlet berries should prove a welcome addition. 2/6 each.

CUPRESSUS ERECTA AUREA (E.)—A distinct and beautiful variety that originated locally. The habit is upright and the color is richer than the other golden Cypress. 5/- each.

ERIGERON ELATIOR GIGANTEA—A beautiful herbaceous plant that is sure to become popular. The daisy like flowers have reflexed petals of a lovely lavender shade and a yellow centre. They are borne on branching stems 18 inches to 2 feet high and last splendidly as a cut flower. 1/- each.

EUPATORIUM MEGALOPHYLLUM (E.)—Resembles E. lanthum, but the foliage and heads of dark lilac flowers are much larger. A very attractive shrub for coastal districts. 2/6 each.

HIBISCUS AGNES GALT (E.)—A new variety from Honolulu, and said to be their largest flowering Hibiscus. Colour cerise shading to old rose; growth compact and flowers freely. 2/6 each.

HIBISCUS WILDERS WHITE (E.)—This is the nearest approach to a pure white evergreen Hibiscus, the only color being a flush of pink on the outside of the petals. Distinct foliage and compact growth. 2/6 each.

MALUS ALDENHAMENSIS (D.)—Purple leaved shrubs make a distinct color note in the garden, and when they have the added attractions of flower and fruit are doubly welcome. The large semi-double carmine flowers are followed by purplish crimson fruits, which remain on the tree for a long time. 2/6 each.

POLYGALA MYRTIFOLIA GRANDIFLORA (E.)—A South African shrub of bushy habit, with heads of purple pea-shaped flowers. Should prove hardy in all but the coldest climates. 2/6 each.

SYRINGA CHINENSIS—A Hybrid between the Persian and English lilacs, resembling the former, but the growths are stouter and the flower trusses larger and of a deeper color. 2/6 each.

SYRINGA MONGE (D.)—A beautiful single variety, the color being the nearest approach to red we have seen. 2/6 each.

SEEDS OF MERIT FOR 1931

PANSY



PANSY: ROGGLI
GIANTS.

864 ROGGLI GIANTS—A superb mixture of one of the best Pansies we have seen. The individual flowers are large, and are borne on long stems. The colors are exquisitely beautiful, and we have every confidence that this strain will become exceedingly popular amongst Australian garden lovers. Price, per packet, 2/6.

ASTER

GIANT CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE MIXED—This Aster Novelty has been described as being "The Best Aster in the World." The plants attain a height of three feet and bear blossoms on long, stiff stems, admirable for cutting. The individual blooms are enormous, four or five inches in diameter. The color in these new Asters is startlingly remarkable. They may be described as varying shades of Enchantress-pink, Appleblossom, Deep Rose, Blue and Lavender. This Aster is distinct and will attract all flower lovers, and is a decided acquisition to modern floriculture. Price, per packet, 1/6 (Stock limited).

ICELAND POPPY

"GARTREF"—A unique strain of Iceland Poppy obtained as the result of re-selection. The majority of the blooms have dark-edged petals. The flowers are large in size, many blooms measuring five inches across. The color tones range as follows:—Cream, Biscuit, Fawn, Salmon-Apricot, Yellow, Old Gold, Pink, Rose and Bronze. Price, per packet, mixed, 1/6.

SCABIOSA

1069c LOVELINESS. This is a New Color in this popular flower. The blossoms range through various tones of soft delicate Salmon Rose. Loveliness has been obtained as a result of seven years' intensive selection. It has long stiff stems, a delightful fragrance, and glorious Salmon Rose flower-heads. Price, per packet, 1/-.

1069d PLUM-VIOLET—The name of this variety aptly describes the color. The plants are of robust branching habit and bear delightful flowers on long stems. A useful subject for cutting. Price, per packet, 1/-.

CARNATION

226 CHABAUD'S ENFANT DE NICE—This magnificent strain is of robust, upright habit, with long strong stalks bearing flowers 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. About 90 per cent. of the plants come double. Price, per packet, 1/6.

GAILLARDIA PICTA

455a INDIAN CHIEF—The color of this outstanding variety is a striking Bronzy Red. In 1929 it was awarded the Royal Horticultural Society's Award of Merit. Price, per packet, 9d.

PETUNIA

950 STAR OF CALIFORNIA (Novelty 1931)—This New Introduction of the Balcony type of Petunia is bred with extra long branches for window boxes and hanging baskets. The flowers are velvety violet with a touch of crimson, starred with five pure white blotches. We have seen these growing in window boxes, and the effect is most dazzling and pleasing. Price, per pkt., 1/6.



BALCONY PETUNIA: STAR OF CALIFORNIA.



View of TALL DOUBLE STOCK-FLOWERED LARKSPURS, showing floriferous and vigorous character.

LARKSPURS

Giant Imperial Type

The plants with the upright Delphinium-like habit.

- 574a **BLUE SPIRE** (Novelty 1931)—An intense Oxford Blue. An ideal deep blue color that has long been wanted.
- 574b **LILAC SPIRE** (Novelty 1931)—A beautiful popular color that has been bred into the base-branching type of Larkspur.
- 574c **ROSE SPIRE** (Novelty 1931)—A pleasing shade of deep Rose-pink.
- 574d **WHITE SPIRE** (Novelty 1931)—A pure white double Larkspur. Long straight upright stems, useful for cutting.

Price, 1/- per pkt.; the set of four for 3/6; Post Free.

LARKSPURS

Improved Stock-flowered Type

- 582h **MISS CALIFORNIA** (Novelty 1931)—A very deep, rich pink on a salmon ground. The flowers are extremely double and are placed in such a manner as to give a Delphinium-like appearance. Price, per packet, 1/6.
- 582j **CARMINE KING** (Novelty 1931)—A showy tone of deep carmine rose. Will come fully true to type and color. Recommended. Price, per packet, 1/6.

ZINNIAS

Gold Medal Giant Dahlia-flowered Type

- 1242 **ELDORADO** (Novelty 1931)—A fascinating and pleasing shade of Rose that does not shade in the sun's rays. Bears immense flowers, and is strongly recommended.
- 1243 **LUMINOSA** (Novelty 1931)—An unique introduction in this class of Zinnia. Color best described as various shades of bright deep pink with a light suffusion of salmon.
- 1244 **OLD GOLD** (Novelty 1931)—The name of this New Introduction adequately describes the beautiful color. The flowers are of immense size and grow on vigorous plants. An excellent variety for competing at Exhibitions and Shows.

Price, 1/- per pkt.; or the three for 2/6. Post Free.

ZINNIAS

Giant Mammoth Type

- 1269 **VIOLET QUEEN** (Novelty 1931)—Immense flowers of a deep Violet shade. Very effective and will become popular.
- 1270 **LAVENDER GEM** (Novelty 1931)—An attractive and interesting-compelling shade of Lavender.
- 1271 **BRIGHTNESS** (Novelty 1931)—A bright deep Rose. An acquisition that will become a favorite.
- 1272 **SALMON QUEEN** (Novelty 1931)—A charming blending of Salmon Rose.
- 1273 **GRENADIER** (Novelty 1931)—A most desirable and attractive shade of rich deep red.

Price, 1/- per pkt.; or the set of five for 4/6. Post Free.



VEGETABLE SEEDS



Artichoke (Globe)

PURPLE **GREEN**
6d. per packet.

CULTURAL NOTES

The soil requires to be deeply trenched, as for Asparagus, and well enriched with manure. Sow in beds of light soil, in March or September, and transplant during the following Spring or Autumn, in rows 4 to 6 feet apart, and about 4 feet in the rows.

Globe Artichoke Plants priced on page 10).

Jerusalem Artichokes (White)

A tuberous variety with annual stems. The best time to plant is from July to September in rows 3 feet apart and 12 to 18 inches apart in the rows. Succeeds in any ordinary soil. Price of Tubers, 3d. per lb.; postage or carriage extra. (See also page 10).

Asparagus

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL, 6d. pkt.
PURPLE DUTCH, 6d. per packet.
ASPARAGUS ROOTS, 10/- 100;
Carriage extra.

Broad Beans

Postage extra per packet, 3d.; for Postage on bulk lines see Inside Back Cover.

CULTURAL NOTES

Strong loam, and even somewhat clayey soil suits this useful vegetable. It does not require much manure, particularly when the land has been manured for the previous crop. Sow in March, April, May, June and July, in drills three or four feet apart, and twelve inches in the rows.

ANDERSON'S GIANT LONG POD—Plants produce on an average 10 to 12 stalks, and an abundance of pods from 15 to 18 inches long; delicate in flavour. 1/- -/6

BROAD WINDSOR—Very productive. 1/- -/6

EARLY LONG POD—Prolific bearer, crops early. 1/- -/6

Butter Beans

Postage extra per pkt., 3d.

ANDERSON'S WONDER (Golden Pods)—Strong, bushy-growing, dwarf variety; stringless, fine flavour. 2/- -/6

THE STARTLER (Golden Pods)—Six inches long; perfectly stringless, buttery flavour. Plants 12 to 18 inches high; prolific. 2/- -/6

GOLDEN WAX—Dwarf. Fleshly pod of good flavor. Prolific. 2/- -/6

BLACK SEEDED WAX—Hardy golden-podded butter beans of dwarf habit. 2/- -/6

MONT D'OR — Tall-growing variety; good flavour; fleshy pods. 2/- -/6

French Beans

Postage extra per pkt., 3d.

For Postage on Bulk lines see Inside Back Cover.

Dwarf

CANADIAN WONDER—Very long pods; excellent flavour, a wonderful bearer. 1/6 -/6

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—The pods are stringless, long, and nearly straight. A first-class Bean. Early, prolific bearer; excellent. 2/- -/6

THE MONITOR—Heavy cropping variety, with large broad pods; very delicious. — -/6

FELTHAM PROLIFIC—One of the heaviest croppers, producing plentiful supplies of rich, green fleshy pods. — -/6

MAGNUM BONUM—Very prolific, fleshy large pods. — -/6

Runners

EPICURE—Grows 6 to 8ft. Stringless. Continues to bear throughout the season if young pods are kept pulled. 2/- -/6

KENTUCKY WONDER—A very prolific stringless podded Bean; good flavour; grows 6 feet. Equal to Epicure. 2/- -/6

TONGAN (Black Seeded)—Called "Poor Man's Bean." A splendid type of Bean for slicing and boiling in the same manner as ordinary French Beans. Perennial. Post Free. Packets only. — -/6

GENERAL MCKAY—Very large, broad pods, excellent flavour and good cropper. The pods are stringless. — -/6

SCARLET RUNNER—Suitable for the colder districts. 2/- -/6

SPECIAL NOTE

For postal rates on Beans, Peas, Sweet Corn in bulk, our customers are requested to turn to inside Back Cover.

Snake Beans

6d. per packet; post free.

Bears pods about two feet long, which are stringless and of good flavour. Like French Beans, and are used in exactly the same way. Plants grow six feet. Must be picked regularly to prevent the Beans from ripening their seed. Sow in Spring.

Lima Beans

Per packet, 6d., postage 3d.

Per lb., 2/-; for Postage on bulk lines see inside Back Cover.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow the Beans in October, November or December, in good loamy soil, if possible, which has been well enriched. Sandy soil will also produce good crops if liberally treated. Plants of the tall variety should stand two feet apart and the dwarf sorts 18 inches apart. The tall sorts require stakes about six to eight feet high. The Beans bear their pods in great abundance; if carefully picked, bear all Summer.

EARLY LEVIATHAN (Tall) — Very productive.

KING OF THE GARDEN (Tall) — Pods are large and well filled, and produced in great abundance. The quality is all that can be desired.

BURPEE'S DWARF—Plants from 18 to 20 inches high.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED—A dwarf variety, of very sturdy habit; four to seven pods in the cluster. Very finest quality.

HENDERSON'S DWARF—A very early bush variety, 18 inches high.

Beet

Silver or Spinach

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-

Quite a distinct section, grown for the leaves only. The green part of the leaves is cooked like Spinach and the broad white stems, cooked and served with white sauce, are delicious if flavoured with celery seed.

GIANT—Pure white stalks; not unlike Seakale when cooked.

Beet

Ornamental

Per packet, 6d.

Ornamental Beet has proved popular as a decorative plant in the garden. Useful as an edging plant for borders. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

SCARLET CHILEAN — Dark green leaves; ribs and veins scarlet.

YELLOW CHILEAN — Dark green leaves; ribs and veins yellow.

Beet

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-
For prices per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Beet should follow some crop for which the land has been well manured, because the symmetrical form of the root cannot be preserved if fresh manure is used. Sow in rows 18 to 24 inches apart; thin out to 10 or 12 inches and be careful to "single" the plants—generally two plants spring from a single seed vessel. Strong soil is most suitable, but not essential. Make sowings every month from July to December, and again about February to March, should the weather be favourable.

ANDERSON'S EXTRA EARLY TURNIP-ROOTED—A beautiful deep crimson variety.

IMPROVED BLOOD TURNIP—Globular shape; bright blood red; flesh close, and of excellent texture; tops well.

ECLIPSE—A very early variety, dark red, perfectly round, excellent for domestic use; close grained, and fine quality.

EGYPTIAN TURNIP-ROOTED—This is an extra early Beet, growing very fast; rather flat in shape, with blood-red flesh.

All the Turnip-rooted varieties are much earlier than the long-shaped sorts, and quite equal in quality.

ANDERSON'S LONG BLOOD-RED—One of the finest table Beets. Short and crisp in the grain, beautifully deep rich color, tender, and of fine flavour; 12 inches long.

OBELISK—An intermediate or half-long variety of fine quality; flesh deep crimson.

DETROIT IMPROVED DARK RED—Medium-sized roots, globular and very smooth. Flesh dark red, fine grained, tender and sweet. Tops small, permitting of close planting. An ideal Beet.

Borecole Kale

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in seed beds in January and June, and treat as Cabbage. Should be planted in rows two feet apart, and 12 to 18 inches in the rows.

DWARF GREEN CURLED—Suitable for the colder districts of the State.

Broccoli

2/- per ounce; 6d. per packet.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow for the main crop in December, January and February, and again in June, and July, and plant out as soon as the plants are ready and the weather suitable.

Adam's Early White.

Knight's Protecting.

Elletson's Mammoth.

Brussels Sprouts

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/6.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in June and August for mid-summer use, and again in November and February for early and late Winter use. Plant out in rows two feet apart.

IMPROVED—An excellent variety.

Cabbage

6d. per packet, post free. For prices per lb. see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Strong loam produces the finest Cabbage, but all soils, from clay to sand, if deeply worked and manured, will produce good Cabbage. There should be at least three main sowings in the year. In June store beds of all kinds may be sown, and if the beds be on poor unmanured soils, as for this sowing they should be, they will furnish fine, hardy, robust plants for putting out for several months. The two other main sowings, in December and March, should be made in richly-manured beds, and will generally require mulching and watering. Two successive crops must not be planted in the same ground, or after Turnips, or any of the Brassica tribe. For the smaller kinds the rows may be 20 inches, and the plants in the rows 15 inches apart, the distance apart to be increased for the stronger growing varieties. For the March sowing, only English or other imported seed should be used, otherwise the crop will run to seed in July and August.

ANDERSON'S PEDIGREE CABBAGE—(Crop failed. Seed not available).

SUCCESSION (Henderson's)—This standard variety still maintains its position as one of the best market gardener's Cabbage that is grown in the State. For Autumn and Spring Sowing it is excellent, but it is an all-the-year-round variety. Short stemmed, with enormous flat heads, packed very closely, of fine texture and quality, and large specimens are not coarse in flavour. It is esteemed not only for its size and quality, but is a grand keeper. It stands the Summer heat excellently, and travels well.

Per
lb. oz.

15/- 5/-

Short Crops, limited supplies.

BURPEE'S ALL HEAD EARLY—Short stemmed, and a compact grower; has few spreading leaves. Heads are large, flat, and closely packed; the quality is of the best. Can be grown all the year round.

6/6 2/-

AUTUMN KING OR WORLD BEATER—Fine late Cabbage. Outer leaves are of a glaucous green color, and crimped. Produces enormous heart and very few outside leaves; goes all to head, and is fine and close-grained. Excellent for market or private use.

— 1/6

COPENHAGEN MARKET—This variety has been well tested in Australia, and has proved a first-class variety for both private growers and market gardeners. An early maturing Cabbage, of good form, and with solid heads.

6/6 2/-

EARLY SPRING (Henderson's)—Resembling the Succession. Early and solid header, producing uniform crop.

— 2/6

LARGE WHITE BRUNSWICK—A splendid large Summer variety, which is not so subject to aphids or grubs as other sorts. A favourite with market gardeners on that account.

3/6 1/3

ANDERSON'S IMPROVED ST. JOHN'S DAY—One of the finest Summer Cabbages; will heart during the hottest months, and produce large, solid heads. Can be grown at any time of the year, although better and larger in Summer. Turns in quickly, is all heart, dark green leaves, short stemmed.

3/6 1/3

ST. JOHN'S DAY (Early)—Comes to maturity very quickly, and stands well; one of the best; fair sized; hearts well. Has all the qualities of Improved St. John's Day, but is not so large.

3/6 1/3

ENKHUIZEN GLORY—Solid round heads; medium size; fine flavour; excellent for Winter use in Northern Districts.

6/6 2/-

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—Favourite; medium size; fine table sort.

3/6 1/3

GOLDEN ACRE—Small compact heads, sweet eating. A great acquisition.

6/6 2/-

WINNINGSTADT—Cone-shaped; good sort to market; very heavy; excellent keeper; resists aphids.

3/6 1/3

EARLY DWARF YORK—Small, but very early; good flavour.

3/6 1/3

LARGE YORK—Medium size; fine quality; very early.

3/6 1/3

EAST HAM—Excellent market variety for Autumn and Winter crop. Large, firm, and white-hearted.

3/6 1/3

WEST HAM—A splendid Autumn and Winter sort.

3/6 1/3

LONDON MARKET AND ENFIELD MARKET—Splendid sorts for general crops. White, firm hearts.

3/6 1/3

SUGARLOAF—Most delicate flavour; excellent for private use.

3/6 1/3

EARLY DRUMHEAD—A fine Winter Cabbage.

3/6 1/3

ANDERSON'S "DEFIANCE" RED—A grand pickling variety; large solid heads, weighing 10 to 12 lb. Color, intense blood red; excellent strain.

4/- 1/3

Savoy Cabbage

6d. per packet; post free.

An excellent curled Cabbage; does remarkably well in the cooler parts of the State. Has a distinct flavour of its own; is at its best during cold, frosty weather.

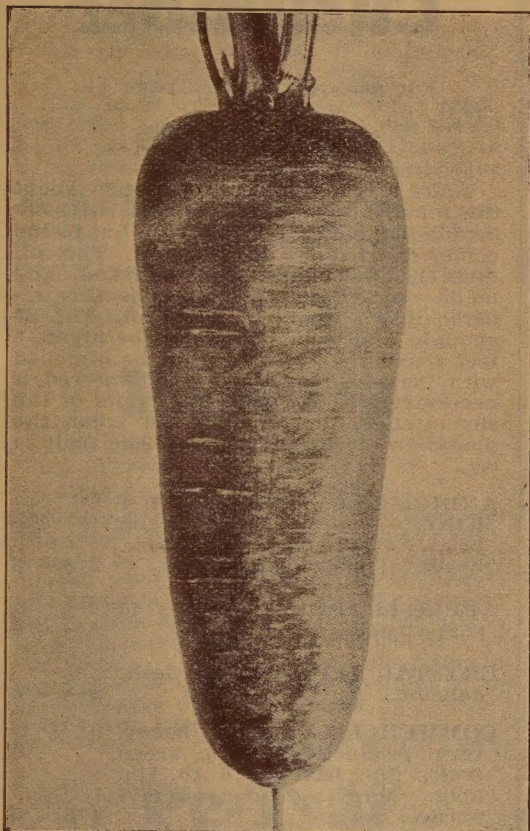
DRUMHEAD—Extra large heads.

3/6 1/3

GREEN CURLED—Superb variety.

3/6 1/3

CULTURE—Same as Cabbage.



CARROT: Morse's Red-Cored Chantenay.

Carrot

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-.

CULTURAL NOTES

Make a sowing in July, and the main crop in September, in drills, 18 inches apart, and when fit, thin out to five or six inches. Sand and sandy loam produce the best Carrots; they will grow in any soil if not stony, but will fork if grown on freshly manured land.

For Prices of CARROTS and CAULIFLOWERS in Bulk, see Page 11.

ST. VALERY—An excellent Scarlet Carrot; longer than Intermediate—gardeners' favourite. Perfect shape and fine quality.

EARLY SHORT HORN—Good color and quality, very early; a favourite.

IMPROVED SCARLET INTERMEDIATE—Of fine size and shape, with short top; early and excellent.

SCARLET LONG HORN — Medium length; very early; good color and flavour.

LONG RED SURREY—Very long, grows to perfection on deep, rich land.

LARGE RED ALTRINGHAM — Long red.

MANCHESTER TABLE—A splendid early variety suitable for growing in warm climates. In size between Early Short Horn and Intermediate. Stump rooted; good flavour, excellent for table use.

MORSE'S RED-CORED CHANTENAY —A splendid Carrot introduced by us last year. Fine texture and excellent both for garden and market garden use.

FIELD CARROTS—(For prices see page 30.)

Cauliflower

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in rich, light soil in December to February, slightly shading, and keep well watered. The plants should not be allowed to crowd each other, or become stunted. During dull or showery weather, plant out in rows 3 feet by 2 feet in liberally manured land; water the plants for a few days unless the weather be showery. If Cauliflower plants once get a severe check they will never produce fine heads. Cauliflower should never follow a Cabbage crop, nor be grown two seasons following on the same land.

ANDERSON'S "WHITE QUEEN"—A superb variety, very early dwarf; produces large, firm, closely set heads, beautifully white and tender, excellent flavour, luxuriant foliage. One of the finest grown, which we strongly recommend. Per Per oz. pkt. 5/- -/6

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT—Produces magnificent, large, snow-white, firm heads; plants are of a vigorous growth, producing plenty of room. It is not an early variety. Best months to sow are December, January and February. 2/- -/6

EARLY ECLIPSE—Popular Victorian variety, suitable for market gardeners. 2/- -/6

EARLY GREENLEAF—The foliage has a glazed appearance and will resist aphids and wigglers. Normal size, good quality. 10/- -/6

EARLY ITALIAN GIANT—One of the earliest. Very large white heads, well protected by foliage. 2/- -/6

ECLIPSE—A very superior variety that is suitable for private or market gardens; medium early, producing fine, solid heads. 2/- -/6

EARLY LONDON—A first-class early variety. Fine, white heads; not liable to button; for private gardens, one of the best; very old favourite. 2/6 -/6

LARGE ASIATIC—A large variety of fine quality, for private use and for market; of excellent color and very hardy. 2/6 -/6

WALCHEREN—Good reliable sort, and a favourite with some growers, medium early. 2/6 -/6

LATE ITALIAN GIANT—A large variety, with very white heads. 2/- -/6

Cape Gooseberry

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in September and October, and prick out in a row along a warm, sheltered border, in a rich soil, two feet apart. The plants should be stopped by pinching out the tops of the shoots occasionally to induce a sturdy, bushy growth.

Per packet, 6d.

ORDINARY VARIETY—Can be used for dessert; makes delicious jam.

JAPANESE—A variety of erect habit, from 1½ to 2 feet high.

Sweet Corn

6d. per packet; postage 3d. extra.

1/6 per lb.; for postage rates on bulk lines see Inside Back Cover.

CULTURAL NOTES

Plant September to December, in rows three or four feet apart, and one foot in the rows. Sweet Corn will succeed in any moderately rich garden soil. It should be hoed and tilled when about a foot high.

A delicious vegetable. The cobs should be cooked when they are quite soft and tender like green peas.

ANDERSON'S TABLE QUEEN—A superb variety; large cobs, and white grains of extra quality.

METROPOLITAN—Ears 9in. long; exceedingly white in color during their eatable condition.

GOLDEN BANTAM—A yellow-seeded variety; very early; dwarf, hardy and prolific.

Some other goods kinds:—Early Cory, Crosby's Early, Country Gentleman, Stowell's Evergreen, Early Minnesota.

Celery

1/6 per oz.; 6d. per packet, except where otherwise marked.

WHITE PLUME—First-class variety; very tender. The stalks, inner leaves and heart are white, which simplifies the blanching process.

WRIGHT'S SELECTED GIANT WHITE—A leading variety; excellent quality, tender and crisp, blanches well.

WINTER QUEEN—Ribs are solid, crisp, and of nutty flavour; when blanched are of a fine cream white color.

COLE'S CRYSTAL WHITE—Large and fine quality; crisp, well flavoured.

WHITE SOLID PASCHAL—This fine Celery has remarkable breadth of stalk, fine flavour, fleshy, and very tender; self-blanching variety.

TURNER'S INCOMPARABLE WHITE—Old favourite; very fine quality, always reliable, fine flavour, tender when blanched.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—Remarkably early, entirely self-blanching, with large golden-yellow heart; very crisp and solid. 2/6 per oz.

COLE'S RED SOLID—Fine pink color; large solid stems; tender, crisp.

LAING'S MAMMOTH RED—Large strong stalks of good quality; blanches well, crisp and tender.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow for main crop in September and October. Seed beds for this sowing should not be over rich. So as to furnish plants for putting out for several months, a later sowing, say, in December or January, may be made; in this case, sow the seed in shallow boxes, and place in a situation where they can be shaded if necessary, until the seed has germinated. To grow Celery to perfection, choose a bed that has been richly manured for a previous crop, such as a Cauliflower bed. The soil should be of a friable nature, and well pulverised. Open the trenches 18 inches wide, and of a like depth; stack the soil on either side, to be ready for drawing back into the trenches as the plants progress. In the bottom of trenches place about 6 inches of stable manure, partially rotted, and fork it well into the soil. Cover this with a couple of inches of the soil previously thrown out, and water copiously the night before planting; carefully raise the plants from the seed bed and plant along the centre of the trench, about 9 inches apart. Weed often, and draw in soil as the plants advance, taking care that the hearts of the plants are not buried; continue to do so until the plants are full grown and the trench is nearly filled up. Keep plants going with water, when young, if necessary, and use liquid manure. With this treatment Celery stalks will be well blanched and tender.

Cress

60. per packet. Price per lb., see page 11

CULTURAL NOTES

CURLED CRESS—Sow thickly every two or three weeks with or without a dash of mustard seed. In Summer months shade is necessary to produce a crisp and tender growth. Can be sown in any rich soil, in shaded beds or boxes; must have plenty of moisture.

WATER CRESS—Raise from seed sown in a situation where it can be flooded or freely watered. If planted on banks of gently flowing shallow streams, or ponds, it will soon spread and afford a continuous supply.

TRIPLE CURLED—Often grown with Mustard, making excellent salad.

WATER CRESS—Sow in moist land, or on a creek bank. 2/- per oz.

AMERICAN OR LAND CRESS—Used as a Water Cress during Winter. 1/- per oz.

Culinary Herbs

Per packet, 6d.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow seed in Autumn and Spring, and for the most of them it is advisable to sow in pans or boxes, or in some place where attention and water can be given, and where they can be gradually hardened off and planted out as soon as they are strong enough.

ANISE
BALM
BASIL (Bush)
BASIL (Sweet)
BORAGE
CARAWAY
CHERVIL
CORIANDER
DILL
DANDELION
HYSSOP

LAVENDER
MARIGOLD (Pot)
MARJORAM (Pot)
MARJORAM (Sweet)
PURSLANE
ROSEMARY
RUE
SAGE
SAVOURY (Winter)
SAVOURY (Summer)
THYME

Pop Corn

6d. per packet; postage 3d. extra.

1/6 per lb.; for postage rates on bulk lines see Inside Back Cover.

CULTURAL NOTES

Same as Sweet Corn. Allow the cobs to ripen thoroughly, and then roast the grains in a close iron vessel until they "pop," shaking the vessel meantime. The corn is then taken out and slightly dusted with powdered sugar. It forms a delicious sweet.

Egg Plant

Per packet, 6d.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in September and October, and plant out in rows two feet apart and the same distance from plant to plant. Shade and water until the plants are established. When the fruits are set remove all but from eight to twelve on each plant—that is, allow only a single fruit to mature on each shoot. The young plants should be stopped, to induce branching.

BLACK BEAUTY—Large, brilliant, shiny black rind; early.

IMPROVED NEW YORK PURPLE.
LONG WHITE CHINA.

Cucumber

For price per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Make a first sowing in the open about the middle of August, successional sowings in September and October, but in the colder districts six weeks later. The soil must be well and deeply worked, and made very rich to produce fine Cucumbers; three plants to each hill will be enough, and the hills should be about 6 feet apart; the ground should be mulched with manure, and the plants watered if necessary. In all cases the points of the shoots should be pinched out when the plants are in flower, to cause the fruit to set.

ANDERSON'S "MARKET KING"—Fine strain, long oz. pkt. prickly Cucumber, even in size, beautiful dark green color. 2/6 -/6

APPLE-SHAPED—Round in shape; fine tender flesh. 2/- -/6

CRYSTAL APPLE—Crisp flesh; delicious. 2/- -/6

COMMERCIAL—Early, hardy, very productive; dark green fruit; fine flavour; 6 to 8 in. long. Market gardeners' favourite. 1/6 -/6

IMPROVED WHITE SPINE—This Cucumber is a great favourite with market growers. Crops early, hardy, good flavour. 1/6 -/6

CHOICE LONG GREEN—Excellent variety; fruit 18 inches long. 2/- -/6

LONG GREEN PRICKLY—Fine size; deep green color; crisp, delicious. 1/6 -/6

CRYSTAL WHITE APPLE—A milky white skinned variety, fine flavour; fruit 12 to 15 in. — -/6

SHORT GREEN PRICKLY—Very hardy; a good sort. 1/6 -/6

WEST INDIAN GHERKIN—Used only for pickling. — -/6

JAPANESE CLIMBING (Green)—Very early, prolific, rapid climber; well adapted for pickling or slicing. — -/6

AFRICAN HORNED—A very prolific and ornamental variety. When ripe the fruit is salmon-red color. Does exceptionally well in our warmer districts. — -/6

Endive

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-

This Salad Plant, when well grown and blanched, is by some preferred to Lettuce.

BATAVIAN. **GREEN CURLED.**

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in February and March, and plant out when fit, in rows two feet apart and one foot from plant to plant.

Parsley

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 9d.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in March and again in August, September, and October. The soil should be finely worked, and the seed sown in drills and lightly covered; the seeds take a long time to germinate.

EXTRA TRIPLE CURLED—Fine garnishing; one of the best; beautifully mossy.

CHAMPION MOSS—Beautiful dwarf-growing, moss-like variety.

FERN-LEAVED—Ornamental; strong flavour.

Parsnip

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 9d.

Prices per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Parsnips prefer rather stronger soil than the Carrot, but is otherwise grown exactly like it; the land must be well and deeply worked; freshly-manured land is not suitable, as it will cause the roots to fork. The rows should be 2 feet apart, and the plants should be thinned to 8 or 10 inches. Parsnip seed, not being a good keeper, should be sown thickly, so as to ensure plenty of plants.

HOLLOW CROWN.

LARGE GUERNSEY

Pe-Tsai

(CHINESE CABBAGE)

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/6.

CULTURAL NOTES

Chinese Cabbage, with large loose leaves, will succeed in dry seasons where other varieties of Cabbage do not. Sow during the Autumn and Spring. The leaves are used like Spinach Beet, which it somewhat resembles.

Leek

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-.

CULTURAL NOTES

No culinary vegetable is of easier culture. Sow in prepared beds in April, May or June at the latest, and plant out in rows 18 inches apart and 8 inches apart in the rows if the soil is rich and a very large Leek is desired. When the plants are six inches high they are fit for planting out.

ANDERSON'S PERFECTION—Very handsome; blanches beautifully.

LONDON FLAG—A favourite with growers for market.

MUSSELBURGH—A very large variety.

Kohl-Rabi

(Turnip-Rooted Cabbage)

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-.

A delicious vegetable, but must be tasted in good condition to be appreciated.

LARGE GREEN. **LARGE PURPLE.**

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in beds like Cabbage from December to March; plant 18 inches apart. Any garden soil, well manured, will suit this vegetable.

Mustard

(FINEST WHITE)

Per packet, 6d.; per lb., 2/-, post free.

Special price for quantities.

CULTURAL NOTES

As a salad, Mustard is usually cultivated in the same bed with Cress.

Mushroom Spawn

1/- Brick, 2/- post free in N.S.W.; other States, 2/6; 2 Bricks post free, 3/3 N.S.W.; other States, 4/-.

A leaflet giving full cultural directions is sent with each order, or will be sent post free on application.

Okra

IMPROVED DWARF.

LONG GREEN.

Per packet, 6d.

Pumpkin

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 9d.

Except where otherwise stated.

CULTURAL NOTES

For garden culture heavily manure the land all over, and dig in deeply, give an extra dressing to the hills where the seed is to be sown, and fork well in. The hills should be 6 or 8 feet apart, and only two plants should be allowed to remain in each hill. Sow six or eight seeds in each hill, so as to guard against total loss of plants by insects. A good mulch of manure greatly increases the yield. Sow August to November.

BEAUDESERT—A true Queensland blue, good quality, sweet and dry. Flesh, orange color. 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

CROWN—Medium size, thick flesh, fine quality; good keeper, and dry.

CUSHAW—Large, bottle-shaped fruit, with crooked neck; very prolific; keeps well.

GRAMMA—A very useful sort, both for cooking in various ways, and for cattle or pig food.

IRONBARK—Old established favourite variety.

JAPANESE—Flesh a rich salmon color; fine grained; very dry when cooked.

LARGE BUTTON—Fine, dry sort; good keeper.

SMALL SUGAR—Very early; matures three months from seed.

TRIANGLE (Shamrock)—A very popular variety, peculiar shape, very prolific. Good table sort.

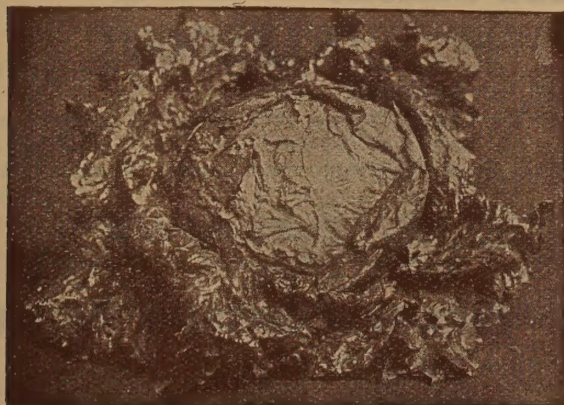
TURK'S CAP—Fine table variety; good keeper; red top.

Lettuce

Per packet, 6d.; per ounce, 1/-

CULTURAL NOTES

With rich, light soil, and a supply of water, these salad plants can be placed upon the table daily throughout the year. All the varieties may be sown from January to June, and transplanted when fit into rows at distances from each other suitable to the size of the variety. From June to January only, sorts least liable to run to seed should be sown in drills where they are intended to remain for the crop. The Cos and other non-solid sorts will be improved by having the leaves loosely bound together, round the heart, when about two-thirds grown. In planting out, Lettuce should be lifted without breaking the roots, and planted out during dull and showery weather.



LETTUCE: NEW YORK

CABBAGE LETTUCE

NEW YORK—Of unusual size and solidity, with little tendency to run to seed; crisp, tender, excellent flavour.

DRUMHEAD—One of the most popular varieties of Cabbage Lettuce among Sydney market gardeners, producing white solid hearts during Winter and Spring; crisp, and of fine flavour.

ICEBERG—A quick grower, with hard, handsome heads, exquisite flavour. A variety we highly recommend.

BIG BOSTON—A large hearting variety, recommended for market gardening purposes; light green in color, with golden buttery head.

BOSTON CURLED—Curled leaves. Globular, large size; crisp; good flavour.

BOSTON, WHITE (New)—Good-hearted; crisp, fine flavour.

CONTINUITY—Good type Butter Lettuce; crisp; outside leaves brown.

DEACON—One of the best; large heads; leaves pale green without, with beautiful rich cream yellow within; delicious buttery flavour, making a fine, fresh, crisp salad. Stands Summer heat.

GRAND RAPIDS—A strong grower, keeps tender and crisp; both leaves and ribs are very brittle; an excellent all-round lettuce.

HANSON—Solid hearting variety; not liable to run to seed. The outside leaves are a lively green, but hearts are white, crisp, and tender.

MAY KING—Unexcelled for flavour and suitability for salads; hardy, and stands Summer well; very early.

MAMMOTH SALAMANDER—Wonderful heat-resisting qualities; solid heads, large size, when other varieties are only a bundle of loose leaves.

MIGNONETTE—Beautiful russet-colored variety, of unique appearance; small, but very solid and compact.

NEAPOLITAN—A superior, large Cabbage Lettuce, similar to Drumhead.

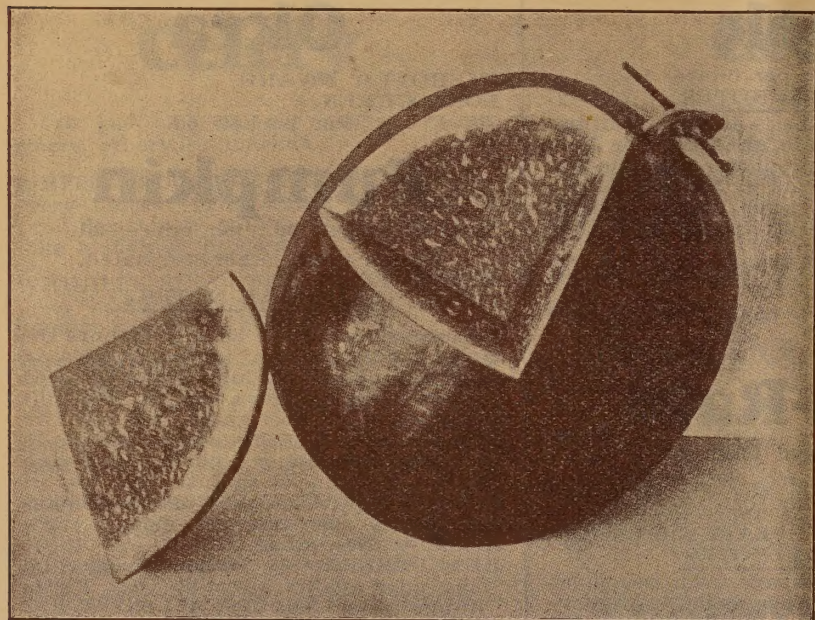
OHIO—Early, hardy, beautiful, crisp; hearts freely when young; finely curved leaves; medium size.

TENDER AND TRUE—A splendid early crisp variety; fine curled leaves; pale green; flavour excellent.

TOM THUMB—Small, compact variety; good quality; does not go to seed quickly.

COS LETTUCE

PARIS WHITE COS—Favourite sort, suitable for cold or warm districts; grows anywhere in the State provided soil is rich and moist. Leaves grow erect, and produce long-shaped, loose hearts; leaves should be tied together to keep crisp.



WATER MELON: ANGELINO.

Water Melons

Per oz., 1/-; per packet, 6d. For prices per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sandy loam is the most suitable, but in fair seasons they do well in any good garden soil. Sow five or six seeds in prepared hills 5 or 6 feet apart each way, eventually leaving two of the best plants in each hill. The best time for sowing is September and October.

KLECKLEY SWEETS, IMPROVED

A selected and improved strain from the well-known Kleckley Sweets. The rind of the large cylindrical fruit is dark green, while the flesh, of splendid eating qualities, is rich red. Will become popular with market gardeners.

ANGELINO—Black seeded. A melon of par excellence; good market variety.

ANGELINO—White seeded. Produces well, oval shape, fine color. Medium size. Advise picking when green shades to gold.

CHILEAN—White seeded. A melon of exceptional merit. Extra solid, crisp and sugary. A prime favorite.

CHILEAN—Black seeded. The melon possesses a fine fruity flavor. Thin rind. Moderate size; ideal for the home gardener.

COLE'S EARLY—Of good quality; very early; has bright red flesh, delicate flavour, and very prolific.

CUBAN QUEEN—A very large, bright crimson-fleshed Melon, of superior quality and delicious flavour.

FLORIDA FAVOURITE—Large oblong fruit; delicious flavour.

GOLDEN SWEET—The rind is dark green and the flesh of a bright golden yellow or champagne color. A luscious sugary flavour. The Melons average about 20lb. weight.

HALBERT HONEY—Rich and tender when ripe, 18 to 20 ins. in length; flesh rich, crimson-like color, deep green rind.

ICE CREAM—White seeded, excellent, with a delightful green skin; mottled; flesh deep pink.

IRISH GRAY—The flesh is a beautiful red color, the skin a light green. Travels well.

KOLB'S GEM—Light green skin, nearly round in shape; 30 to 50 lb. in weight; flesh bright red; rich and sweet.

KLECKLEY SWEETS—Rich bright scarlet flesh, crisp, sugary, and melting; free from stringiness; ripens close to the skin. Fruit is 18 to 20 inches long, with dark green skin.

MAMMOTH IRONCLAD—Beautiful Melon, oblong, with mottled green skin; an average weight of 50 lb.; crisp, delicious flesh.

McIVER SUGAR—Fruit often 2 feet in length; skin shows bands of white shading into green. Superior quality. Flesh pale pink, crisp and luscious.

SUGAR STICK—Large, light green; oblong in form, measuring 20 to 24 inches long; luscious, bright red, crisp flesh.

THE DIXIE—Very early variety; flesh bright red, skin dark green, beautifully striped; fruit oblong.

TOM WATSON—Bright pink flesh, small white seed, dark green skin.

Rock Melons

Per oz., 1/6; per packet, 6d. Price per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

The culture of the Rock Melon is somewhat like that of the Cucumber. Sow out of doors in September and October. The hills need not be so wide as for Water Melons, nor should the soil be so highly manured. Water during dry weather to bring on the young plants and bearing vines. When the fruit begins to show signs of ripening, a frame of calico or canvas covering should be provided to prevent any external moisture injuring the fruit, otherwise the most delicious varieties will prove insipid, watery and worthless. But do not leave more than two of the strongest plants on each hill, and do not thin them out until they begin to run.

BALTIMORE—Fine variety; excellent flavor; green flesh; large.

BANANA—Distinct variety, bearing long, slender, banana-like fruit, skin creamy white, and entirely free from netting; flesh deep salmon color and of good quality.

BAY VIEW—Fine large fruit, yellow flesh.

EARLY HACKENSACK—Early; delicious; thickly netted green skin, deeply ribbed; green flesh.

EMERALD GEM—Delicious, early and prolific; a smooth ribbed skin emerald green; flesh salmon color.

FORDHOOK—Heavily netted and nicely ribbed; golden red flesh of exquisite flavour; prolific yielder.

IMPROVED JENNY LIND—Fine quality, rich and highly flavoured; an excellent keeper, bears freely.

IRONDEQUOIT—A very fine variety, suitable either for commercial purposes or private gardens; fruit medium, delicious flavour; flesh yellow when ripe.

MILLER'S CREAM—Nearly round, with dark green skin; thick, firm, fine, orange-colored flesh.

NETTED GEM OR ROCKY FORD—Light green flesh; melting and sweet; a hardy variety.

NUTMEG—Medium-sized Melon, delicious flavor; great favorite.

PAUL ROSE—Light green skin; flesh salmon; richly flavoured; moderately sized fruit.

SPICY CANTALOUPE—Very distinct in flavour and appearance; cream colored rind; flesh deep rich salmon; 8-10 ins. in length.

Preserving Melons Per oz., 9d.; per packet, 6d

CITRON—A round variety, with red seeds.

LONG GREEN—Excellent for jam making.

FROSTED OR SNOW—A small fruited variety, round in shape; very choice.

Cassaba Melons Per packet, 6d.

CULTURE—Same as Rock Melons.

This Melon can be classed as a Rock Melon, but the fruit is somewhat distinct in appearance.

GOLDEN BEAUTY—Bright yellow with wrinkled skin; flesh white.

PINEAPPLE—Late ripening; very solid, heavy; deep green; white flesh.

HONEYDEW—Smooth skin; flesh light green; skin nearly white; creamy yellow when ripe.

Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach

Per packet, 6d.

A very productive little Melon; fruit about the size of an orange, and of delicate flavour when baked or boiled like vegetable marrow.

ONION

PRICES:

Price, per packet, 6d.; per oz., 1/- (except where otherwise stated).

For price of Onion Seed per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

For ordinary garden culture and to produce large bulbs, sow in rich, well-prepared soil, in the months of March or April, transplanting during the following July or August into drills two feet apart and ten inches in the drill. The young plants should be carefully raised from the beds, so that the fibrous roots may not be injured. The rows where the young Onions are to be planted should have the soil raised in small ridges about three or four inches above the rest of the bed. After the plants have taken firm hold of the ground, the ridges should be drawn away from the plants so as to leave the whole of the bulb exposed to the air, nothing but the fibrous roots left underground. This rule is very generally neglected, the consequence being thick-necked and imperfect, bad-keeping bulbs. For field Culture of Onions, see Page 30.

ANDERSON'S MARKET MODEL—Of remarkable size and quality; color brown. The bulbs are perfect in form, and very mild flavoured; large and early, and its keeping qualities are unequalled. Crop failed.

ANDERSON'S MAMMOTH SILVER KING—Skin a beautiful silver white; mild and pleasant flavour.

ANDERSON'S WHITE PICKLING ONION, "CHAMPION"—Small; mild flavour; very early; exceedingly suitable for pickling. Sow thickly.

SILVER SKIN—Excellent pickling variety; clean, silver skin.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—Excellent variety.



ONION: ODOURLESS

- | | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| BROWN SPANISH —A splendid variety, large and firm, largely grown for market; brown skin, and good keeper, solid. | Per oz. 1/- | Per pkt. -/6 |
| BROWN GLOBE —Like Brown Spanish, with all its good qualities; in shape more globular; a fine keeper; very solid. | 1/- | -/6 |
| HUNTER RIVER EARLY BROWN —A very early type of the Brown Spanish. | 3/- | -/6 |
| AILSA CRAIG —A very attractive-looking Onion, with pale brown skin; flavour is mild, and form globular. Splendid keeper and good exhibition variety. | 1/- | -/6 |
| JAMES' KEEPING —One of the best; keeps well; brown skin; resembles Brown Globe. | 1/- | -/6 |
| ODOURLESS —This variety has proved a great success in the home garden. | 4/- | 1/- |
| EXTRA EARLY YELLOW GLOBE —Very early, remarkable keeper; excellent domestic variety. | 1/- | -/6 |
| EXTRA EARLY FLAT RED —Very early; mild flavour; keeps well; moderate size. | 1/- | -/6 |
| GIANT ROCCA —A fine Onion, mild flavour. Large bulb; reddish yellow color. | 1/- | -/6 |
| WHITE PORTUGAL —Splendid keeper. | 1/- | -/6 |
| THE QUEEN —Silver skinned pickling variety; fine flavour; early; sow thickly. | 1/- | -/6 |
| EARLY BARLETTA —White skinned early variety; mild flavour. | 1/- | -/6 |

For New Postal Rates on Parcels our Customers are requested to turn to Inside Back Cover.

Pepper or Capsicum

Price per packet, 6d.

MILD VARIETIES

Neapolitan—One of the earliest large reds; very sweet and mild; excellent for salads and baking.

Ruby King—Handsome large scarlet fruits. Flesh is thick; sweet and mild; desirable for salads and stuffing.

Improved Bull-Nose—Large scarlet fruit, early; mild flavour.

Chinese Giant—Very ornamental; vivid scarlet.

Sweet Spanish—A useful type.

Golden Dawn—Very ornamental.

HOT VARIETIES

Bird's Eye—Highly prized for hot pickles; the peppers, when ripe, will keep a long time if stored dry.

Coral Gem Bouquet—Intensely hot. Plants covered with very small peppers.

Long Yellow Cayenne.

Long Red Cayenne.

Small Chilli.

Cherry.

Rosella

Per packet, 6d.

It is from the fleshy calyx of the handsome plant (*Hibiscus subdorrifa*) that the celebrated Queensland Rosella jam is made.

CULTURAL NOTES

This plant requires a hot climate and should be suitable for warm, sheltered situations near Sydney and on our coast. To get the plants early so that they have a long Summer and flower freely, they should be here raised in artificial heat in June or July, and kept in pots until towards the end of September, when the plants may be planted out in rows 4 or 5 feet apart.

Rhubarb

CRIMSON WINTER

GIANT.

Per packet, 6d.; per oz., 1/6

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow under shelter of a few leafless boughs and a manure mulch, in August or September. The young plants should be kept growing with frequent watering if the weather is very dry. Let the plants remain in the seed bed until Autumn, when they should be transferred to the permanent beds, made of the best soil, trenched 2 feet deep, and manured with half-decomposed stable manure. The plants should be 3 by 4 feet apart, and the whole bed dug and manured every year.

(For Roots of all varieties, see page 10)

Salsify

Per packet, 6d.

CULTURAL NOTES

This delicate vegetable thrives well in our climate. The roots are used like Carrots or Parsnips, and they can be cultivated exactly in the same manner—that is, in drills at similar distances and similar soil. Salsify is often called the "Vegetable Oyster."

Garden Peas

Postage extra, per packet, 3d.

CULTURAL NOTES

The best season for sowing for a large crop of Peas is May, June and July, but an early sowing may be made in March, and successive sowings during Winter and Spring. In fair seasons, by judicious selection of varieties, a constant succession may be kept up for nine months in warm localities. Peas like a strong loamy soil; if somewhat sandy the better. If the situation be a dry one, crops sown later than July will not yield a return unless ample moisture be forthcoming, either artificial or natural.

Early Varieties

AMERICAN WONDER —One foot. A very early and very dwarf Pea, and a wonderful bearer; pods well filled; of deep green color; and of superb flavour.	Per lb.	Per pkt.
	1/3	-/6
ENGLISH WONDER —Two feet. Very prolific variety; a few days later than American Wonder, and pods slightly larger.	1/3	-/6
GREENFEAST —A very prolific dwarf early variety; grown extensively for market purposes.	1/3	-/6
LITTLE MARVEL —One of the finest cropping Dwarf Peas; pods dark, and of medium size, well filled and of fine flavour; height 20 inches.	1/3	-/6
McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM —One and a-half feet. An excellent Pea, and one of the very best dwarfs; an abundant bearer; pods well filled; excellent flavour.	1/3	-/6
RICHARD SEDDON —One of the finest of the Dwarf Early Peas; large, well-filled pods. Height, 20 inches.	1/3	-/6
THE DAISY —Height, 12 to 18 inches. Covered with pods 5 inches in length; one of the best of its class.	1/3	-/6
WM. HURST —One and a-half feet. One of the very best dwarf marrow Peas grown; large, well-filled pods, of fine flavour.	1/3	-/6
WITHAM WONDER —Partaking somewhat of the nature of American Wonder; slightly taller in growth.	1/3	-/6

Medium Varieties

DWARF DEFIANCE —Two and a-half feet; heavy cropper; beautiful dark green pods, well filled.	1/-	-/6
DUKE OF ALBANY —Height, 3½ to 4 feet. A Pea of unusual merit; thrives well, early or late, and withstands the frost remarkably well, even in the coldest climate.	1/3	-/6
HOME DELIGHT —An entirely distinct Pea, classed as second early; strong and vigorous plant; grows about 2ft.; beautiful pods of light green color.	1/3	-/6
PEERLESS —Robust habit; large pointed, deep green pods. Height, 3 feet.	1/3	-/6
SENATOR —A heavy cropping Pea, and a great favourite; height 2½ feet.	1/3	-/6
STRATAGEM —Two-and-a-half to 3 feet. Fine dwarf wrinkled marrow; crops wonderfully; pods large and fine, deliciously flavoured.	1/-	-/6
TELEPHONE —Tall wrinkled marrow, with pods of 10 to 12 Peas; fine flavour; grows 4½ feet high. Very strong grower.	1/3	-/6
VEITCH'S PERFECTION —Two-and-a-half to 3 feet.. A somewhat more deliciously-flavoured Pea than Yorkshire Hero, and a little taller; not quite so hardy.	1/3	-/6
YORKSHIRE HERO —Two-and-a-half to 3 feet. The most highly esteemed wrinkled Pea grown. A wonderful cropper, with abundant well-filled pods; delicious flavour, and most vigorous growth.	1/-	-/6

Late Variety

PRIDE OF THE MARKET —Superior; grand show variety; very prolific.	1/3	-/6
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Sugar Peas

(EDIBLE PODDED)

TALL —The pods are cooked whole while young. It may be used in the same manner as the other varieties of garden Peas.	2/-	-/6
CULTURE —Same as the ordinary Peas.		

SPECIAL NOTE

For New Postal Rates on Peas, Beans, etc., in bulk, see Inside Back Cover.

Radish

6d. per packet.

For prices per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in light, rich, sandy soil every fortnight for succession; use a shaded border during Summer months, and mulching manure on the surface, and water freely. Sow in drills or broadcast.

LONG SCARLET—Splendid strain; bright colored; crisp and tender.

MIXED TURNIP—A mixture of red and white varieties in equal proportions.

RED TURNIP AND WHITE TURNIP.

CELESTIAL OR WHITE CHINESE—Large white sort.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—Red, tipped white.

WHITE ICICLE—Crisp, white variety.

Spinach

Per packet, 6d.

ROUND (Summer).	MONSTROUS VIROFLAY.
PRICKLY (Winter).	NEW ZEALAND.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in rows about 18 inches apart, and thin out to about 9 inches. Good, rich soil is necessary to produce a succulent growth. February and March are the best months for sowing, but where moisture is obtainable Spinach may be grown six months in the year.

Seakale

Per packet, 6d.; per oz., 1/6

For prices of Seakale Roots, see page 10.

Turnip

Per packet, 6d.

For prices per lb., see page 11.

CULTURAL NOTES

A good light soil suits Turnips best, but with fairly rich soil of any kind, and favourable weather, very fine crops are obtainable. Sow in February and March in drills 18 inches apart, and thin out to 6 or 8 inches.

Turnips may also be sown in November, and even earlier; but if dry weather sets in, only poor crops can be expected.

ANDERSON'S WHITE MODEL—Fine, clear, white skin, grand quality; perfect shape.

WHITE STONE—Pure, white flesh, oval shaped; excellent for market.

WHITE NEPAUL—Early short-topped, delicate, tender, snow-white, flat shape.

EARLY RED AMERICAN STONE—Flat shaped, but with a purple top.

GREEN-TOP STONE—A most esteemed variety.

PURPLE-TOP MUNICH—Extra early; fine flavour.

LONG WHITE—Suitable for hot districts.

ORANGE JELLY—Superior globular yellow-fleshed Turnip; flavour rich and excellent.

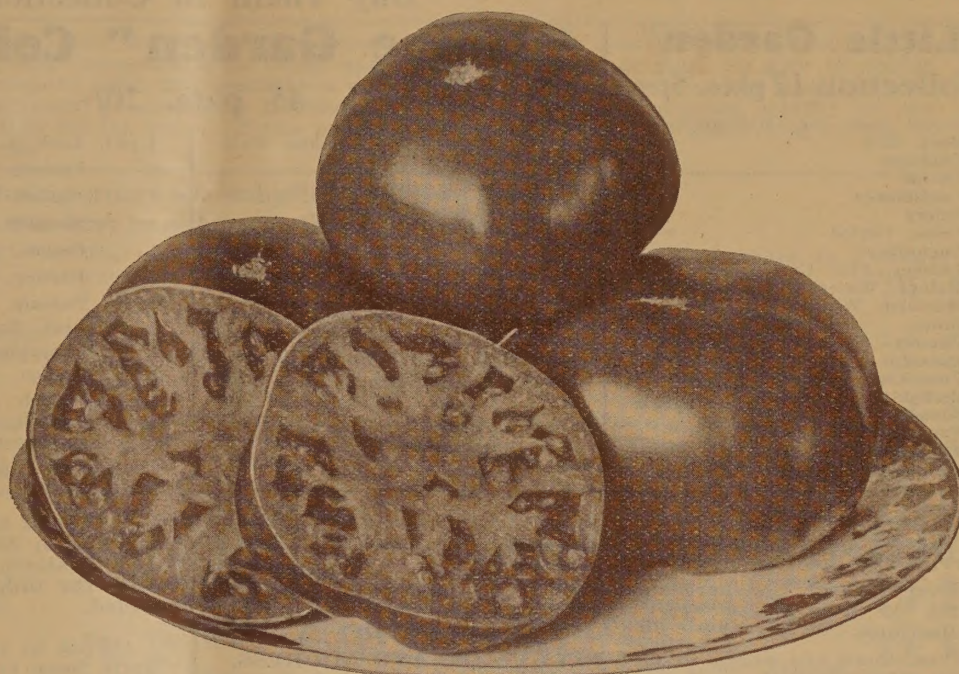
LAING'S GARDEN SWEDE—A favourite; for Autumn sowing.

ANDERSON'S IMPERIAL PURPLE-TOP SWEDE—An excellent Swede, highly suitable for garden cultivation.

Tomato

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow under glass in July and outside during September, October and November, plant out as soon as ready into good strong rich soil. Plenty of room and manure is all that is necessary to produce this favourite fruit-vegetable in abundance. We consider by far the best way to grow them is to plant in rows four feet apart each way, and grow them on stakes or a trellis five feet high, regularly pinching back all the laterals to the second joint, until the plants have reached the top of the stakes; top the main stem and continue to pinch back the laterals, and so remove all useless growth until the trellis or stakes are covered with fruit from top to bottom. Mulch plants well, and spray to keep down the caterpillars, and to control fungus diseases.



TOMATO: ANDERSON'S BEEFSTEAK

FOUR GOOD TOMATOES

ANDERSON'S "REPEATER"—A splendid early variety, very prolific bearer; medium sized fruit; has proved itself worthy of its name.

MARGLOBE—An outstanding variety. Will withstand unfavourable weather and is claimed to be wilt resistant. Fruit is large, well-rounded, scarlet-red. Second early.

MARVELOSA—A second-early, pink-fruited variety. Medium size. Makes medium to heavy growth.

SUNNYBROOK EARLIANA—An extra early Tomato of choice quality. The plants bear prolifically. The fruit fleshy and of excellent flavour, bright scarlet.

BEEFSTEAK—A Tomato of immense size; color rich red. Crops enormously.

BURWOOD PRIZE—One of the best market garden varieties; good yielder.

BONNY BEST—A selection from Chalk's Early Jewel; solid red fruit, in clusters of three to five; flattened and smooth.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—Large, extra early, heavy cropper; very robust and compact grower; uniform size; fruit bright scarlet; fine flavour.

CRIMSON CUSHION—Large; flesh very solid and of superb flavour.

DUKE OF YORK—Rich scarlet, smooth, round in shape, flesh very firm, fine flavour; ripens uniformly; fruit in clusters of sometimes eight and ten.

DWARF CHAMPION—Beautiful red; medium size, solid, prolific, excellent; self-supporting. On strong, upright stems.

DWARF GOLDEN CHAMPION—Similar in growth to the red.

GOLDEN TROPHY—Golden color, medium sized; delicate flavour.

GREATER BALTIMORE—An excellent main-crop variety. Good cropper. Recommended for canning purposes. Carries well.

JUNE PINK—Early pink-fruited Tomato. Flesh solid, fine texture.

KING HUMBERT—A nice red Tomato, resembling a huge oblong Plum.

MATCHLESS—Very large, of brightest cardinal red; flesh nearly solid; entirely without core; not liable to crack.

PONDEROSA—A splendid red variety of immense size; solid, fine, strongly-flavoured fruits, smooth; a great bearer.

PONDEROSA (Golden)—Large yellow-fruited variety; highly esteemed.

SPARK'S EARLIANA—This exceedingly early Tomato has a large fruit of bright red color, and is very solid.

STONE—Superior red Tomato; uniform size; large, handsome; fruit in clusters, smooth, solid, fine grained; splendid.

WALKER'S RECRUIT—Produces large bunches of medium-sized red fruit of disease-resisting variety.

We also supply the following well-known sorts—

YELLOW CHERRY, PEAR-SHAPED, RED CHERRY.

Per oz.	Per pkt.
4/-	-/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

3/6 -/6

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Squash

6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in August, September, October and November successively. Prepare the beds as for Pumpkins, including the manure and top dressing. The seeds, however, should be planted about 2 feet, and the rows about 4 feet apart for the bush kinds; running kinds at the same distance as Pumpkins. Squashes should be gathered for use while the faded bloom still adheres to the fruit. They should always be boiled whole, and be well drained before being placed on the table.

EARLY WHITE CUSTARD (Bush)—Wonderful bearer, delicate flavour, compact growth.

EARLY GOLDEN (Bush)—All the good qualities of the former, but yellow skin.

FORDHOOK (Bush)—Flesh dry and sweet; will keep if well ripened; rind yellow; flesh straw color; delightful flavour.

MONITOR (Trailing)—The fruit is long, skin a dark grey—the shape resembles a large cucumber—and when grown under favourable soil conditions is about 2 feet in length. The flesh is orange in color, and when baked it is delicious. Flesh dry and cooks beautifully.

CROOKNECK (Bush).

IMPROVED HUBBARD (Trailing)—One of the most reliable; very hard, green skin.

GOLDEN HUBBARD (Trailing)—Yellow skin.

BOSTON MARROW (Trailing).

All good serviceable varieties for table use.

Vegetable Marrow

6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

ANDERSON'S SELECT LONG EARLY WHITE—Abundant bearer, large fruited, running variety.

LONG-FRUITED BUSH (White)—Excellent quality and flavour, prolific, very early; plants do not run.

LONG-FRUITED BUSH (Green)—Of equal merit to white fruiting variety.

CUSTARD SHAPED—A bushy, compact grower; good flavour.

MOORE'S CREAM—A selected variety, productive; fruit of medium size.

Culture.—Cultivated and used in the same way as recommended for Squash.

Grow Anderson's Selected Vegetable Seeds

Buy Them In Collections.

"Little Garden" Collection 12 pkts. 5/-

Selected from the following:—

Beet, Red
Cabbage
Carrot
Cauliflower
Celery
Cress, Curled
Cucumber
Lettuce, Fine Curled
Melons, Water or Rock
Mustard, White
Onion
Parsley
Parsnip
Pumpkin, Best Table Sort
Radish, Long Scarlet
Squash
Tomato, Large Red
Turnip, sorts
Vegetable Marrow

"Home Garden" Collection 45 pkts. 20/-

1 pkt. Beans, Broad Long Pod,
or Windsor
2 " Beans, French sorts
1 " Beans, Butter
1 " Beans, Lima, Tall, or
Dwarf
2 " Beet, Turnip Rooted and
Long
2 " Cabbage, sorts
2 " Carrot, St. Valery and
Intermediate
1 " Cauliflower
1 " Celery, White
1 " Cress, Curled
2 " Cucumber, sorts
1 " Corn, Sweet or Table

1 pkt. Leek, London Flag
3 " Lettuce, Cabbage and Cos
4 " Melons, Water and Rock
1 " Mustard, White
2 " Onions, sorts
1 " Parsley, Triple Curled
2 " Parsnip, sorts
2 " Peas, Early and Late
2 " Pumpkin, sorts
2 " Radish, sorts
1 " Squash
3 " Tomato, sorts
3 " Turnip, sorts
1 " Vegetable Marrow

"Cottage Garden" Collection 22 pkts. 10/-

1 pkt. Beans, French or Kidney
1 " Beet, Red
2 " Cabbage, sorts
1 " Carrot
1 " Cauliflower
1 " Cress, Curled
1 " Celery
1 " Cucumber
1 " Lettuce, Fine Curled
2 " Melons, Water and Rock
1 " Mustard, White
1 " Onion
1 " Parsley
1 " Parsnip
1 " Peas
1 " Pumpkin, Best Table Sort
1 " Radish, Long Scarlet
1 " Tomato, Large Red
1 " Turnip
1 " Vegetable Marrow

As a convenience to our customers we select those varieties of Vegetables best suited to their particular districts. This service is a great saving of time and worry.

Every season an increasing number of customers from all parts of Australasia avail themselves of our well-known Collections.

Customers are asked to give **FULL NAME AND ADDRESS, AND POST TOWN.**

Should there be any variety of Vegetable Seed in either of these collections which the purchaser would wish to be omitted, please advise, and we will gladly make any alteration asked, except the sending of Peas or Beans for other items.

Either of the above Collections sent Post Free to any Postal address in New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria, Tasmania, New Zealand, and Fiji, at prices named, when cash is remitted with the order. To all country cheques 6d. exchange must be added.

Owing to the increased Parcel Post Rates, we have reluctantly been compelled to make a slight increase in the prices of the Collections to customers residing in South, West, North and Central Australia, Papua and New Guinea, as follows:— 5/- Collection, 5/-; 10/- Collection, 10/6; 20/- Collection, 22/-, Post Free, when cash is remitted with order. To all country cheques 6d. exchange must be added.

Culinary Plants, Roots and Bulbs

NOTE!—Postage extra on above Plants, Roots, and Bulbs.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

(For Culture see Page 1)

Can be supplied during June, July and August.

Colossal 10/-
Perfection }
Erfurt, Giant } per 100

ESCHALOTS

Price, 1/- per lb.

Used like Spring Onions in Salad, and sometimes for flavouring. The cloves must be divided and planted separately. Fresh manure should be avoided.

GLOBE ARTICHOKE

Can be supplied any time during the year.

Green and Purple. Plants,
per dozen 6/-

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE

Price 3d. per lb.

Special Prices for Large Quantities.

Can be supplied June, July and August.

HORSERADISH

Can be supplied any time during year.

Roots or Crown . . 3/6 per doz.

GARLIC

Price, 1/- per lb.

This bulb, which belongs to the Onion family, is used for flavouring soups, stews, etc.

CHOKOS

Price, 4d. ea.; postage, 9d. extra.

Can be supplied May to July. These are the best months to plant.

NOTE!—Postage extra on above Plants, Roots, and Bulbs.

RHUBARB ROOTS

Can be supplied from May to end of October.

Each. Doz.
Topps Crimson Winter, 9d. 7/6
Victorian Giant . . . 9d. 7/6
Sydney Market Variety 6d. 4/-
Sydney Crimson Variety 6d. 4/-

SEAKALE

Price, 6/- per doz.

Can be supplied any time during the Winter months. Plants two years old.

TREE OR TOP ONIONS

Price, 1/6 per lb. Postage extra.

Plant the sets or tops during the Autumn and Winter months; these will produce large bulbs at the base the first season. The large bulbs when planted produce the tops, which make excellent salad flavouring and pickle well.

POTATO ONIONS

Price, 1/- per lb.

Plant during Autumn; they yield good crops when Onions cannot be raised from seed, and come in at a time when Onions are scarce. The bulbs are produced like potatoes.

SWEET POTATO CUTTINGS

Price, 1/- per doz.; 7/- per 100.

We can supply from Nov. to Jan.

HERBS

Strong plants of the following can be supplied all the year round:—

Sage 6d. each
Thyme 6d. each
Marjoram 6d. each
Mint Roots, 4d. and 6d. per bundle.

Anderson's Clean Bird Seeds

Birds will naturally thrive when fed with selected seeds full of rich nutritive qualities. Singing birds will be kept in full song for greater periods; talkers will even talk more. The plumage of both talkers and singers will take on a gayer, brighter appearance. All this because the feeding of good seed keeps the birds in fine mettle. And when a bird is enjoying good health it will give of its best. Another point is the fact that good seed goes farther—the birds derive sufficient nourishment from a lesser quantity than they would from cheap inferior seed.

We exercise special care in the selection of our bird seeds. In our mixtures—both Song Bird and Parrot—none but clean and wholesome seeds are used. The Mixtures are proportionately balanced and the seed is machined-dressed at our Warehouse. Thus we have attained a position second-to-none, and an ever-increasing clientele of bird lovers who have proved that Anderson's Bird Seeds are the Best.

Parrot Food, 3lb. bags . . 1/-
Song Bird Mixture, 2lb. bags 1/-
Canary . . Price on application
Hemp, Rape 6d. per lb.
Maw 1/9 per lb.

Millet, White, French,
Common and Red 4d. per lb.
Flax or Linseed . . 6d. per lb.
Parrot Food . . . 4d. per lb.
Bird's Eye Chillies 2/6 per lb.
Pea Nuts 1/- per lb.

IMPORTANT NOTE

In conformity with a request by the Postal Authorities we would emphasise the importance of correctly addressing correspondence. The use of our box number facilitates prompt delivery and obviates the chance of letters going astray. We would ask our customers to address all their letters plainly, as follows:—

ANDERSON AND COMPANY LTD.,
Seedsman and Plant Merchants,
P.O. BOX 1608 BB, SYDNEY.

Prices to Market Gardeners

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—We believe that all Seeds, Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale, but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this, we give no undertaking that such Seeds, Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold, and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to their growth, description, quality or productiveness, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms, they are at once to be returned to us.

NOTE:—The following prices are subject to market fluctuation, but we will always do our best to adhere to them throughout the season.

Orders for half-pounds are supplied at POUND RATES.

See Special Note below re Postage.

BEET		Per ½ lb.	Per lb.	CUCUMBER		Per ½ lb.	Per lb.	ONION		Per ½ lb.	Per lb.	TURNIP		Per ½ lb.	Per lb.
Egyptian, Turnip				Long Green		3/6	10/-	Brown Spanish		3/3	10/-	White Nepal or			
Rooted		1/9	5/-	Long Green, Prickly		3/6	10/-	Brown Globe		3/3	10/-	Strap Leaf		1/3	3/6
Anderson's Ex. Early,				Long Green, Choice		7/6	25/-	Extra Early Flat Red		3/3	10/-	White Stone		1/3	3/6
Turnip Rooted . . .		1/9	5/-	Short Green		4/-	12/-	Mammoth Silver King		3/3	10/-	Red Top American			
Eclipse, Turnip Rooted		1/9	5/-	Commercial		4/-	12/-	Ely. Barletta (Pick-				Stone		1/3	3/6
Obelisk		1/9	5/-	Improved White Spine		4/-	12/-	ling)		3/3	10/-	Long White or			
Anderson's Long				Anderson's Market	Per oz.	2/6	—	Hunter River Early				Chinese		2/-	6/-
Blood Red		1/9	5/-	King, very fine . . .		2/6	—	Brown		10/-	35/-	Laing's Garden Swede		1/3	3/6
Detroit Improved,				Apple Shaped		1/6	4/6	Odourless		12/6	40/-	Anderson's Imp.			
Dark Red		1/9	5/-	HERBS		Per		PARSLEY				Purple-top Swede		1/-	2/6
Silver or Spinach . .		1/6	4/6	Sage	Per	oz.		Triple Curled		1/6	4/-	VEGETABLE MARROW			
CARROT				Thyme		1/6		PARSNIP				Long White Select . .		2/6	8/-
Long Red, No. 1 . . .		1/9	5/3	Marjoram, Sweet . .		3/6		Hollow Crown		1/3	3/6	Custard-shaped . . .		2/6	8/-
Intermediate, No. 2		1/9	5/3	KOHL RABI		Per		PEPPER OR CAPSICUM				Bush, Long Fruited			
Early Shorthorn,				Green	Per	½ lb.		Long Red				White		2/6	8/-
No. 3		1/9	5/3	Purple	Per	½ lb.		Long Yellow				Bush, Long Fruited			
St. Valery, Fine Long				LEEK				And other sorts . . .				Green		2/6	8/-
Red Variety		1/9	5/3	Anderson's Perfection		3/6	12/6	PUMPKIN		Per		PEAS AND BEANS In large quantities, are delivered free on rail or steamer, Sydney. Sacks or bags extra. PRICES ARE LIABLE TO FLUCTUATE. Quotations on application			
Manchester Table . .		1/9	5/3	London Flag		3/6	12/6	Crown	Per	½ lb.					
Red Cored Chantenay—				LETTUCE				Button	Per	lb.					
oz., 1/3; ½ lb., 3/-;				Mignonette				Ironbark		1/9	6/-				
1 lb., 10/-				Drumhead				Queensland Blue							
CABBAGE		Per	Per	Hanson				(Beauesert)		2/6	8/-	PEAS Greenfeast Yorkshire Hero . . . American Wonder . . English Wonder . . . McLean's Little Gem Stratagem Daisy Wm. Hurst Witham Wonder . . . Richard Seddon . . . And Others.			
St. John's Day, 3		3/6	10/-	Neapolitan				Turk's Cap		2/-	6/6				
months				Ohio				Triamble		2/6	8/-				
St. John's Day, An-				New York				Gramma, or Rio . .		2/6	8/6				
derson's Improved		3/6	10/-	Deacon				RADISH							
Succession (Hender-				Iceberg		3/6	10/-	Long Scarlet		1/3	3/6	BROAD BEANS Anderson's Giant Long Pod Broad Windsor . . . Early Long Pod . . .			
son's), 4 months		15/-	45/-	May King				Red Turnip		1/3	3/6				
Burpee's All Head				Mammoth Sala-				White Turnip		1/3	3/6				
Early (True)		6/6	20/-	mander				Mixed Turnip		1/3	3/6				
East Ham		3/6	10/-	White Cos				French Breakfast . .		1/3	3/6				
London Market . . .		3/6	10/-	Green Cos				Celestial		1/3	3/6				
Drumhead Early . . .		3/6	10/-	WATER MELON				RHUBARB				PEAS Greenfeast Yorkshire Hero . . . American Wonder . . English Wonder . . . McLean's Little Gem Stratagem Daisy Wm. Hurst Witham Wonder . . . Richard Seddon . . . And Others.			
Red Pickling		4/-	12/-	Cuban Queen				Giant		4/-	12/6				
Pe Tsai (Chinese				Mammoth Ironclad				Crimson Winter . .		4/-	12/6				
Cabbage)		3/6	10/-	Kolb's Gem				SPINACH							
SAVOY CABBAGE				Dixie				Prickly or Round . .		1/-	3/-				
Drumhead		3/6	10/-	Ice Cream				Montrous Viroflay . .		1/-	3/-	BROAD BEANS Anderson's Giant Long Pod Broad Windsor . . . Early Long Pod . . .			
Green Curled		3/6	10/-	Melver Sugar				Silver or Spinach							
CAULIFLOWER				Cole's Early				Beet		1/6	4/6				
Veitch's Autumn				Kleckley Sweets . . .		2/3	7/-	SQUASH							
Giant, 6 months		6/6	20/-	Sugar Stick				Early White Custard		2/6	8/-				
Early London, 3 to 4				Halbert Honey				Early Golden Bush		2/6	8/-				
months		8/6	30/-	Florida Favourite . .				Hubbard		2/6	8/-				
Large Asiatic, 4 to 5				Tom Watson				Boston Marrow . . .		2/6	8/-	DWARF FRENCH BEANS Canadian Wonder . . Burpee's Stringless . .			
months		8/6	30/-	Angelino				TOMATO		Per					
Early Eclipse		6/6	20/-	Chilian				Anderson's Repeater	Per	oz.	3/6				
Late Eclipse		7/6	25/-	Kleckley Sweets				Marglobe	Per	½ lb.	3/6				
Late Italian Giant . .		6/6	20/-	Improved				Duke of York		2/6	8/-				
Anderson's "White				ROCK OR MUSK MELON				Matchless		3/6	10/6	BUTTER OR WAXPOD BEANS Anderson's Startler Anderson's Wonder Black Wax			
Queen"		5/-	per oz.	Baltimore		3/-	10/-	Dwarf Champion . .		3/-	10/-				
CELERY		Per	Per	Paul Rose		3/-	10/-	Dwarf Champion,							
Coles' Crystal White		5/-	15/-	Nutmeg		3/-	10/-	Golden		3/6	10/6	RUNNER BEANS Scarlet Epicure Kentucky Wonder . . Snake or Chinese . .			
White Paschal		3/6	12/-	Early Hackensack . .		3/-	10/-	Ponderosa		3/6	10/6				
White Plume		5/-	15/-	Jenny Lind, Improved		3/-	10/-	Golden Trophy . . .		3/6	10/6				
CRESS				Netted Gem, or				Crimson Cushion . .		3/6	10/6				
Triple Curled		1/-	2/6	Rocky Ford		3/-	10/-	Earliana (Spark's) . .		3/6	10/6	LIMA BEANS Early Leviathan— Tall Burpee's Dwarf King of the Garden, Tall Henderson's Dwarf			
Water		2/-	oz.	Fordhook		3/-	10/-	Earliana (Sunny-							
SPECIAL NOTE! The above goods, except where quoted Postage Extra, are sent Post Free only to any Postal address in New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria, Tasmania, New Zealand and Fiji. Customers residing in South, West, North and Central Australia, Papua and New Guinea are requested to remit postage as per the New Postal Rates shown on Inside Back Cover.				Irondequoit		3/6	12/-	brook)		3/6	10/6				
				Honey Dew (Cassaba)		3/-	10/-	Burwood Prize . . .		3/6	10/6				
				PRESERVING MELON				Early Jewel (Chalk's)		3/6	10/6				
				Green Seed		1/9	5/-	Landreth's Earliest		3/6	10/6				
				Citron, Red Seed . .		2/-	6/-	Red Stone		3/6	10/6				
				MUSTARD				Beefsteak		3/6	10/6	Per pound. Postage Extra			
				Finest White		-7	1/6	Greater Baltimore . .		3/6	10/6				
				ADDRESS YOUR LETTERS PLAINLY—ANDERSON & CO. LTD., P.O. BOX 1608 BB, SYDNEY.—Page 11				June Pink		3/6	10/6				
								Bonny Best		3/6	10/6				
								(Special Quotations per lb.)							
								Marvelosa. Price on application.							



Antirrhinum or Snapdragon

This superb biennial has become quite a prominent gardening feature. It has always been highly esteemed as a bedding plant and borderer; but the beautiful range of colors now available has added considerably to its value for massing. We have included in our list a selection of choice colors that have been well tried. Sowings may be made at almost any time of the year.

Maximum Grandiflorum

Extra tall, large-flowered.

Height, 4 to 5 feet.

Per pkt., 6d.; 6 for 2/9; 12 for 5/,-, Post Free.

- A 2 Cattleya—A superb rosy lilac.
- A 3 Cerebus—Rose; yellow throat.
- A 4 Copper King—A deep bronzy-copper.
- A 5 Diamond—Golden yellow; lilac throat.
- A 6 Fire Flame—Dark purple and yellow.
- A 7 Gotelind—Light copper, old rose throat.
- A 8 Indian Summer—Rich velvety copper.
- A 9 Nymph—Rosy lilac, white tube.
- A10 Purple King—Deep purple.
- A11 Old Gold—A beautiful deep golden.
- A12 Ruby—Rich ruby red.
- A13 The Rose—Charming rose pink.
- A14 Snowflake—Pure white, yellow tube.
- A15 Torchlight—Carmine tinted orange.
- A16 Sunnybrook—Attractive blend of orange, yellow and salmon.

Majus Grandiflorum

Tall; large-flowered.

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

Per pkt., 6d. (except where otherwise priced); any six 6d. pkts. for 2/9; any twelve 6d. pkts. for 5/,-, Post Free.

- 53 Brilliant. Scarlet, golden and white. 3d. per pkt.
- A53 Cerise King—Cerise pink, white throat and white lip; flowers very large, borne on fine, long robust spikes.
- A54 Cottage Maid—Handsome; pale pink, white throat.
- 54 Delila. Carmine, white throat. 3d. per pkt.
- A55 Feltham Beauty—Blooms enormous; deep rose pink, with white centre. Spikes very long; strong grower.
- 55 Galathea. Very fine crimson. 3d. per pkt.
- A56 Ghestia—Deep crimson.
- A57 Harmony—Large and beautifully frilled flowers; color, rich terra-cotta orange; shaded with rose, and merging into golden yellow at the centre.
- 58 Queen Victoria—Pure white spike; very large. 3d. per pkt.
- A58 Maralda—Fine type of flower; color, coppery carmine.

MAJUS GRANDIFLORUM—(contd.)

- A59 Orange Beauty—Fine spikes, with very large flowers. Color, lovely orange scarlet, with gold lip.
- A65 Pink Beauty—A deep rose pink self, enormous spikes of flowers; individual blooms exceptionally large.
- A67 Pink Pearl—Ground color white; upper portion shaded peach blossom; the tip deeper shade.
- 59 Romeo—Deep rose. 3d. per pkt.
- A68 Rose Dore—Self salmon rose; shaded gold.
- A69 Rose King—A new and distinct shade; spikes of immense flowers of brilliant carmine rose, deepening towards centre; no white throat or lip.
- A70 Rose Pearl—Bright soft rose, white lip and throat, slightly tipped yellow.
- A71 Ruby Rose—Fine deep salmon rose.
- A72 Venus—Delicate pink; white throat.
- A73 Vermillion Brilliant—Fine orange scarlet.
- A74 Wallflower—Large flower, reddish brown.
- A75 Golden King—Yellow.

Nanum Grandiflorum

Semi-dwarf; large-flowered.

Height, 18 to 24 inches.

Per pkt., 6d.; 6 for 2/9; 12 for 5/,-, Post Free.

- A100 Apple Blossom—White throat, pink lip and standard.
- A101 Black Prince—Dark crimson flower; dark foliage.
- A102 Bronze King—Intense orange bronze.
- A103 Buff Queen—Rose canary lip; shaded orange.
- A104 Captivation—A charming rich chamois, shaded pink; very large flower, fine spike.
- A105 Canary Bird—Clear yellow.
- A106 Climax—A bedding variety of outstanding merit; large and beautifully formed flowers; rich orange, shading to gold in centre.
- A107 Delicata—Pink and white.
- A108 Empress—Strikingly large flowers of a rich velvety crimson; sturdy and compact habit.
- A109 Enchantress—Delightful pale flesh pink; flowers large; fine spikes.
- A110 Fascination—Pearly pink self.
- A111 Firebrand—Brilliant scarlet.
- A112 Fiery Belt—Vivid orange; white throat.

NANUM GRANDIFLORUM—(Contd.)

- A113 Flamingo—Flowers deep terra-cotta, with orange-yellow centre; and white throat.
- A114 Gloria—Flowers large, and of a rich deep rose, prettily fringed and cluster thickly on the spike.
- A115 Ivorine—Throws a very fine spike of large blooms. Color, ivory white.
- A116 Ladybird—Cherry pink and white.
- A117 Maize Queen—Salmon maize; yellow lip.
- A118 Nelrose—Rich coral pink.
- A119 Nobile—White, suffused purplish crimson.
- A120 Pink Gem—Clear rose pink.
- A121 Prima Donna—Rich terra-cotta pink.
- A122 Queen of the North—White.
- A123 Sybil Eckford—Apricot primrose.
- A124 Victory—Mammoth flowers, a rich terra-cotta orange, shading to yellow in centre.
- A125 Yellow Beauty—Fine, rich, golden yellow; very large flowers; large sturdy spikes of bloom.

Choice Mixtures

- 52 Anderson's Choice Mixed, Tall. Beauty of spikes unsurpassed. 3d. per pkt.
- 56 Picturatum. Showy, striped, and spotted. 3d. per pkt.
- 60 Grandiflora Striatum. Magnificent striped variety. 3d. per pkt.
- A60 Nanum Choice Mixed. 3d. per pkt.
- 61 Nanum Grandiflorum, Anderson's Extra Choice Mixed. Various colors, and very attractive. 6d. and 1/- pkt.
- A61 Nanum Grandiflorum, Anderson's Superb Mixed. 1/- per pkt.
- 62 Majus Grandiflorum, Anderson's Extra Choice Mixed. Containing all the newest tall varieties. 6d. and 1/- per pkt.
- 63 Nanum Grandiflorum, Art Shades. A mixture of the latest light shades. 6d. per pkt.
- 64 Nanum Grandiflorum, Tango or Sunset Shades. A mixture of choice tango-colored sorts. 6d. per pkt.
- A1 Maximum Grandiflorum, Anderson's Grand Mixed. For robustness of growth and brilliancy of coloring, this extra tall type holds its own. The large individual flowers are evenly spaced along the stalks. 1/- per pkt.

ANDERSON'S ASTERS

Sow from August to January.

CULTURAL NOTES

A charming family of half-hardy annuals, producing profusion of bloom in trusses of six or eight fine heads of beautiful colors, 3 to 4 inches across.

The popularity of the Aster is universal. These beautiful garden lovers' favourites are easily grown, and they respond royally to the reasonable amount of care they require. Good results should be obtained by following the brief notes given here.

The main essential is the right soil conditions. Light, sandy loam, not over-manured, suits them best. Asters will not do well in heavy soils. Also soil that becomes intensely hot during the Summer months is unsuitable. During the hot months a good plan is to mulch the plants with lawn grass cuttings. This has the effect of retaining moisture and keeping the soil cool.

Commonsense must be exercised in watering. Though liberal watering is needed, care must be taken not to water too much.

Early sowings may be made in August in a frame, preferably in seed boxes, and planted out towards the end of September. Outdoor sowings are not advisable until the frosts are over, as the seedlings are very tender. When planted in their permanent flowering quarters, protection is recommended from late frosts. Also guard against the heat of the sun, otherwise you will find your young plants scorched up.

When the seedlings are established, it is advisable to give a mulching of well-decayed cow or stable manure.

We recommend the following types for general effect and usefulness as cut flowers:—Rochester, Giant Crego and "Late American Beauty."

Rochester

Height, 2 feet.

This type of Aster has a wonderful reputation in America, and has become familiar to growers in New South Wales. The plants bloom early, and the flowers are very large and produced abundantly, and are very double. The long narrow petals fall over one another in a charming cascade of color, and cannot be equalled for richness of effect.

A176 White. A181 Crimson.
A177 Lavender. A182 Lavender Pink.
A178 Shell Pink. A183 Rose.
A179 Purple. A184 Cerise.

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; 6 pkts. for 5/-;
8 pkts. for 6/6. Post Free.

Late American Beauty

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

Tall branching type, very large flowers, magnificent late blooming sort. Flowers borne on long stems, incurved petals—freely produced.

A201 Azure Fairy. A205 Carmine Rose.
A202 Crimson. A206 Dark Violet.
A203 Purple. A207 Lavender.
A204 Peach Blossom. A208 White.
A209 Rose.

A210 September Beauty (Shell Pink).

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; 6 pkts. for 5/-;
10 varieties for 7/6.

Giant Crego

Height, 2 feet.

An American strain of branching type, producing very large flowers.

A237 Pink. A243 White.
A238 Purple. A244 Deep Rose.
A239 Azure Blue. A245 Lavender
A240 Lavender. Pink.
A241 Rose. A246 Cattleya
A242 Crimson. (Pale Rosy Lilac).

Each variety, 6d. pkt.; 6 pkts. for 2/6;
10 pkts. for 4/-. Post Free.

Californian Giant

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

A late giant flowering type, similar in some respects to Late American Beauty.

A261 Light Blue. A264 Pink.
A262 Rose. A265 White.
A263 Purple.

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; 5 pkts. for 4/-.
Post Free.

California Sunshine

Height, 2 to 2½ feet.

This strain, of the upright branching type, will become popular on account of its graceful appearance. The dainty flowers measure up to five inches in diameter. Each bloom has a clear quilled centre, surrounded by small white or yellow florets with an outer circle of loosely-curved, colored petals.

A276 Flesh. A279 Lavender.
A277 Pink. A280 Violet.
A278 Carmine. A281 White.

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; 6 pkts. for 5/-.
Post Free.

King Needled

Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

As the name implies, the petals of the flowers are of a fine needle-like appearance, which gives a soft effect to the blooms. Owing to the very narrow petals this class withstands wet weather.

A301 Blackish Blue. A304 Rose.
A303 Crimson. A306 Peach Pink

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; the set of four
for 3/6.

American Comet, Giant

Height, 2 feet.

An immensely popular class. Flowers large and double, produced freely on vigorous branching plants.

A321 White. A323 Lavender Pink.
A322 Rose. A324 Shell Pink.

Each variety, 1/- pkt.; 4 pkts. for 3/6.
Post Free.

Tasmanian Giant Branching

Height, 2 feet.

Many gardeners prefer the Tasmanian Branching Type. We offer the following range of colors of Tasmanian-saved seed:—

A341 Pink. A345 Crimson.
A342 White. A346 Light Blue.
A343 Flesh. A347 Dark Blue.
A344 Red.

Each variety, 6d. pkt.; or any 6 for 2/6.
Post Free.

"Heart of France"

A357

The best pure red Aster. Flower opens red, and deepens with age. The flowers full, and the plants of branching type. Price, 1/- per packet.

"Silvery Rose"

A358

A robust, long-stemmed, large-flowering variety. Every petal is a combination of deep lilac rose, almost cerise, very delicately threaded with white. Vigorous grower. Price, 1/- per packet.

"Aurora"

A359

This is a robust variety of Aster, averaging 2 feet in height. The flowers are striking, the centre being bright yellow with an outer circle of delicate blue.

Price, per packet, 1/-.

Choice Mixtures

A175 Rochester, choice-mixed. 1/- and 2/6 per pkt.

A200 Late American Beauty, choice-mixed. 1/- and 2/6 per pkt.

A235 Giant Crego, mixed. 6d. and 1/- per pkt.

A236 Giant Crego, striped mixed. 6d. per pkt.

A260 Californian Giant, choice-mixed. 1/- and 2/6 per pkt.

A275 California Sunshine, mixed. 1/- per pkt.

A300 King, Needled, mixed. 1/- and 2/6 per pkt.

A320 American Comet Giant, mixed, 1/- and 2/6 per pkt.

A340 Tasmanian Giant Branching, mixed. 6d. per pkt.

A356 The "Monitor" or Satin.—A wonderful range of colors in this mixture. Of branching habit, beautiful large flowers, crested, frilled and twisted satin-like petals. Price, 1/- per pkt.

Miscellaneous Mixtures

3d. per pkt., or any 5 for 1/-.

82 Crown—Various colors; white centre.
89 Globe Flowered—Various colors, showy.

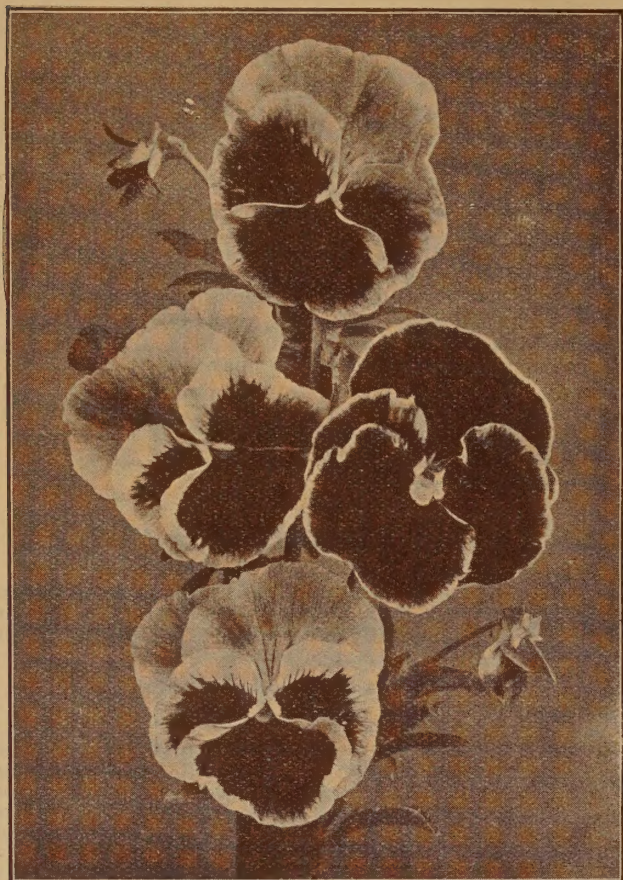
92 Mignon Mixed—Light blue, lilac rose.

97 Quilled Mixed—Striking colors.

98 Single Marguerite—Valuable for cutting.

103 Semple's Branching—Late flowering, tall growing; double, mixed colors.

108 Invincible—Branching, mixed; large flowers. A particularly fine strain; free flowering.



ANDERSON'S PANSIES

Sow during late Summer and Autumn for best results.

These beautiful flowers are favourites with all; they are so easily grown, and bloom for so many months, that they find a place in nearly every garden. Our Pansies have carried off prizes offered by a great many Horticultural Societies, and we have received a large number of testimonials as to their excellence. Should be sown in boxes or in the canvas frame in Autumn and transplanted to the flower garden. They love rich sandy soil, and old cow manure is the best fertiliser. Liquid manure during blooming season will greatly assist the size of the flowers.

Anderson's Special Pansies

- 861 Anderson's "Gold Medal."**—A really superb strain that excels any other selection offered by us. The colors are very rich and the blotches and eyes clearly defined. 5/- per packet.
- 862 "Bath's Empress."**—One of the best English strains of Pansy; essentially a show variety. The glorious colors and markings exhibited in the flowers are exquisite, and the quality of the blooms is of the very richest. 2/6 per packet.
- 863 Anderson's "Special Exhibition."**—A mixture of the finest and most distinct types of Show Strains in cultivation. 2/6 per packet.

838 Anderson's Jewel. Charming strain, robust growth. Flowers large, curled, margined and blotched; magnificent colors and shades. 1/6 per packet.

839 Anderson's Large French Stained. A superb strain; colors are most beautiful, and include the grand shades of mahogany, crimson, yellow and blue. Fine form, markings and substance. 6d. and 1/- per packet.

840 Bugnot's Exhibition. A superb strain; flowers of fine substance, colorings and markings. 1/6 per pkt.

842 Couquette de Poissy. Beautiful mauve color, very effective. 6d. per packet.

843 Lord Beaconsfield (Giant). Deep purple violet, shaded white on upper petals. 6d. per packet.

844 Masterpiece. Petals curled on margins; most attractive shades of color; fine shape, and large. 1/- and 1/6 per packet.

845 Non Plus Ultra. Very attractive, vigorous plants; flowers of every shade of rich color. 6d. per packet.

846 Odier's Choicest Strain. Finely marked. 6d. per packet.

847 Orchid Flowered. Flowers of loveliest colors and shades. 6d. packet.

848 Peacock. Flowers of the most beautiful shades of blue and violet. 6d. per packet.

851 Striped. Distinct class containing varied markings; good colors and large, well-shaped blooms. 6d. pkt.

852 Trimardeau Giant. Very vigorous, compact habit; flowers rich, large. 6d. per packet.

854 First-class Assorted. Splendid large flowers; great variety of colors. 3d. per packet.

855 Anderson's Mammoth. A magnificent strain, showing some very attractive features; robust and hardy. 1/- per packet.

859 Eros. Deep velvety brown, with broad yellow margin. 6d. per pkt.

860 Splendour. Large blooms, with unique colorings, with very distinct appearance. 1/- per packet.

ANDERSON'S Bedding Pansies

6d. per pkt.; 6 pkts., 2/6; 12 pkts., 5/-

865 Yellow, with black eye.

866 Golden Yellow.

867 Lavender.

868 White, with black eye.

869 Snowflake, White.

870 Faust, or King of Blacks. Darkest.

872 Mercury. Velvety purple.

873 Indigo Blue. Very effective.

874 Bronze. Unique.

875 Adonis. Light sky blue.

876 Orange. Quite distinct.

877 Pure Dark Violet. Rich.

878 Violet, with white edge.

879 Anderson's Mixed Bedding.

Anderson's "Sunshine Collection"

This is a collection of nine excellent varieties, which will yield a grand display of floral splendour.

Anderson's Large French Stained. First-class Assorted. Giant Mammoth. Lord Beaconsfield. Masterpiece.	Non Plus Ultra. Odier's Choice Strain. Peacock. Trimardeau.
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Nine varieties, 1 pkt. of ea. 5/-, post free.

Anderson's Violas for Bedding

Each variety 6d. per pkt.; 6 pkts. 2/6; 8 pkts. 3/9

Sow in Autumn for best results.

Violas are most attractive for bedding in masses or for bordering.

871 Anderson's Choice Mixed.

871a "Blue Gem" (Jersey Gem). Deep violet blue.

871b Admiration—Dark blue.

871c Blue Perfection—Blue.

871d Firmament—Light blue.

871e Lutea—Yellow.

871f Mauve Queen—Mauve.

871g Papilio—Blue, white blotch.

871h Purple King—Purple.

871j White Perfection—White.

871k Lord Nelson. Deep blue.

871m Apricot. Apricot-yellow, tinged orange.

871n Papilio. Dark purple.



STOCKS

Sow Mid-summer to late Autumn. In cold districts may also sow early Spring.

IN the cool of the evening, the scent of Anderson's Stocks is delightful.

A quiet rest in home garden where these delightful flowers are growing affords an ideal form of relaxation after a tiring day. Stocks like a good, rich soil, and will succeed well if the season is favourable. Splendid flower spikes are produced by the Intermediate, Brompton, Perfection, Imperial, and Nice varieties. Stocks are liable to attacks of aphid, but one or two applications of Nicotine or Tobacco Extract will easily eradicate the pest.

Anderson's "Nice" Stocks Per packet 6d.

The suitability of this particular strain of Stocks has been extensively proved under all circumstances. Their floriferousness and large proportion of double flowers make them most popular. Best treated as annuals. Height, 2 to 2½ feet.

- 11201 Abundance. Fine shade of carmine rose; sturdy branching habit.
- 11202 Salmon Queen. Early flowering; salmon pink shade.
- 11211 Beauty of Nice. Large fragrant flowers; delicate shade, flesh pink.
- 11212 Bianca. White, very large and early.
- 11221 Queen Alexandria. Delicate rosy purple.
- 11231 Crimson King. Large flowered.
- 11241 Almond Blossom. Delicate shade.
- 11242 Soliel de Nice. Sulphur yellow.
- 11243 Pride of Keller. Beautiful dark purple.
- 11244 Violet de Parme. Blue mauve, sturdy habit.
- 11245 Belle de Naples. Mid-rose color.
- 11246 Cote d'Azur. Distinct, light purplish-blue.
- 11250 Aurora. Orange.

Collection of 13 Varieties of "Nice" Stocks for 5/-.

"Nice" Stocks Recent Introductions.

- 11247 Lloyd George. Deep red.
- 11248 Woodrow Wilson. Slatey blue.
- 11249 King Alphonse XIII. Yellow.
- 11252 Beauty of Cannes. Garnet brown.
- 11253 Fireglow. Bright red.
- 11255 Sunset. Deep salmon, almost brick red.

Each variety 1/- per packet, or one each of the above for 5/-.

Anderson's Stock Mixtures

The color-mixture of each group is of an even balance.

TEN WEEK.

- 1100 Large Flowered Dwarf, Mixed. Very showy, large flowers. 3d. and 6d. per packet.
- 1101 Giant Perfection. Beautiful double spikes. One of the best strains. 6d. and 1/- per packet.
- 1105 Perpetual Flowering. Hardy, constant bloomer; various colors. 6d. per packet.
- 1108 Wallflower Leaved, Choice mixed. 6d. per packet.
- 1112 Anderson's Special Strain. Large Flowering. 1/- packet.

BROMPTON.

- 1117 Mixed. 6d. per packet.

INTERMEDIATE.

- 1118 Finest Mixed. 6d. per packet.

"NICE," GIANT.

- 11251 Anderson's Special Mixture. Contains a mixture of all the "Nice" varieties. 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

GIANT IMPERIAL, EARLY.

- 11300 Anderson's Special Mixed. A perfect blend of all varieties of this meritorious class. 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

Early Giant Imperial Stocks

Large individual florets—up to two inches in diameter—nicely balanced on long flower stalks. The plants grow 24 to 30 inches in height, bloom early, and produce sweetly scented flowers—double to a large degree.

- 11301 Canary Yellow.
 - 11302 Dark Blue.
 - 11303 Fiery Blood-Red.
 - 11304 Lavender.
 - 11305 White.
- Each color 1/- per packet; the set of five, 4/-.
- Below are recent introductions of this class.
- 11405 Antique Copper—Rich hellebore red, overlaid with copper.
 - 11406 Elk's Pride — Royal purple.

- 11407 Golden Rose — Rich light-rose, enhanced by a pleasing golden effect in centre of each floret.

- 11408 Old Rose — Beautiful shade of old rose, previously lacking in this class.

Each variety 1/6 per packet; the set of four, 5/-; the two sets, 8/6, Post Free.

Giant Perfection Stocks

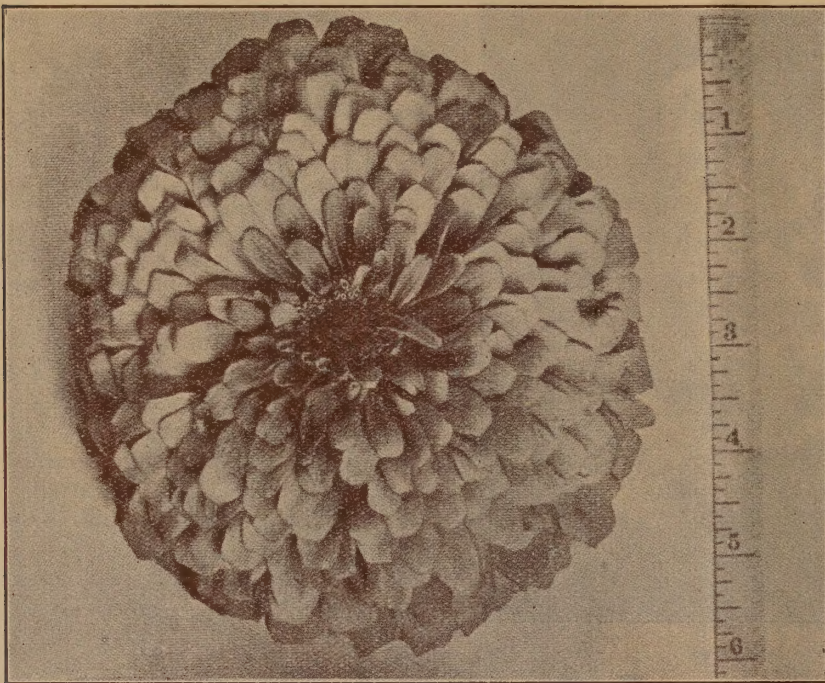
Growing to the height of twenty-four inches and of an exceedingly branching nature, this early and free-blooming ten week strain proves ideal for the garden. The blooms—high percentage double—are gracefully borne on long stalks so favoured by florists.

- 11275 Blood Red—Striking; displays well in floral decoration.
 - 11276 Canary Yellow—Blends nicely with blue and violet shades.
 - 11277 Flesh—Delicate; tones with stronger rose shades.
 - 11278 Pale Blue—Enrancing shade.
 - 11279 Pale Blush—Shadings of blush-pink.
 - 11280 Pale Violet—Soft shade of violet.
 - 11281 Rose—Beautiful rose-pink.
 - 11282 Rose, Shaded Terra-Cotta—Unique shade combination.
 - 11283 Silvery Lilac—The silver-like tinge to the lilac gives distinction.
 - 11284 Violet—Delightful appearance; large florets.
 - 11285 Glistening White—The purest of whites.
- Each variety 6d. per packet; 6 packets, 2/9; 11 packets, 4/-.

Brompton Stocks

- 1115 Scarlet. Very showy and distinct.
- 1116 White. Fine spikes of clear pure white.
- 1119 Empress Elizabeth. Large, rose-shaped flowers; lovely dark red; early; large percentage double.
- 1120 White Lady. Produces strikingly large double flowers of a lustrous snowy white; grows about 20 inches; handsome foliage.

Per packet, 6d.



ZINNIA: GIANT MAMMOTH

The Evolution of the Zinnia

The first Zinnias were introduced in 1860 in the form of a small daisy-like flower, which originated in Mexico. For several years they remained in the background, and were then developed by John Bodger, of California. From the Giant Robusta strain the popular Dahlia-flowered type were evolved. The first Dahlia-flowered Zinnia was red in color. From this the present remarkable line of Dahlia-flowered Zinnias was started. A strain embracing many shades of distinct colorings.

Zinnias are strikingly beautiful. The plants are sturdy, reaching a height of from two to four feet. During the heat of summer they flower profusely. For cut flower purposes the flowers are excellent. The plants are relatively free from disease, and are practically immune from attacks by fungal and insect pests. They are splendid subjects for mixed borders or bedding purposes.

Zinnias are not over-fastidious as to soil. They require little care in the matter of cultivation. When planting out the seedlings, allow approximately two feet either way for the plant to fully develop. All Zinnia seed offered by us is a direct importation of Bodger's noted Californian strain. You can, therefore, rely upon getting the best that money can buy.

GIANT Dahlia - Flowered

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1226 Exquisite—Rose. | 1234 Dream—Lavender. |
| 1227 Golden State—Orange. | 1235 Polar Bear—White. |
| 1228 Illuminator—Deep Rose. | 1236 Buttercup—Creamy yellow. |
| 1229 Crimson Monarch—Crimson. | 1237 Canary Bird—Primrose. |
| 1230 Scarlet Flame—Scarlet. | 1238 Lemon Beauty—Lemon on Brown |
| 1231 Meteor—Glowing Red. | 1239 Purple Prince. |
| 1232 Old Rose. | 1240 Youth—Light rose. |
| 1233 Oriole—Orange and gold. | 1241 Golden Dawn—Golden yellow. |
- Each variety, 9d. per pkt.; 6 pkts. for 4/3; 12 pkts. for 8/-; or the full collection of 14 sorts for 9/-.
- 1225 Anderson's Choice Mixed, 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

GIANT Mammoth

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

The Giant Mammoth Zinnia presents a very pleasing appearance; it possesses smaller centres and more loosely placed petals than the old Giant type. The petals are imbricated, and the flower assumes a succession of graceful shapes from bud to bloom. The following eight varieties are offered by us, and should merit the attention of all gardening enthusiasts.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1261 Cerise Queen—Color, cerise rose. | 1265 Orange King—Brilliant orange |
| 1262 Enchantress—Rose. | 1266 Orange Queen—Golden yellow. |
| 1263 Lemon Queen—Lemon orange. | 1267 Rose Queen—Bright rose. |
| 1264 Miss Wilcott—Soft pink. | 1268 Scarlet Gem—Glowing scarlet. |

Price, per packet, 1/-.

Four for 3/6, or the set of eight for 7/-.

1260 Anderson's Grand Mixture of above, 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

ZINNIAS

Sow from August to January.

GRANDIFLORA Robusta Plenissima

Height, 2½ to 3 feet.

This type of Zinnia has become a wonderful favourite with gardeners.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1196 Crimson. | 1202 Flesh Colour. |
| 1197 Cardinal Red. | 1203 Scarlet. |
| 1198 Sulphur Yellow. | 1204 Apricot Buff. |
| 1199 Purple. | 1205 Deep Rose. |
| 1200 White. | 1206 Salmon. |
| 1201 Golden Yellow. | 1207 Burnt Orange. |

Each variety, 6d. per pkt.; 3 pkts. for 1/6; 6 for 2/9; 8 for 3/6; 12 for 5/-.

1195 Mixed Seed, 6d. and 1/- pkt.

GIANT PICOTEE

Height, 2 feet.

1194 Double Giant. A very fine strain of this hardy Summer annual. The color is remarkably clear, each petal being distinctly tipped with well-defined markings. Price, 1/- per packet.



ZINNIA: LILLIPUT.

LILLIPUT (Double)

Height, 12 to 18 inches.

This charming class of Zinnia is admirably suited for growing along the edges of flower borders, or for massing in beds. The growth is compact, and by planting beds of self colors, some striking effects can be obtained.

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1181 Scarlet Gem. | 1184 Golden Gem. |
| 1182 Canary. | 1185 Dark Crimson. |
| 1183 Salmon Rose. | 1186 White Gem. |

Separate Colors, 6d. per pkt. Six packets for 2/6, post free.
1180 Mixed Seed, 6d. per packet.

MISCELLANEOUS MIXTURES

- 1174 Grandiflora Plenissima. Mixed. The flowers are very fine, sometimes six inches across; colors intense. 3d. per packet.
- 1176 Elegans Curled and Crested. Mixed. Flowers beautifully twisted and curled, giving a most attractive appearance. 3d. per packet.
- 1177 Elegans Double Striped or Zebra. Flowers distinctly striped; 18 inches. 3d. per packet.
- 1179 Elegans Tom Thumb Double. Various brilliant colors; very dwarf; only six inches. 3d. per packet.



CALENDULA: RADIO.

CALENDULAS

Sow in Autumn or Spring. Height, 18 inches.

Great strides have taken place in the development of the Calendula during the past five years. The double type of Calendula have been much improved both in size and fullness of flowers. These types are now far in advance of the old single and semi-double varieties, they make a wonderful display in the garden and are a considerable acquisition as cut flowers.

- 148 Campfire.** The plants are of strong sturdy growth and large even petals; flowers are borne on long, stout stems; the color is brilliant orange with a scarlet sheen, and yellow centre. The blooms are larger and more flat than those of any variety previously introduced. Price, per packet, 9d.
- 149 Lemon Queen.** Sunflower yellow. 9d. per packet.
- 150 Meteor.** Double, golden colored, striped. 3d. per packet.
- 151 Prince of Orange.** Double, rich, orange striped. 3d. per packet.
- 151a Radio** The flowers are intense orange in color and are borne on stems of medium length. The petals are curled, giving the flowers a distinct and exquisite appearance. Price, per packet, 1/-.
- 152 The Ball.** The flowers are long-stemmed, very large, uniformly double, and, in color, a charming orange with a light centre. This variety is excellent for garden-bedding and ideal as a cut-flower. 6d. per packet.
- 153 Orange King.** Produces large dark-centred, double flowers—up to 3½ inches in diameter—of an intense deep orange-red, suitable for cutting. 6d. per packet.

ANDERSON'S DELPHINIUMS

Perennial Larkspurs

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

- 397 Hollyhock Strain.** This strain is a fine mixture of all light shades, pale, clear blue predominating. The flowers are large, truly double, well-placed on long, pyramidal spikes, the sturdy growth and general appearance reminding one of a Hollyhock. Price, per packet, 2/6.
- 399 "Gold Medal" Strain**—A great improvement on the old familiar type of Delphinium. "Gold Medal" Strain contains the following colors: Light blue, deep blue, mid blue, and unique pastel shades. Mixed seed, per packet, 1/6 and 2/6.
- 400 "Nottage's" Early Flowering.** This early flowering type will give beautiful spikes of bloom in from six to seven months from the time of sowing the seed. Many of the plants will give a second crop of flowers within twelve months. The color range includes all the latest shades and tints of blue. Can be successfully grown as an Annual. Price, per packet, 1/- and 2/6.
- 401 Formosum.** Graceful, lovely blue flowers. 6d. per packet.
- 402 Hybrids.** Mixed. Choice selection, best varieties; flower spikes 2 to 3 feet in length. Australian-saved Seed, 6d., 1/- and 2/6 per packet.
- 403 Nudicaule.** Bright scarlet; dwarf, compact. 6d. per packet.
- 407 Cardinal.** Vivid scarlet. Height, 2½ feet. 6d. per packet.
- 407a Belladonna Improved**—A greatly improved variety of the old Belladonna type. The individual florets are larger and of brighter blue. It excels for continuous blooming. Price, per packet, 1/6 and 2/6.
- 409 Belladonna.** Very superior; long spikes; azure blue. 1/- per packet.
- 409a Bellamosa.** Dark blue, 1/- per pkt.

BUTTERFLY TYPE

Dwarf-growing Variety.

Butterfly Delphiniums are particularly worth-while growing. The colors are good and the flowers are borne in the form of artistic sprays, which are admirably suited for decorative purposes.

- 404 Azure Blue.** 6d. per packet.
- 405 Dark Blue.** 6d. per packet.
- 406 White.** 6d. per packet.
- 408 Mixed.** 6d. per packet.

OUR MONTHLY MONITOR—containing notes on gardening—will be posted free to you each month on receipt of your name and address.



DELPHINIUMS: Grown from our Seed.

ICELAND POPPIES

Sow from Mid-Summer to late Autumn. Height, 18 to 24 inches.

907 ANDERSON'S SPECIAL STRAIN (Australian Raised)—The plants of this re-selected strain are robust, and produce freely, on extra long stems, large flowers—a very high percentage of which are brilliant orange shades. Price, per packet, 1/-.

908 "COONARA PINKS" (Australian Raised)—Undoubtedly one of the finest novelties ever raised in Australia, and a handsome addition to the flower garden. A combination of pink and salmon shades, quite original in its delicacy. The variety of tones is very wide and extremely dainty and perfect. The flowers are borne in great profusion on substantial long stems, making them specially desirable for cutting. This strain has been carefully built up to its present perfection after several years of rigid selection. The colors are now fixed. Price, per packet, 1/-.

909 BAKER'S "SUNBEAM."—The original strain. A race of Perennial Poppies resembling the well-known Iceland Poppy; but in length of stem, size of flower and robust habit they are so far in advance as to justify being considered as a new and distinct type. Ideal plants for border and bedding purposes. Price, per packet, 1/-.

910 IMPROVED "SUNBEAM."—The flowers of this strain include many new art tints, such as Maize, Cream and Rose tones. The flowers are large, and borne on long, stout stems, usual with the Sunbeam type. Price, per pkt., 1/6.

911 "GIRRAHWEEN."—A selection from the Iceland Poppy. The range of colors includes many new shades. Beautiful flowers with long stems. Price, per packet, 1/-.

912 "MAY FARM."—A special long-stemmed strain of Poppy, producing large flowers. Price, per packet, 1/-.

894 NUDICAULE (Mixed).—Contains all shades of the "Iceland Poppy." Price, per packet, 3d. and 6d.

OTHER POPPIES

Sow Autumn and Spring.

880 Glaucum (Tulip Poppy). Dwarf, vivid scarlet. Very charming, free blooming. 3d. per pkt.

881 Danebrog (Danish Flag). Bright scarlet, blotched silvery white. 3d. per pkt.

882 The Shirley. Single and semi-double, charming shades of pink, rose-margined and veined. 3d. per pkt.

882a Queen Shirley. Charming colors of flesh, salmon, orange and various shades of rose and carmine; double. 6d. per pkt.

883 Snowdrift. Flowers are a glistening white mass; 3 feet. 3d. per pkt.

884 Umbrosum. Deep crimson, black spot at base of petal. 18 inches. 3d. per pkt.

885 The Bride. Pure white, large size. 3d. per pkt.

886 Miss Sherwood. Single flowers of shiny, satiny white. 6d. per pkt.

887 Alpinum. Mixed. 6d. per pkt.

889 Cardinal Nanum. 18 inches; large double scarlet flowers. 6d. per pkt.

895 Oriental. Dark scarlet, peculiarly blotched with black; perennial. 6d. per pkt.

896 Mikado. Double, pure white and scarlet. 3d. per pkt.

897 Ranunculus Flowered. Mixed. Beautiful double, various. 3d. pkt.

899 Double French. Mixed. Exceedingly showy. 3d. per pkt.

900 The Admiral. Large, white flowers, with band of brilliant scarlet. 6d. per pkt.

904 Hansa. Pure white ground, finely fringed crimson edge. 6d. per pkt.

906 Pilosum. Perennial. Fine large buff yellow flower. 3d. per pkt.

LARKSPURS

Annual Delphiniums

Price, per packet, 3d.
Sow Autumn.

One of the most valuable of our hardy annuals, producing flower spikes 6 or 8 inches in length; produces flowers of beautiful colors, graceful foliage.

570 DWARF ROCKET. Double, mixed. 12 inches.

573 RANUNCULUS FLOWERED. Mixed. 18 inches.

574 GIANT HYACINTH FLOWERED. Mixed. 2 feet. Spikes of beautiful shades.

STOCK-FLOWERED LARKSPURS

The following **DOUBLE-FLOWERING LARKSPURS** should prove very effective for bedding. Height, 3 feet:—

582e LA FRANCE. Of outstanding merit, belonging to the tall stock-flowered branching type, has proved popular on account of the striking color—a pleasing Salmon Pink—of the well-formed double flowers. Price, per packet, 9d.

582f EXQUISITE PINK IMPROVED. The flowers are an exquisite pink, arrayed on long graceful stems; this acquisition (which has taken eight years' effort to perfect) is most valuable for cutting. Price, per packet, 9d.

582g LOS ANGELES (Novelty 1930). The foliage is of an intense green, thus affording the flowers more prominence. The color is a rich salmon ground overlaid with a brilliant and pleasing rose. Price, per packet, 9d.

One packet of each of the above for 2/-, Post Free.

574a Mixed.
575 True Blue.
576 Lilac.
578 Purple.
579 Sky Blue.
580 Scarlet.

582 Bright Pink.
582a Carmine.
582b White.
582c Old Rose.
582d Exquisite (Pink).

Each color, 6d. per packet; 6 packets, 2/6; 10 packets, 4/-, post free.

(See Novelty Section for New Larkspurs, page 33)

LUPINS

Price, per packet, 6d. Except where otherwise priced.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

The flowers are most attractive; all hardy annuals.

689 HARTWEGII, ROYAL BLUE. A deep rich color.

690 HARTWEGII, AZURE BLUE. A nice bright color.

691 HARTWEGII, ROSEUS. Light rosy red.

692 HARTWEGII, ALBA. Pure white.

693 YELLOW. Delightful fragrance.

694 HARTWEGII, SUPERB MIXED. Handsome tall spikes of flowers; effective and showy. Height, 3 feet.

694a MIXED. 3d. per packet.

695 DUNNETTI SUPERBUS, Purple, Yellow, White.

696 CRUICKSHANKII BLUE. Fine variety; 2 feet.

697 NANUS. Pretty dwarf; blue; 6 to 9 inches.

701 POLYPHYLLUS HYBRIDS MIXED. Perennial strain, producing superb spikes of flowers.

702 PINK PEARL. A bushy growing type, free-flowering, constant and good bloomer.

703 BLUE PEARL. Charming companion flower to Pink Pearl.

703a WHITE PEARL. This variety completes the trio of this attractive type.

704 BLUE HYBRIDS. This Australian Hybrid Lupin carries beautiful spikes of flowers; height, 4 feet.

705 HYBRIDUS ATROCOCINEUS. Red, white-tipped flowers.

705a HYBRIDUS ROSEUS. Clear pink.

ABRONIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring and Autumn.

Trailing plant, suitable for rockery; waxy Verbena-like flowers, scented; hardy annual. 8 inches.

1 Umbellata. Rosy-lilac, fragrant.

ACROCLINIUM

3d. per packet.

Sow Autumn or Spring.

Beautiful everlasting; can be dried for winter bouquets; hardy annual. 12 inches.

5 Album, Single. Graceful, white, yellow centre.

6 Roseum, Single. Rose dark eye.

7 Roseum, Double. Pretty bright rose, with yellow centre.

8 Mixed, all colours.

ADONIS

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring, 12 inches.

10 Vernalis. Perennial; star-shaped yellow flowers.

11 Aestivalis (Flos Adonis). Annual. Crimson scarlet. Free flowering; feathery foliage; very showy.

AGATHEA

Blue Marguerite

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Showy perennial border plant. Height, 18 inches. Likes sunny situation.

11a Coelestis. Blue, yellow centre.

AGERATUM

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

12 Imperial Dwarf. Blue.

13 Tall. Blue.

ALYSSUM

3d. per packet. Sow Autumn or Spring.

16 Carpet of Snow. Very dwarf, 2 to 3 inches; pure white.

17 Maritimum (Sweet Alyssum). Hardy annual; small truss of white flowers in great profusion; cutting down after flowering promotes new growth.

18 Maritimum Compactum (Little Gem). Very dwarf, erect variety.

19 Saxatile. Dwarf, showy, hardy perennial; yellow flowers; leaves hoary margined.

20 Lilac Queen. Pure lilac, dwarf.

AMARANTHUS

3d. per packet.

Sow during September, October, November, December.

Magnificent foliage plants, with gorgeous leaves of crimson and gold, green and yellow; colours deeper in the Autumn. They are beautiful border plants, requiring plenty of room, good soil, and a warm position. Salicifolius is perhaps the best—a most lovely variety—but Tricolour is also a gem. Both are grown for their beautiful coloured leaves. They are hardy annuals.

22 Salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Crimson and yellow plume. 4 to 5 feet.

23 Tricolour (Joseph's Coat). Leaves red, yellow and green. 3 to 5 feet.

24 Henderii. Leaves carmine, orange yellow and green. 4 feet.

25 Firebrand. Large leaves, deep blood-red, bright yellow edges. 6 feet.

27 Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding). Racemes of drooping purplish crimson flowers. 3 feet.

This variety is quite distinct from the other "Amaranthus," and is not a foliage plant.

28 Tricolor Aurora. Foliage red, yellow and green; brilliant carmine head. 6d. per packet.

29 Choice Mixed. A selection of the best varieties. 1/- per packet.

ANAGALLIS

Pimpernel

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

A pretty dwarf-growing annual, constant bloomer, and very compact habit.

35 Grandiflora. Choice mixed.

ANCHUSA

Cape Forget-Me-Not.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Free flowering; excellent for bouquet; like a strong-growing Forget-me-not.

41 Capensis. Biennial, height 2 feet. Bright azure blue.

42 Italica, Lissadell. Perennial, height 4 to 5 feet. Clear gentian blue.

43 Blue Bird. Annual, height 18 inches. Indigo blue.

ANEMONE

6d. per packet.

Sow early in Autumn.

Tuberous-rooted plants, easily produced from seed; magnificent colours; blooms early in Spring, when flowers are scarce. Requires good, rich, well-drained light soil.

46 Coronaria. Mixed colors. 12in.

47 St. Brigid. The Irish Poppy-flowered Anemone. Large, single and semi-double flowers of an endless variety of color.

See Bulb List for Tubers of Anemones.

ANGELONIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

A handsome, upright-growing plant, producing numerous spikes covered with pure white flowers; blooms freely during the Autumn; can also be grown as a pot plant.

50 Grandiflora Alba.

ANTHEMIS

6d. per packet.

A beautiful flower, of single Chrysanthemum type. Colour, brilliant golden orange yellow; excellent border plant.

51 Kelwayii.

ANTIRRHINUM

See Page 12.

AQUILEGIA

Columbine

6d. per packet. Except otherwise priced.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Very showy, hardy, herbaceous perennials; make handsome border plants; easily grown, requiring a light soil. 18 to 24 inches.

67 Coerulea Hybrida Grandiflora. Mixed. Single long-spurred varieties.

68 Chrysantha Grandiflora Alba (White Spurred). Snow-white flowers of elegant shape.

69 Blue Shades. Long-spurred, large flowers.

69a Orange Shades. Long-spurred, large flowers.

70 Pink Shades. Long-spurred, large flowers.

71 Mixed. Finest sorts; various colors. 3d. per packet.

73 Rose Queen. Long-spurred, single, rose-colored, white centre, yellow anthers.

74 Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain. A magnificent strain of single flowers, unexcelled. 1/- per packet.

75 Red Spurs. Long-spurred, large yellow flowers, red spurs.

75a Copper Queen. Unique strain.

ARABIS

Rock Cress

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

For borders or rock work, blooming freely; hardy perennial; 6 inches.

76 Alpina. White, very dwarf.

ARCTOTIS

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

78 Grandis. Flowers single; white with pale violet centre.

ASTER

See Page 13.

AUBRETIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

Hardy perennial, suitable for edgings and borders.

109 Leichtlini. Luminous carmine rose.

AURICULA

1/- per packet.

Hardy perennial; suitable for the cooler districts.

112 Choice Mixed. Various colors; best sorts. 6 inches.

BALSAM

6d. per packet. Except otherwise priced.

Sow in Spring and Summer.

A favourite annual, producing rose-like blooms of various colours in great abundance. Suitable for outside cultivation and for pots. Balsams require rich soil and plenty of moisture.

114 Carnation. Striped and flaked; attractive.

115 Solferino. Streaked and spotted; distinct.

116 Camellia Flowered. Choice mixed.

117 Camellia Flowered Alba Perfecta. White; double.

118 Camellia Flowered, Prince Bismarck. Double, brilliant salmon rose; very free.

118a Camellia Flowered "Primrose." Extra double, compact. 2 inches across.

119 Choice Mixed. 3d. per packet.

BEGONIA

Tuberous Rooted.

Sow in Spring.

These charming plants require great care in raising from seed, which is very small, and must be sown in light soil in a frame or greenhouse, and afterwards grown in pots. Foliage very handsome; graceful, drooping flowers; most attractive tender perennials. 18 inches.

124 Single. Charming colors. 1/- pkt.

125 Double. Beautiful shades. 2/6 pkt.

BEDDING OR FIBROUS ROOTED.

Sow Spring and Summer.

Dwarf growing perennials for bedding and edging. The flowers and foliage make a good display. Height, 9 to 12 inches.

127 Semperflorens, Mixed. Deep green shining foliage and profusion of flowers. 6d. per packet.

128 Prima Donna. Clear rose, light leaf. 1/- per packet.

128a Gracilis Luminosa. Scarlet, bronze leaves. 1/- per packet.

128b Fireball. Orange, green foliage. 1/- per packet.

128c Salmon Queen. Salmon, dark leaf. 1/- per packet.

128d Queen of the Border. Carmine, green leaf. 1/- per packet.

128e Broadcast Radio. Vivid scarlet carmine. 1/- per packet.

BORONIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

129 Megastigma. Sweetly-scented.

BRACHYCOME

Swan River Daisy.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Hardy annual, compact, stands dry weather; flowers daisy-like; produced in great profusion; prefers rich, light loam. 9 inches.

130 Iberidifolia. Bright blue flowers.

131 Iberidifolia Alba. Pure white flowers.

BRAZILIAN GLORY PEA

(See Sesbania, page 28)

BROWALLIA

6d. per packet.

Sow early in Spring.

Pretty hardy annuals covering themselves with bloom; nice border plants; do best in rich light loam. 15 inches.

133 Alata Coerulea. Large bright blue.

134 Alba. White; very pretty variety.

136 Speciosa Major. Large blue flowers.

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

CALANDRINIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

Dwarf, free flowering, showy annual; adapts itself to almost any soil; an abundant bloomer. 12 inches.

138 Discolour. Pretty rose lilac.

139 Umbellata. Beautiful magenta crimson.

CALCEOLARIA

Sow Autumn.

A charming perennial plant for frame, conservatory or bush-house culture only. 12 to 18 inches.

143 Shrubby. Self colors—yellow, brown. 1/6 per packet.

144 Finest Mixed. Selected strain; robust; floriferous. 2/6 per packet.

CALIFORNIAN POPPY

(See Eschscholtzia, page 23)

CALLIOPSIS

Coreopsis

Price, 3d. per packet.

(Except where otherwise marked).

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Hardy annuals and perennials. Not particular as to soil; a long time in bloom.

154 Dazzler. Rich maroon, red centre.

155 Drummond. Yellow, crimson centre.

156 Grandiflora. Perennial; golden yellow.

157 Lanceolata. Perennial; fine yellow.

158 Atropurpurea. Rich brownish crimson.

159 Bicolor Hybrida. Double flowers.

160 Coronata Maxima. Golden yellow.

161 Marmorata. Yellow, splashed crimson.

162 Golden Ray. Golden yellow, crimson centre.

163 Fire King. Deep bright scarlet, cactus-shaped petals.

163a Mayfield Giant. Perennial variety of Australian origin. 6d. per pkt.

164 The Garnet. A dwarf variety, glossy, crimson scarlet, very effective in masses.

164a Grandiflora Flore Plena. Producing a very large percentage of semi-double golden yellow flowers on long slender stems. Hardy perennial.

164b Mixed.

CAMPANULA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

165 Pyramidalis Alba. A magnificent white, flowering variety, with long spikes.

166 Pyramidalis. Blue, magnificent spikes.

167 Persicifolia Grandiflora. Mixed. An exceedingly fine strain; large flowers.

CANNA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Ornamental plants with handsome foliage, brilliant flowers, easily raised from seed in a frame. Magnificent decorative plants; grown in garden in sheltered situations, or in pots in a bush-house; 3 to 4 feet.

205 Madam Crozy. Crimson, with gold margin.

206 Crozy's Hybrids. Mixed; very effective.

For Canna Plants see page 54

CANDYTUFT

Iberis

3d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

This pretty family is well worth a place in the garden. They bloom in great profusion, and are very useful for cut flowers.

185 Dobbie's White Spiral. Pure white spikes, 4 inches long.

185a Flesh. Delicate shade.

186 Giant, Hyacinth Flowered. Immense spikes of pure white flowers; improved strain; 15 inches.

187 White Rocket. Magnificent spikes.

188 White. Large, effective and handsome.

188a Lavender. Attractive.

189 Purple. Large fine trusses.

190 Carmine. Flowers rich carmine.

190a Rose Cardinal. Effective color.

191 Creamy White. Delicate color.

192 Empress. Trusses of pure white.

194 Tom Thumb. Pure white; dwarf, snowy.

195 Dwarf Crimson. Rich glowing color.

196 Little Prince. Charming dwarf variety; pure white.

197 Mixed.

CARNATION

Price, per packet, 1/6.

(Except where otherwise priced).

Sow Autumn and Spring.

The perennial varieties should produce a large percentage of first-class flowers, being saved from a magnificent collection of named sorts. Sow in pots or boxes in light soil, and place in a frame or conservatory and keep carefully watered until the plants are large enough to prick out; can also be successfully raised in canvas frame. Marguerite varieties are very hardy, and easily raised from seed, and flower first season.

PERENNIAL SECTION

213 Bizarre. Flaked and striped; excellent.

214 Grenadin. Brilliant double scarlet.

215 Anderson's Choice Double Mixed. Superb stock; best sorts.

216 Perpetual Flowering. Superb free bloomers, mixed.

217 Yellow Ground Perpetual. Race of perennials, producing much required yellow shades.

218 Riviera ("Nice Giant"). Superb mixture; saved from the largest blooms.

218b Australian-saved Carnation. Seed fertilised and saved from finest crosses of Australian and American Carnations; a superb mixture. 2/6 and 3/6 per packet.

MARGUERITE SECTION

219 Mixed. Flowers first season from seed; large proportion double; varied colors. 6d. per packet.

220 Giant White. Beautiful pure white. 6d. per packet.

221 Giant Malmaison. Anderson's Special Strain. Enormous double flowers. 1/- per packet.

222 Giant Golden Yellow. 6d. per packet.

223 Giant Dark Red. 6d. per packet.

224 Giant Pink. 6d. per packet.

225 Chaubaud's Improved Mixed. Robust, upright habit; clove scented.

CELOSIA

Cockscomb

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring and Summer.

The three first-named produce large cockscomb-like heads. Thompsoni bears its flowers in feathery spikes, and should have the leader pinched out, which will improve its habit. 2 feet. Half-hardy annuals.

233 Dwarf, Mixed. Choice selection; colored heads.

234 Dwarf Crimson. Standard variety.

235 Carter's Empress. Crested, bright scarlet.

236 Thompsoni Magnifica. A feathered Cockscomb of great beauty; crests of various colors, from golden to dark crimson.

236a Childsii (Chinese Wool Flower). So named because the flower heads resemble a large loose ball of wool. Recommended.

CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

260 Valuable perennial foliage plants for ribbon bordering; compact plants, with silvery foliage. 12 ins.



CANTERBURY BELLS

CANTERBURY BELLS

3d. per packet. Except otherwise priced.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

A family of very showy border plants, the colours being very distinct and rich. Sow in frame or box, and plant out in the border later. Free bloomers, hardy perennials.

175 Double Blue.

178 Single White.

176 Double Rose.

179 Single Blue.

177 Double White.

180 Single Rose.

177a Double Mixed.

180a Single Mixed

All of the Finest Strain.

181 Calycanthema, charming, saucer-like outer petals. 6d. per packet.

182 Straita. White, streaked violet.

CANARY CREEPER

(See TROPAEOLUM, page 28)

CENTAUREA CYANUS

Cornflower.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

The Centaurea is one of the most useful annuals in cultivation. It blooms during winter in profusion, and is most useful for cutting for bouquets in winter and spring. The plants should stand one foot apart, and can be transplanted. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

- 242 **Double Rose.** A particularly fine type of flower, immensely suitable for floral work. Per packet, 6d.
 242a **Double Blue.** Per packet, 6d.
 243 **Single Blue.** The charming Single Blue Cornflower; the best of the section. Per packet, 3d.
 246 **Single Mixed.** Per packet, 3d.

CENTAUREA MOSCHATA

Sweet Sultan.

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 252 **Blue.** Double.
 253 **Purple.** Double.
 254 **White.** Double.
 255 **Odorata Marguerite.** Large white, scented.
 256 **Suaveolens.** Yellow Cornflower.
 257 **Imperialis.** Mixed; large flowers.
 258 **Americana.** Large flowers, 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Mauve color.
 259 **Imperialis.** Amaranth red. Graceful flowers.
 252a **Mixed.**

CHEIRANTHUS

1/- per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 263 **Allioni.** A variety of Wallflower dwarf in habit, brilliant orange yellow. Treat as an annual.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

Annual Marguerite.

3d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn or Spring.

These varieties are hardy annuals; strong growers, showy, and are admirably suited for cutting; they keep a long time in water. Height, 18ins. to 2 feet.

- 265 **Double Hybrids.** White, yellow and crimson; various colored centres.
 269 **Tricolour Dunnetti.** Single. Very showy.
 272 **Segeteum (Corn Marigold).** Yellow.
 273 **Tricolor Coccineum (Tom Thumb).** Branching; scarlet flowers.
 274 **Golden Wheel.** Golden yellow. Purple centre.
 275 **Carinatum Northern Star.** Blooms 3½ inches across. White, soft yellow in centre.
 276 **Coronarum.** "Primrose Gem"; compact variety; double flowers.
 277 **Silver Wheel.** Silvery white.

LEUCANTHEMUM SECTION PERENNIALS

- 279 **Frutescens (Paris Daisy).** Lovely flower, hardy, bushy growing. Per packet, 6d.
 280 **Grandiflorum Hybridum (Shasta Daisy).** Dwarf habit. Flowers pure glistening white. Single; yellow centre. Per packet, 6d.
 281 **Gigantic Shasta Daisy "Alaska."** Flowers white, 4½ to 5 inches in diameter. Per packet, 1/-.
 282 **"Chiffon Daisy."** Flowers pure white, narrow tassel-like petals. Per packet, 1/-.

DOUBLE PERENNIAL SECTION

The well-known Japanese Chrysanthemums so much prized in our gardens.

- 284 **Inodorum.** Double white. Pkt., 6d.
 285 **Indicum.** Double. The familiar Chrysanthemum, various. Pkt. 6d.
 286 **Early Flowering.** Mixed. Japanese type. Per packet, 1/-.

CINERARIA

1/6 and 2/6 per packet.

Sow December to February.

Most elegant and charming bush-house or greenhouse plant. Should be raised in a frame, in pots and boxes, and transplanted rapidly into small-sized pots, and again to blooming pots as soon as the smaller are well filled with roots. Use light soil, mixed with old cow manure, a little sand and old vegetable mould made from decayed leaves. Can also be grown as border in sheltered suitable position. Height, 18 to 24 inches.
 290 **Hybrida Grandiflora.** Single. Choice mixed. Charming colors. Superior to double variety.
 292 **Hybrida Grandiflora.** Double. Very select strain, producing large percentage of double flowers.
 293 **Californian Special Prize Strain.** Individual florets of flower-heads measure 2 to 2½ inches across. Per packet, 2/6

CINERARIA

ORNAMENTAL-LEAVED VARIETY

Sow in Spring.

Beautiful silver leaves; effective in carpet bedding; 12 inches high.

- 296 **Maritima Candidissima.** Large leaves. Per packet, 6d.

CLARKIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring and Autumn.

A showy, hardy annual; easily grown; very effective in masses. Height, 18 inches.

- 298 **Elegans, Single Mixed.**
 299 **Elegans, Double Mixed.**
DOUBLE, SEPARATE COLORS.
Double White; Apple Blossom, delicate shade; **Brilliant,** bright rose; **Chamois,** pale shade; **Purple King,** light purple; **Queen Mary,** rose carmine; **Salmon Queen,** pink; **Scarlet Queen,** orange scarlet; **Orange King.** Each color 6d. per pkt.; 6 for 2/6; or 9 packets for 3/6; post free.

CLIANTHUS

Sow from July to end of November

in a sunny situation.

The flowers are brilliant crimson, about 3in. long, and in the centre there is a large clear black marking, rendering it one of the most beautiful and attractive plants in cultivation.

- 301 **Dampieri (Sturt's Desert Pea).** 1/- pkt.
 302 **Puniceus (Glory Pea).** A very handsome perennial. Per packet, 6d.
 303 **Puniceus Alba.** A white variety. Per packet, 6d.

CLINTONIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

Charming little plant for edgings, pots or rockeries. Sow the seed in boxes and transplant. Hardy annual.

- 307 **Pulchella.** Rich blue color, yellow eyes.

COBŒA

6d. per packet.

Useful ornamental climber; magnificent large, bell-shaped flowers; rapid grower, fine foliage; hardy perennial. Should be raised in pots or boxes, and planted out in the Autumn or Early Spring.

- 308 **Scandens.** Purplish blue.
 309 **Scandens Alba.** White.

COLEUS

1/6 per packet.

Sow Spring and Summer.

As a pot-grown foliage plant the Coleus cannot be surpassed; it is admirably adapted to our climate; requires careful sowing, as the seed is very fine. Must be grown freely in good, rich soil, with plenty of moisture, light and air, when the colors will be magnificent.

- 312 **Choice Hybrids.** Finest mixed.

COLUMBINE

(See AQUILEGIA, page 19)

COLLOMIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

Hardy annual; flowers Bouvardia-like; compact habit. Height, 12 inches.

- 314 **Coccinea.** Scarlet and yellow.

CONVOLVULUS

Morning Glory.

Sow in Spring

- 316 **Minor.** Dwarf; mixed varieties. Per packet, 3d.
 317 **Major.** Tall; mixed, beautiful climber. Per packet, 3d.
 318 **Mauritanicus.** Hardy perennial; for hanging baskets and rock work; beautiful blue. Per packet, 6d.

COREOPSIS

(See CALLIOPSIS, page 20)

CORNFLOWER

(See CENTAUREA, page 21)

COSMIDIUM

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Showy and hardy annual. Well adapted for massing and for cutting or table decoration. 18 inches.

- 321 **Burridgeanum.** Crimson and yellow.

COSMOS

Sow in Spring and Summer.

A most popular class of hardy annuals producing flowers of great beauty; most useful for table decoration. Height, 6 feet.

SINGLE VARIETIES

- 322 **Pearl.** A pure white. Per pkt., 3d.
 323 **Dawn.** White, tinted rose. Pkt., 3d.
 324 **Sulphurea.** Yellow. Per packet, 3d.
 325 **Choicest Mixed Mammoth.** Pkt., 3d.
 326 **Klondyke.** Floriferous; orange; distinct foliage. Per packet, 6d.
 327 **"Lady Lennox."** Giant pink. Per packet, 3d.
 328 **Pink.** Large flowering. Per pkt., 3d.
 329 **Purple.** Large flowering. Pkt., 3d.
 330 **"Crimson Ray."** Flowers large; most brilliant crimson, overlaid velvet sheen. Per packet, 6d.
 330a **"White Ray."** Companion flower to above. Per packet, 6d.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

- 331 **Crested, Pink.** Per packet, 6d.
 332 **Crested, White.** Per packet, 6d.
 333 **Crested, Crimson.** Per packet, 6d.
 334 **Crested, Mixed.** Per packet, 6d.

COWSLIP

Per packet, 6d.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

- 336 **Primula Veris.** This old English flower succeeds admirably in our cooler districts. Hardy perennial. Height, 9 inches.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM

2/6 per packet.

A most beautiful tribe of tuberous greenhouse plants, easily produced from seed if sown in light soil, in pots, and placed in a warm, sheltered corner of the bush-house. Sow during Autumn and Spring in pots.

- 337 **Papilo ("Butterfly").** Colors various; petals crested and twisted; very striking.

- 339 **Giganteum.** Immense flowers; mixed colors.

- 340 **Delicatum.** Beautiful snowy white flowers.

CYNOGLOSSUM

Chinese Forget-me-not.

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Bearing masses of flowers, this very attractive and hardy annual plant is splendid for bedding. Height, 2 feet.

- 341 **Amabile.** Blue

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

DAHLIA

6d. per packet. Sow in Spring.
Easily raised from seed if sown in a shelter frame. Seedlings will flower first season if sown early. The single varieties are elegant and graceful, and most suitable for cutting. Hardy perennials. Height, 4 to 5 feet.

- 343 Large Flowered, Double Mixed. Fine, select.
- 344 Pomponé. Finest mixed; very small flowers; double.
- 346 Single Perfection. Fine, giant-flowering strain.
- 350 Double Cactus. Mixed. Australian-saved seed, from the best varieties. Packet, 6d. & 1/-
- 351 Double Giant, or Peony Flowered. Mixed. A very distinct strain. Pkt., 6d. and 1/-.
- 352 Collarette. Choice mixed.
- 353 Decorative. Excellent strain. Per packet, 6d. and 1/-.
- 354 Coltness Hybrids. Compact habit, averaging about 18 inches high. Adapted for borders; remain in bloom for several months. Colors are fine and varied, including dark scarlet, crimson, red, yellow, white, and purple. 6d. pkt.
- 354a Mignon, Single Mixed. Dwarf, suitable for bedding.

DATURA

Trumpet Flowers.

- 6d. per packet. Sow in Spring.
- 355 Ceratocaula. Large trumpet-shaped pink and white flowers, beautifully sweetly-scented; hardy annual. Height, 36 ins.
- 356 Double Golden. Compact bush, about 2 feet high, and bearing large golden funnel-shaped flowers.

DAISY

Bellis Perennis

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Sow in a shallow box filled with light soil, and keep well watered; a cool position will suit best. The seedlings must be planted out when large enough to handle. Hardy perennials. Height, 6 inches.

- 360 Longfellow. Large, beautifully double; dark rose.
- 361 Giant Snowball. Grand flower; pure white.
- 362 Double Mixed. All the best sorts.
- 363 Fistulosus. Pretty form of Double Daisy; globular; various colors.
- 364 Montrosa Ranunculiflora. Ranunculus-shaped, giant-flowered Daisy; mixed; quite distinct.

DELPHINIUM (See page 17)

DESERT PEA

(See CLIANTHUS, page 21)

DIASCIA

6d. per packet. Sow in Spring.
A pretty border plant, 6 to 8 inches high. Dainty flowers, produced in abundance during Summer.

- 395 Barberæ. Rosy pink.
- 395a Barberæ. Salmon Queen.

DIDISCUS

Lace Plant.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

- 396 Coerulea. Charming annual; flowers beautiful light blue.

DIGITALIS

Foxglove.

3d. per packet. Sow Autumn and Spring.
Well-known favourite; of easy cultivation; striking and showy flower; requires plenty of space; hardy perennial. Height, 3 feet when in flower.

- 410 Gloxinoides. Superb variety; all colors.
- 411 Ivory's Finest Spotted. Superior strain.
- 411a Montrosa. Bears extra long spikes of large flowers. Colors include white, pink, rose, yellow and purple.



DIMORPHOTHECA: RINGENS.

DIMORPHOTHECA

6d. and 1/- per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

These showy annuals are largely used in the garden for massing in beds and for edgings. The daisy-like flowers are arrayed in dainty formation above the foliage. Height, 12 inches.

- 412 Aurantiaca. Dark orange-colored flowers.
- 413 Aurantiaca Hybrida. A varied range of colors, from pure white, through all shades of cream and yellow, to salmon tints.

- 413a Aurantiaca Hybrida, White Beauty.
- 413b Aurantiaca Hybrida, Golden West.
- 413c Aurantiaca Hybrida, Salmon Beauty.
- 413d Ringens (Novelty 1930)—This new form of Dimorphothea is free-flowering. The individual flower is large. The inside of the flower is pure white with a conspicuous blue ring around the centre or eye of the flower.

Price per packet, 6d.

PERENNIAL VARIETY

1/- per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 413e Eklonis. A distinct variety from Egypt, not exceeding 18 inches in height, which forms a strong-growing compact bush with deep green spatulate leaves and bears on long stiff stalks large star-shaped pure white flowers up to 3½ inches across with a diminutive deep blue disc.

DOLICHOS

3d. per packet.

Sow in Spring or Autumn.

A charming, quick-growing climber; capital for covering an old wall or fence. Evergreen. Height, 20 feet.

- 414 Lignosus. Small, lilac, pea-shaped flowers, borne in clusters.
- 415 Lignosus Albus. White.

DIANTHUS

Garden Pink.

3d. per packet.

(Except where otherwise marked.)

Sow Autumn and Spring.

The Heddewegii Laciniatus and Imperialis sections of Dianthus are magnificent flowering biennials. Flowers of immense size, and plants bloom all the season through if old flowers and seed pods are removed regularly; 392 and 393 are the old favourite Sweet William, of perennial duration. Deltoides types is a perennial and suitable for rockeries. Height, 12 inches.

- 368 Heddewegii. Single, mixed.
- 369 Heddewegii. Double, mixed.
- 370 Heddewegii "Queen of Holland." Pure white, occasional rose tints in centre.
- 371 Double Snowflake. Beautiful double white, fringed.
- 373 Crimson Belle. Crimson; single.
- 374 Atropurpureus. Double; red.
- 375 Atropurpureus Alba Marginatus. "Mourning Pink."
- 377 Diadematus (Diadem Pink). Double.
- 378 Laciniatus. Large, single; fringed.
- 379 Laciniatus Straitus. Double flowers; striped.
- 382 Imperialis. An abundant bloomer.
- 383 Atrosanguinea, Double. Dark blood red.
- 384 Plumaris. Fringed Pheasant's Eye.
- 385 Chinesis (Indian Pink). Fine double flowers; beautiful colors.
- 386 Snowdrift. Double white, lacinated. Price, per packet, 6d.
- 387 Plumarius Double, "Mrs. Sinkins." A beautiful double white strain; very attractive. Price, per packet, 1/6.
- 388 Deltoides. Rose. Per packet, 6d.
- 389 Deltoides. White. Packet, 6d.
- 390 Deltoides. Crimson. Pkt., 6d.
- 392 Barbatus (Sweet William). Hardy; large trusses; splendid color. Treat as an annual.
- 393 Barbatus (Auricula-eyed). Distinct.
- 394 Sweet William, "Scarlet Beauty." Bears attractive rich scarlet flowers, double. Price, 6d. per packet.

ERIGERON

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

A hardy perennial plant from N. America, growing 1½ feet. Very handsome, with Daisy-like flowers.

- 422 Coulteri. Single white flowers, with golden centre; suitable for cutting.

EUPHORBIA

Mexican Fire Plant

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

Bushy plants, 4 to 5 feet high, with glossy green leaves which form at the end of the branches into large whorls and bracts, among which small green flowers appear and immediately color up to a brilliant orange scarlet.

- 424 Heterophylla. Annual poinsettia.

ERYSIMUM

1/- per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 425 Linifolium. Produces bright clear mauve flowers in Summer.

EVERLASTING PEA

Lathyrus

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

- 439 Latifolius, Mixed.
 - 440 Latifolius Albus. White.
 - 440a Latifolius, Pink.
 - 440b Latifolius, Red.
 - 441 Pubescens (Argentine Pea). Blue.
- Price, per packet, 1/-.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA

Californian Poppy.

3d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

One of the most beautiful of the Californian annuals; has handsome foliage; expands its flowers to the blaze of the sun; of dazzling brightness; wants plenty of space; will thrive in any ordinary soil; perfectly hardy. Height, 9 inches.

426 *Californica*. Bright yellow, and charming.

427 *Californica Alba Plena*. Beautiful double white.

429 *Crocea*. Deep yellow; lovely shade.

431 *Mandarin*. Rich orange color inside.

432 *Maritima "Golden West."* Large flowers, light yellow and orange; spot at base of each petal; foliage whitish grey.

433 *Crimson King*. A beautiful red; very showy.

433a Mixed.

DISTINCT SHADES.

434 *Lovely*. Rose suffused salmon.

435 *Scarlet Beauty*. Deep scarlet.

436 *Rosy Queen*. Rose pink.

437 *Ballet Girl*. Carmine and creamy white.

438 *Vesuvius*. Wallflower red.

438a *Mauve Beauty*. Pure mauve.

438b *Tango*. Terra cotta on bronzy red.

438c *Enchantress*. Rosy carmine.

438d *Geisha*. Brilliant golden and orange crimson.

438e *Orange Flame*. Vivid orange scarlet.

438f *Double Rose*. Throws a large percentage of double flowers; bright rose.

438g *Ramona*. Frilled type. Color, pale, glittering coppery gold, pink shadings.

Each variety 6d. per pkt.; 6 pkts. 2/6, or 10 for 4/-. post free.

FORGET-ME-NOT

(See MYOSOTIS, page 25)

FOXGLOVE

(See DIGITALIS, page 22)

FREESIA

1/- per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

443 *Hybrid*. Improved strain; various colors.

FUCHSIA

2/6 per packet.

The seed we offer has been saved from the choicest varieties; hardy perennials. Sow during Spring in pans in a frame or bushhouse, and transplant the seedlings into small pots; only a percentage of double flowers can be expected. Seed will not germinate in the open ground. Height, 36 inches.

445 *Hybridum*. Single and double.

GAILLARDIA

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

Hardy annuals and perennials, producing beautiful single and double flowers; very attractive and showy. 18 inches to 2 feet high.

PERENNIAL VARIETY.

447 *Grandiflora Portola Hybrids*. Superb strain; color bronzy red. 1/- pkt.

448 *Grandiflora, The Dazzler*. Color, rich red, bright orange tips. 1/- pkt.

449 *Grandiflora, Tangarine*. Orange, overlaid red. 1/- per packet.

450 *Grandiflora*. Mixed. Large single yellow flowers, with crimson centre; long, stout stems. 6d. per packet.

ANNUAL VARIETIES, 3d. per packet.

452 *Amblyodon*. Fine, deep red; tall.

455 *Picta*. A single variety; red and yellow.

456 *Lorenziana*. Double; yellow and deep crimson.

457 *Lorenziana, "The Bride."* Very long stems, double creamy white.

GENTIANA

Blue Gentian.

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn or Spring.

Hardy perennials; one of the most charming of our Alpine Plants; suitable for the cool districts only. Four inches high.

461 *Acaulis*. Pretty little light blue trumpet-shaped flowers. Exceedingly beautiful.



GYPSOPHILA: ELEGANS.

GERBERA

Seed, 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

This beautiful Daisy can be raised from seed, and we are now able to offer locally saved seed of strong germination. Cultural directions with each packet.

469 *Mixed Hybrids*.

GERANIUM

(See PELARGONIUM, page 26)

GEUM

Sow Autumn or Spring.

A hardy dwarf perennial plant; bright and showy.

468 *Mrs. Bradshaw fl. pl.* Double scarlet. 6d. per packet.

468a *Lady Stratheden*. Rich golden yellow. 1/- per packet.

469b *Orange Queen*. Color bright orange scarlet. 1/- per packet.

GLADIOLUS

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

This magnificent genus is easily raised, and from hybridised seeds the variety of colours and tints obtainable is endless; use sandy loam for raising seedlings. 36 inches high.

465 *Gandavensis*. Mixed.

466 *Lemoinei*. Mixed.

GLOXINIA

2/6 per packet.

Sow during Autumn.

One of the handsomest tender tuberous plants in cultivation; requires pot cultivation and the shelter of a frame, bush-house or conservatory; the flowers are charming in the extreme. Tender perennials.

470 *Grandiflora Crassifolia Erecta*. Distinct and beautiful flowers; erect, spotted and blotched; immense size, lovely foliage.

473 *Giant Flowered*. Strong growing and erect variety; flowers 4ins. in diameter.

GODETIA

3d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Beautiful hardy annuals; will grow in the poorest soil, and produce a grand display of gorgeous flowers, even in a dry season, and cut flowers keep well in water. Height, 12 inches to 2 feet.

478 *Fairy Queen*. Dwarf variety, large white flowers with carmine spots.

480 *Splendens*. Pretty purple blotch on each petal.

481 *Duchess of Albany*. Satiny white.

482 *Princess of Wales*. Crimson rose; large.

483 *Lady Albermarle*. Bright crimson; large.

484 *Duke of York*. A handsome Dwarf variety; flowers bright scarlet carmine.

485 *Grandiflora Maculata*. Large white flowers with crimson spots.

486 *Mixed*.

GOMPHRENA

Globe Amaranth.

3d. per packet.

Sow in Spring and early Summer.

One of the best of our hardy annual everlasting, and most useful for Winter bouquets; it is of fine erect habit, a constant bloomer, and very attractive.

490 *Globosa*. Mixed.

492 *Nana Compacta*. Dwarf variety; purple.

GYPSOPHILA

Sow Autumn.

A very free flowering hardy family of plants, particularly suitable to decorative work.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

493 *Paniculata Compacta*. Semi-dwarf; hardy white. 6d. per packet.

493a *Paniculata Alba fl. pl.* A charming variety of this well-known decorative plant, throwing 50 per cent. double flowers. 1/- per packet.

ANNUAL VARIETIES, 6d. per packet. Height, 2 feet.

494 *Elegans Grandiflora Alba*. Very elegant.

494a *Elegans Grandiflora "Paris Market."* This improved kind is of great value for cut flower purposes.

494b *Elegans Grandiflora Carminea*. Dainty carmine flowers.

494c *Elegans Grandiflora Rosea*.

494b *Elegans, Crimson*.

494e *Elegans, Deep Pink*.

HELIANTHUS

Sunflower.

3d. per packet.

Sow Spring and Summer.

504 *Annuus Single*; primrose colored.

505 *Argophyllus*. Pretty, ornamental, silvery foliage.

506 *Californicus*. Large, double yellow.

507 *Cucumerifolius*. Branching, nice foliage; golden yellow flowers.

508 *Stella*. Flowers 3 inches across. Pure golden yellow, black disc.

509 *Diadem*. Single flowers; light citron color.

510 *Hybridum fl. pl.* Double and semi-double. 5 feet high.

511 *Globosus Fistulosus*. Double golden; fine. 6 feet high.

513 *Nanus*. Double; 3 feet high; fine golden yellow.

514 *Orion*. Small flowers, crisped and twisted petals; orange and lemon.

515 *Red or Gaillardia Flowered*. Flowers vary in color. 6d. per packet.

516 *Purpureus*. Small centres of unique tints of mahogany-red and reddish-orange. 6d. per packet.

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

HELICHRYSUM

6d. per packet. Except where otherwise marked.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Everlasting flowers of great beauty, hardy and free blooming, and very useful for cutting; plants about 4 feet high; produce their brilliant flowers at a season most wanted; they are hardy annuals, but will often bloom for a whole season.

495 *Monstrosum*. Double mixed; fine colorings.

496 *Compositum Purpureum*. Double crimson.

497 *Monstrosum "Rose Queen"*—A rich deep rose color. Price, per pkt., 1/-

497a *Monstrosum*, Silvery Pink. Double, silvery-pink.

498 *Roseum*. Double; beautiful delicate rose.

499 *Alba*. Double; pure white.

HELIOTROPIUM

Heliotrope.

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Sow in a frame or bush-house in a box or pot, with a sheet of glass over it until the young plants appear; then give plenty of air, and pot off as soon as plants are fit to handle. Delicious perfume, tender perennial, border plant. 2 to 3 feet high.

522 *Choicest Mixed*. Best dark and light colors.

HEUCHERA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

526 *Sanguinea*. Coral red. Graceful spikes. Beautiful hardy perennial of dwarf, compact, branching habit.

HOLLYHOCK

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

This noble plant produces flower spikes 6 ft. high; studded with splendid Camellia-like blooms some 3 feet of their length; it is not difficult to grow from seed if sown in Autumn and generally treated with rich soil and moisture; hardy perennial.

530 *Extra Choice Mixed* (Chater's). Superb strain; double.

HONESTY

6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

Free-flowering hardy biennial; its silvery seed pods are very pretty, cut and dried for winter decoration. Height, 18 inches.

535 *Lunaria Biennis* (Satin Flower).

HUMULUS JAPONICUS

Japanese Hop.

6d. per packet.

Annual climber, beautiful foliage; rapid grower; hardy; requires a rich soil.

539 *Variegated*. Very handsome foliage.

HUNNEMANNIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

A charming little perennial; erect growth, about 18 inches; easily raised from seed, and quite hardy in the open border. The flowers keep well when cut; one of the most beautiful dinner-table decoration plants grown.

542 *Fumariaefolia*. Very feathery foliage and buttercup-yellow single flowers, cup-shaped, with red stamens.

IBERIS

Perennial Candytuft.

6d. per packet.

Very hardy and compact grower.

545 *Gibraltarica*. Large flowers, lilac, shading to white.

545a *Sempervirens*. White.

ICE PLANT

(See *Mesembryanthemum*)

IMPATIENS

1/- per packet.

The East African Balsam—an excellent pot plant, succeeding best under the shade of bush or glass house. Large flowers of bright color.

546 *Holstii*, Hybrids. Mixed.

IPOMEA

Convolvulus

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

A splendid family of climbers, rapid growers, fine foliage; handsome Convolvulus-like flowers, all very beautiful; hardy annuals.

548 *Hederacea Superba*. Ivy-leaved, various, 550 *Mikado*. Most brilliant colors.

551 *Grandiflora Alba*. Magnificent white flowers.

552 *Bona Nox*. Most beautiful; large blue flowers.

555 *Quamoclit* (Cypress Vine). Quite distinct, elegant feathery foliage, small scarlet flowers.

IPOMOPSIS

6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

Long spikes of flowers delicately spotted, graceful foliage. If planted in a sheltered position is very attractive; tender biennials. Height, 3 feet.

560 *Elegans*. Brilliant orange and scarlet flowers. Succeeds best in light, rich soil.

IRIS

1/6 per packet.

Sow in early Spring.

561 *Chrysofor*. The flowers range from white to pale sulphur yellow and rich bronze, soft blue to deep purple, ornamented with pretty yellow, blue and purple markings.

JAPANESE KUDZU VINE

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

568 *Pueraria Thunbergiana*. A vine of very rapid growth; foliage large and lobed, purple pea-shaped flowers in clusters; a valuable perennial. Frost cuts down the vine, but it comes along again in Spring.

KOCHIA

Annual Cypress.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

569 *Tricophylla*. An annual plant growing quickly from seed; slender and light green leaves; flowers scarlet but insignificant.

LARKSPUR

(See Page 18 and Novelty Pages)

LEPTOSYNE

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

A most graceful annual from California; plants are bushy and compact, and the flowers are produced in great profusion. *Maritima* is very beautiful and fine for cutting.

583 *Maritima*. Deep lemon yellow; very early; a charming plant.

LINARIA

3d. and 6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn or Spring.

One of the most beautiful species of hardy annuals grown for Spring-flowering with spikes of Lobelia-like flowers.

587 *Bipartita Splendida*. Beautiful dark violet.

588 *Reticulata Aurea Purpurea*. Yellow and purple.

589 *Maroccana*. Mixed colors. 6d. pkt.

590 *Maroccana "Pearl"*. Snowy white.

590a *Maroccana Hybrid*. Excelsior, mixed. 6d. per packet.

591 *Cymbalaria*. Perennial; known as Kenilworth Ivy; useful for hanging baskets. 6d. per packet.

LINUM

3d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

593 *Grandiflora Coccineum*. Fine scarlet flowers; foliage good. Height, 12 in. Annual.

595 *Perenne*. Perennial; blue.

LOBELIA

6d. per packet. Except where otherwise marked.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

Exceedingly beautiful, free-blooming, hardy annuals; good for edging, ribbon or carpet bedding, producing a dense carpet of bloom. *Cardinalis*, though a true Lobelia, is quite distinct from the annual varieties, and is a perennial.

597 *Miranda*. Covered with bright rosy purple flowers with white eyes.

599 *Speciosa Erecta*. Dark blue, for bedding.

600 *Royal Purple*. Beautiful deep blue; clear white eye.

602 *Crystal Palace*. Fine dark blue; large.

604 *Barnard's Perpetual*. Ultramarine blue, with pure white markings.

605 *White Lady*. Large flowered; white.

606 *Cardinalis* (Queen Victoria). Tall spikes, cardinal flowers, bronze leaves; distinct perennial; prefers cold climate. 1/- per packet.

607 *Sapphire*. Deep blue, with a clearly defined pure white eye. Excellent for basket, window-box or rockery work.

LOPHOSPERMUM

6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

Handsome deciduous climber. Raise in a box or sheltered position out of doors. Height, 10 feet.

611 *Scandens*. Large purple flowers.

LOVE-LIES-BLEEDING

(See *Amaranthus*).

LUPINS

(See Page 18)

LYCHNIS

Chinese Firefly.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Attractive hardy perennials. 2 feet.

706 *Chalcedonica*. Scarlet flower, in trusses.

MANDEVILLEA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

709 *Suaveolens*. Pure white, fragrant single flowers. Useful for bouquets. Hardy perennial climber. 20 feet.

MATHIOLA

Evening Scented Stock.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

720 *Bicornis*. Beautiful pink and lilac flowers; fragrant; which open in the evening. Hardy annual. Height, 18 inches.

MARGUERITES

(See *Chrysanthemums*).

MATRICARIA

6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

722 *Eximia*, Double. Pure white double
723 *Golden Ball*. Beautiful hardy annual, pretty for bouquets. Height, 10 inches.

MAURANDYA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

A most superb climber, remarkably quick-growing and free-blooming; its foliage is small, but dense, and of a lively green colour; they are perennials, liking a rich friable soil.

724 *Barclayana*. Beautiful blue flowers.

725 *Alba*. Pure white flowers.

726 *Rosea*. Rose colored flowers.

727 *Mixed*.

MARIGOLD

Tagetes

3d. per packet.

Sow during the Spring and Summer. French varieties have beautiful shaped orange flowers, striped and flaked with brown. African varieties have large self-coloured flowers; all are annuals. Height, 18 inches to 2 feet.

FRENCH (Tall Double Varieties).

Height, 2 feet.

3d. per packet.

- 710 Tall Double. Dark brown.
- 711 Tall Double. Lemon.
- 711a Tall Double. Orange.
- 711b Tall Double. Gold striped. Beautiful flowers. 6d. per packet.
- 711c Tall Double. Finest mixed.

FRENCH (Dwarf Double Varieties).

Height, 12 inches.

3d. per packet.

- 712 Dwarf Double. Finest mixed.
- 713 Dwarf Double. Yellow. Sulphur yellow.

AFRICAN (Tall Varieties).

Height, 2 to 3 feet.

3d. per pkt.; except otherwise priced.

- 713a Guinea Gold. 1/- per packet.
- 714 Lemon.
- 715 Orange.
- 715a Mixed.

TREE VARIETY.

Height, 4 to 5 feet.

6d. per packet.

- 716 Giant Tree, Mixed. [The double flowers—yellow, orange and bronze—resemble those of the French type. The plants bloom until late Autumn. 6d. per packet.]

MARIGOLD, ENGLISH

(See Calendula, page 17)

MEDEOLA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring in pots.

Very handsome climbing bush-house plant. The graceful beauty of its foliage renders it valuable for vases. Can be used either to climb to droop. Soak seed in tepid water some hours before sowing. Hardy perennial.

- 728 Asparagoides. Small white flowers, orange scented.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM

6d. per pkt.

Sow in Spring and Summer.

The first is a good rockery plant; hardy perennials; the second is prized for its foliage, which looks as if the plant was covered with ice. Cordifolium is very suitable for bedding; bright rosy flowers.

- 732 Tricolor. Crimson, white and purple; suits sandy soil well; only grows to height of 3 inches.
- 733 Crystallinum (Ice Plant). Peculiar glistening foliage; small white flowers; pretty; 6 inches.
- 734 Cordifolium Variegatum. A pretty variegated-leaved variety. 6 inches. Beautiful dwarf-growing plants of compact habit.

MEXICAN SUNFLOWER

(See Tithonia, page 28)

MINA LOBATA

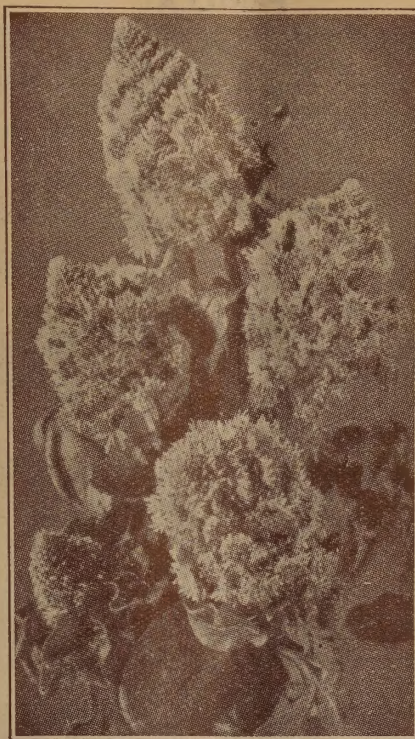
6d. per pkt.

Sow in Spring.

- 767 Mina Lobata. Its beautiful cream white flowers are bright orange when half blown, and when in bud of a vivid red. Pretty half-hardy annual climber. Grows to a height of 20 feet; flowers abundantly.

MUSK

(See Mimulus Moschatus)



MIGNONETTE

MIGNONETTE

3d. per pkt.; except otherwise priced.

Sow Autumn or Spring.

This grand old annual is known to all, and its delicious perfume cannot be surpassed; it is easily grown; some of the varieties make excellent pot plants, and produce spikes of immense size.

- 736 Large Flowered. Very fragrant; fine spikes.
- 737 White Machet. Sweet-scented. 6d. per packet.
- 738 Crimson Giant. Large flowers; fine color.
- 740 Gabrielle. Robust, large spikes, red. 6d. per packet.
- 741 Goliath. Enormous spikes; double red. 6d. per packet.
- 742 Ruby. "Machet" variety; coppery scarlet. 6d. per packet.
- 743 Victoria. Very dark red; fine spike.
- 744 Miles' Hybrid. Spiral; dwarf; long spikes.
- 745 Machet. Dwarf massive spikes; scented; red. 6d. per packet.
- 746 Machet Golden. Large spikes; yellow flowers. 6d. per packet.
- 747 Machet, King of Dwarfs. Charming variety; robust growth; large spikes. 6d. per packet.
- 749 Golden Queen. Bright yellow; pyramidal.
- 750 Giant Pyramidal. Fine spikes; fragrant.

MIMULUS

Monkey Flower.

6d. per packet, unless otherwise priced.

Sow from early Summer to Autumn.

Charming plant for pot culture; likes rich, light soil, and a liberal supply of water. Can be grown in the open ground, where soil and situation are favourable. Moschatus, the well-known Musk, has a delightful fragrance, is well adapted for pots or baskets. Tender perennials.

- 760 Tigrinus. Showy, spotted; single and double mixed.
- 761 Tigrinus Grandiflora Duplex. A new and improved variety; flowers fine, double.
- 762 Tigrinus. Bonfire; rich coloring. 1/- per packet.
- 763 Moschatus (Musk). Scented yellow flower.

MYOSOTIS

Forget-Me-Not

3d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

Charming dwarf hardy plant; will bloom profusely during Spring, covering itself with flowers of the most lovely blue; very useful for bouquets.

- 770 Palustris. Bright blue; the true Forget-me-not.
- 772 Alpestris Stricta Rosea. Upright growing; unique; flowers pink.
- 773 Alpestris Grandiflora (Royal Blue). Large flowers; very deep blue.
- 776 Victoria. Dwarf; globular habit; sky blue flowers with double centre.
- 778 Robusta Grandiflora. Very large flowering; blooms quickly from seed; blue.
- 779 Oblongata, Blue Bird; very deep blue.

NEMESIA

Sow in Autumn.

Pretty compact growing annual of great merit.

- 804 Strumosa Grandiflora Suttoni. The best of this class. Flowers various. 6d. and 1/- per packet.
- 805 Compacta, "Triumph." Large flowers, with very vivid colors. 6d. packet.
- 805a Compacta, "Blue Gem." Distinct blue flowers. 6d. per packet.

NASTURTIUM

3d. per packet.

Except where otherwise stated.

Sow Autumn and Spring for warm climates.

Sow Spring only for cold climates.

The value of this family for decorative purposes cannot be over-estimated; it is particularly hardy, will thrive in any soil, and its many forms are so various that it possesses a pleasing variety of colours. Dwarf varieties do not grow more than 9 inches, and form compact bushes and flower abundantly; can be transplanted, and should stand 12 inches apart; hardy annuals. The tall varieties will spread or climb 15 feet.

DWARF VARIETIES.

- 781 Beauty. Pretty yellow and scarlet.
- 782 Crimson. Striking color.
- 783 Empress of India. Bright; beautiful scarlet.
- 784 Golden King. Very handsome variety.
- 785 King of Tom Thumbs. Scarlet.
- 786 King Theodore. Darkest of all; nearly black.
- 787 Pearl. A clear, soft white.
- 788 Rose. Delicate, soft rose color.
- 789 Scarlet. Bright and beautiful.
- 790 Yellow. Bright rich color.
- 791 Tom Thumb. Finest mixed.
- 792 Ivy-leaved. 6d. per packet.
- 793 Dwarf Ornamental-leaved.

TALL VARIETIES.

- 794 Queen Hybrids. A mixture of seven or eight colors, all with variegated foliage. 6d. per packet.
- 795 Moonlight. Flowers pale straw color; crinkled.
- 796 Sunlight. Flowers clear rich golden yellow.
- 797 Spitfire. Bright scarlet flower.
- 798 Regalianum. Bright purple violet.
- 799 Tall, Mixed. All the best varieties.
- 801 Lobb's Climbing Varieties. Very suitable for vases or hanging baskets.
- 802 Lobbianum Lilliput. Mixed; charming new class, with very small flowers and foliage.
- 803 Ivy-leaved. Unique foliage and flowers. 6d. per packet.

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

NEMOPHILA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Californian annuals, profuse bloomers, and charming colours; dwarf. *Insignis* is a lovely azure blue, while *Discoidalis* is white, tipped with dark brown. Height, 6 inches.

- 806 *Insignis*. Flowers of pretty blue.
- 807 *Atomaria*. White, with black spots.
- 808 *Discoidalis*. Black-brown margin.
- 809 *Marginata*. Blue, with white edge.
- 810 Mixed.

NIGELLA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn or Spring.

A pretty hardy annual, with graceful foliage. The flowers are nearly hidden in light, feathery leaves; an attractive flower.

- 824 *Damascena* (Devil in the Bush). Clear pure white.
- 825 *Damascena* (Miss Jekyll). (Love in a Mist). Double. Cornflower Blue.
- 825a *Damascena*, Double Dark Blue.
- 826 Mixed.

PAEONY

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

A magnificent family of plants, but difficult to raise from seed. Must be sown in pots or boxes, and germinated under glass; require a cool climate; hardy perennial.

- 836 *Choicest Mixed*. Finest varieties and colors. Height, 18 inches.

PANSY

(See Page 14)

PASSIFLORA

Sow in Spring.

- 914 *Edulis* (Passion Fruit). This splendid creeper has a fine foliage and delicious fruit. A first-class verandah or trellis plant; flowers not very attractive; hardy perennial and evergreen; grows 10 to 15 feet. Soak the seed before sowing. 3d. per packet.

- 915 *Coerulea Grandiflora*. Very large blue flowers; handsome. 6d. per packet.

- 916 *Granadilla*. Large fruit; suitable only for warm, sheltered situations. 1/- per packet.

PELARGONIUM

Geranium

1/6 per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

- 918 *French Blotched*. Superb strain; distinct.

- 919 *Fancy Varieties*. Handsome, showy.

- 920 *Large Flowered Regal*. From named sorts.

- 921 *Zonale*. Geranium flowering type.

The first three listed are the large flowering perennial class known as "Pelargoniums," as distinct from "Geranium," and are best suited for pot culture, although nearly all of them will stand in the garden if they are in a sheltered situation. Must be raised in pots in a frame.

PENTSTEMON

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Hardy perennials.

- 924 *Sensation*. A Gloxinia-flowered variety; brilliant colors; flowers 2 inches across. 1/- per packet.

- 926 *Finest Mixed*. Choice strain; best sorts. 6d. per packet.

- 927 *Hartwegii Albus*. Buds cream color, changing to clear white. 6d. per pkt.

PERILLA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 929 *Nana Compacta*. Lovely dwarf plant for bordering; a rich mulberry black foliage.



PETUNIA: GRANDIFLORA SINGLE.

PETUNIA

Sow in Spring or Autumn.

Petunias suit our climate admirably, and bloom in profusion during summer and autumn. Seed from the double varieties will produce 70 per cent. of single flowers. Perennials.

- 932 *Hybrida Single*. Finest mixed. 3d. per packet.

- 937 *Grandiflora Single*. Large-flowered, superb mixed. 1/- per packet.

- 939 *Fimbriata Single*. Fringed, mixed. 1/- per packet.

- 940 *Double Inimitable*. Striped and blotched. 1/6 per packet.

- 944 *Double*. Fringed and plain edge; finest variety; mixed. 2/6 per pkt.

- 945 *Double Fringed*. Large flowering. 2/6 per packet.

- 947 *Grandiflora Superbissima*. Mixed single. A magnificent strain of Australian selection, containing a marvellously fine assortment of colors. 2/6 per pkt.

- 948 *Rosy Morn*. 1/- per packet.

- 948a *Violacea*. Deep violet. 1/- per pkt.

- 948b *Purple Prince*. Purple. 1/- pkt.

- 949 *Giants of California*. Magnificent large-flowered variety, very suited to our warm climate; a superb strain. 1/- and 2/6 per packet.

BEDDING PETUNIAS.

Separate Colors.

6d. per pkt.; 6 pkts. for 2/9.

PHACELIA

6d. per packet.

Sow during Spring.

A highly interesting Californian annual. The plant is much branched and of spreading habit. Hardy annual. Height, 12 inches.

- 955 *Campanularia*. Flowers beautiful rich blue.

PHASEOLUS

1/- per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 956 *Caracalla* (Snail Flower). A charming perennial climbing plant, with bunches of sweet-scented purple and white, curiously-twisted flowers.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

1/- per packet.

Sow in Spring.

- 957 *Phlox Decussata*. Various colors. This is quite distinct from the Annual or Phlox Drummondii section; produces spikes of flowers, some 2 feet in height; it does not usually flower the first season from seed.

PICOTEE

1/6 per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Seed must be sown in seed pans or boxes, or in canvas frame, and transplanted. Hardy perennial. Height, 12 inches.

- 959 *Choicest Mixed*. From the finest flowers.

- 960 *Perpetual Flowering*. Delicate marking; exquisite perfume; valuable for bouquets.

POLYANTHUS

Sow in Autumn.

A very beautiful class of hardy perennials, and distinct rich markings; prefer a cool climate, but can be grown in the coastal districts in Spring.

- 963 *Floors Castle, Mixed*. Superb gold-laced flowers. Height, 6 inches. 1/- per packet.

- 964 *Grandiflora, Mixed*. Excellent quality. 6d. per packet.

POPPY

(See Page 18)

PORTULACA

Sow Spring and Summer.

Portulacas are particularly well adapted to our climate, and flower magnificently in the warmest situation; colours are most beautiful; suitable for vases, or rock work; very dwarf; of a trailing habit; hardy annuals. Do well in any ordinary soil.

- 994 *Grandiflora, Double*. Mixed. Beautiful free flowering; large size, mixed. 6d. per packet.

- 998 *Grandiflora, Single*. Mixed. 3d. pkt.

POTENTILLA

6d. per pkt.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Handsome herbaceous perennials. They keep in flower a long time; both double and single varieties. Height, 12 inches.

- 1012 *Finest Mixed*. Colors are shades of red, yellow and brown, some striped.

PYRETHRUM

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 1027 *Aureum*. Effective as a carpet bedding. Height, 9 inches. 3d. pkt.

- 1028 *Aureum Cristatum*. Only grown for its foliage. 6d. per packet.

- 1029 *Selaginoides*. Distinct and handsome for carpet bedding. 6d. pkt.

- 1030 *Roseum Hybridum Grandiflorum*. Quite distinct; single and double flowers, produced on long, wiry stems. Suitable for colder districts. 18 inches high. 1/- per packet.

RANUNCULUS

6d. per packet.

Roots or tubers can be obtained in February and March. (See Bulb List).

- 1034 *Asiaticus Superbissimus*. Producing flowers of great variety of color same season seeds are sown. Seeds should be sown early Autumn to flower same season.

PHLOX

Drummondii

3d. per pkt., except where otherwise priced.

Sow Spring to Early Autumn in warm districts.

Sow Spring and Early Summer for cold districts.

Among our summer blooming annuals the *Phlox Drummondii* takes a first place. If sown in the Autumn it will flower in the Winter, and continue to bloom for several months. A later sowing, in early Spring, will give plants which will bloom throughout the Summer, and if planted in beds, produce a most dazzling effect, as the plants are covered with flowers, which often entirely hide the foliage. The *Phlox* possesses a great variety of colour; it is dwarf in habit, growing not more than 12 inches high; hardy, and blooms for many months. Some varieties are of delicate colours, while others are brilliant and dazzling.

COLLECTIONS OF PHLOX.

In view of the increasing popularity of this beautiful flower, we can offer the following collections in distinct colors:

6 packets, post free, 1/6

12 packets, post free, 2/6

(For PERENNIAL PHLOX, see No. 957, page 26)



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

PHLOX

Drummondii

- 967 *Grandiflora*. **Finest Mixed**. Lovely large-flowered variety, with beautiful markings; finest mixed strain in cultivation. 3d., 6d. and 1/- per packet.
- 968 *Grandiflora Alba*. Single white, very pretty and free blooming.
- 969 *Grandiflora Dark Purple*. Beautiful rich color.
- 970 *Grandiflora*, **Scarlet**. Most brilliant color.
- 971 *Grandiflora*, **Red, White, Striped**. Very effective.
- 972 *Grandiflora Stellata Splendens*. Crimson with white centre.
- 973 *Alba Oculata Superba*. Pure white flowers, with carmine red eye.
- 975 *Cuspidata*. Distinct class, with long winged and fringed petals, commonly known as "Star *Phlox*"; attractive. 6d. per pkt.
- 977 *Nana Compacta*. A beautiful dwarf variety with a profusion of exquisite flowers; bush-like habit. 6d. per packet.
- 979 *Cecily*. Large-flowered and dwarf. 6d. per packet.
- 980 *Salmon Pink*. A fascinating shade of this popular hardy annual; a color much sought after. 6d. pkt.
- 981 *Anderson's Exhibition*. A magnificent strain of this favourite annual, containing all the best colors, each having a clear white or cream eye. 1/- per packet.

PRIMULA SINENSIS

Chinese Primrose.
2/6 per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

Beautiful tender perennial, suitable only for pot culture. Seedlings raised in pots in the Autumn should, as soon as the plants are fit, be transplanted; pot them off into small pots, and place them in a frame or bush-house, and as soon as they are again well rooted, they should be shifted into blooming pots.

1015 *Fimbriata*, **Finest Mixed**. Lovely shades.

PRIMULA MALACOIDES

Suitable for bedding. Sown in late Summer and Autumn.

- 1023 *Pale Lavender*. 6d. per packet.
- 1023a *Superba*. Improved variety; deep lavender. 1/6 per packet.
- 1023b *Pink Beauty*. Pink. 1/6 per pkt.
- 1023c *Double White*. 1/6 per packet.
- 1023d *Snow Queen*. Improved white. 1/6 per packet.

1023e *Princess Mary*... Deep rich pink. 1/- per packet.

PRIMULA OBCONICA

1024 **Finest Mixed**. A very beautiful flowering variety, excellent pot plant; requires similar treatment to *Primula Sinensis*. 1/- packet.

PRIMULA

Sow in early Autumn.

- 1025 *Vulgaris* (English Primrose). 6d. per packet.
- 1026 *Kewensis*. Decorative; flowers golden yellow. 1/6 per packet.

PUERARIA THUNBERGIANA

(See Japanese Kudzu Vine, page 24)

RHODANTHE

Everlasting.

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

Half hardy annuals. Height, 12 inches.

- 1036 *Maculata*. Beautiful rosy pink.
- 1037 *Maculata Alba*. Pure white.
- 1038 *Manglesi Major*. Large, bright pink.
- 1039 **Mixed**.

RICINUS

Castor Oil Plant.

6d. per pkt.

Sow in Spring and Summer.

- 1041 *Gibsoni*. Large, handsome, purple foliaged plant. Hardy annual. 4 to 5 feet in height.
- 1042 *Zanzibariensis*. A highly ornamental variety; immense leaves, measuring 2 to 2½ feet across. Biennial.

ROCKET or DAME'S VIOLET

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn or Spring.

- 1044 *Sweet*. Fragrant flowers, purple and white, profuse bloomer, hardy perennial.

ROMNEYA

Californian Tree Poppy.

1/- per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

- 1045 *Coulteri*. Pure white flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, with delicate perfume.

RUDBECKIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

- 1050 *Bicolor Superba*. Large flowered, yellow, with large dark spots; very fine variety; height, 2 feet.
- 1051 *Neumannii*. Vivid yellow; dwarf; very floriferous and constant bloomer.

SAINTPAULIA

2/6 per packet.

Sow in Spring.

- 1054 *Ionantha*. Fleshy leaves of a beautiful dark green; flowers clear blue, violet tint, shading to yellow.

SENSITIVE PLANT

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

A tender annual for bush-house culture; when touched its leaves close and droop. Height, 18 inches.

- 1079 *Mimosa Pudica*. Very pretty foliage.

SALVIA

6d. and 1/- per packet.

Half-hardy biennials. Sow in Spring and early Summer.

- 1056 *Splendens Grandiflora*. Scarlet; very showy.
- 1057 *Ingenieur Clavenad*. An improved *Splendens*; flower spikes large, fiery scarlet.
- 1058 *Argentea*. Silvery; flowers pinkish white.
- 1059 *Patens*. Intense bright blue. 1/- per packet.
- 1060 *Farinacea*. Hardy perennial; suitable for bedding; sky blue.
- 1061 *Bonfire*. Dwarf and bushy, covered with erect spikes of scarlet flowers. A beautiful dwarf variety.
- 1062 *Splendens*, **Harbinger**. The plants are dwarf and compact in habit. Rich scarlet. 1/- per packet.
- 1063 *Rosy Gem*. Uncommon shade of deep rose-pink.
- 1064 *White Pearl*. White flowering form of *S. Splendens*.

SCABIOSA

Mourning Bride.

Sow Autumn or Spring.

- 1065 *Dwarf Double*, **Finest Mixed**. Red, white, lilac and purple. Height, 18 inches. 3d. per packet.
- 1065a *Dwarf*, **Fiery Scarlet**. 6d. pkt.
- 1067 *Caucasica*. Perennial. Soft lilac blue. 6d. per packet.
- 1068 *Maxima*, **Mixed**. Large, double flowers. Height, 2 feet. 3d. pkt.
- 1069 *Azure Fairy*. Lavender blue, quite distinct. 6d. per packet.
- 1069a *Peach Blossom*. Is a delightful shade of pink. 6d. per packet.
- 1069b *Shasta*. Large pure white flowers. 6d. per packet.

NEW SCABIOUS—See Novelty Section.

SCHIZANTHUS

6d. per packet.

Sow during Autumn and Spring.

Hardy annuals, requiring a sheltered situation, well suited for pot culture; handsome foliage, and bearing thousands of butterfly-like blossoms. 24 inches, except dwarf variety.

1070 *Grahami*. Beautiful red and shades.

1072 *Pinnatus*. Beautiful bright blue.

1074 *Pyramidalis* (Tom Thumb). 10in.

Various colors; pyramidal.

1075 *Wisetonensis* Hybrids. Superb

strain, excellent as a pot plant.

1076 *Grandiflora Maxim* Hybrids. Extra

choice strain. 1/- per packet.

SESBANIA

Brazilian Glory Pea.

1/- per packet.

Sow in Spring.

1079a *Tripetii*. A perennial flowering shrub; very showy and produced in bunches, free flowering; grows 6 to 8 feet. Flowers orange scarlet in color.

SIDALCEA

1/- per packet.

Sow in Autumn.

1079b *Rose Queen*. Perennial plant, producing spikes 5 to 6 feet high; rose-colored flowers.

SHASTA DAISY

(See *Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum*).

SILENE

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

1080 *Pendula*. Single, bright, rosy red. 18 inches.

1081 *Compacta Rosea*. Double dwarf, bright rose. 6 inches.

SALPIGLOSSIS

3d. and 6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

Showy annuals, richly coloured, veined and mottled blossoms. Likes rich light soil. Height, 2 feet.

1088 *Grandiflora Superbissima*, Mixed.

SEPARATE COLORS.

6d. per pkt.; set of eight, 3/6.

1089 Velvety red.

1090 Yellow, white border.

1091 Rosy chamois, carmine centre.

1092 Magenta, yellow throat.

1093 Deep carmine violet.

1094 Purple-red, striped yellow.

1095 Dark garnet red.

1095a Carmine red.

STATICE

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring, Summer and Autumn.

ANNUAL VARIETIES.

1097 *Sinuata*, Blue.

1096 *Sinuata*, Pink.

1097a *Sinuata*, Lavender.

1097b *Sinuata*, White.

1097c *Sinuata*, Mixed.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

1098 Mixed. A useful plant.

1099 *Caspia* (Latifolia type).

1099a *Macrophylla Atrocoerulea*. Rich deep blue.

1099b *Perezii Multiflora*. Blue.

1099c Purple Cloud.

STOKESIA

Stokes Aster.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Hardy perennial of great value; herbaceous in character.

1125 Purple. 6d. per packet.

STREPTOCARPUS

2/6 per packet.

1125a Single Hybrids. Sow seed under glass in Autumn and early Spring. Suitable only for green or bushhouse cultivation.

SUNFLOWER

(See *Helianthus*, page 23)

SWEET WILLIAM

(See *Dianthus Barbatus*, page 25).

SWEET PEA

Special List on Application.

TACSONIA

1/- per packet.

Sow seed in Spring.

1126 *Mollissima*. This beautiful evergreen climber produces long, tubular-shaped pink flowers, followed by edible fruit known as "Banana" Passion Fruit.

TELOPEA

6d. per packet.

1127 *Speciosissima*, Waratah.

THALICTRUM

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

1129 *Adiantifolium*. Herbaceous Perennial; resembles maiden-hair fern.

1129a *Dipterocarpum* (The Lavender Shower-Bush). Herbaceous; small, lavender-colored flowers.

THUNBERGIA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Spring.

Half-hardy climbing annual; grows rapidly. Height, 36 inches.

1130 *Choicest Mixed*. Flowers brilliant and various colors.

TITHONIA

Mexican Sunflower.

Sow in Spring and Summer.

6d. per packet.

1131 *Speciosa*. Bright orange. Height, 5 feet.

TORENIA

1/- per packet.

Sow in Spring.

An ornamental pot plant, perennial; suitable for bedding in sheltered positions. Height, 12 inches.

1133 *Baillona*. Flowers yellow, brownish red throat.

1134 *Fournieri Grandiflora*. Large purple and white flowers.

TROPÆOLUM

6d. per packet.

Sow Spring and Summer.

1135 *Canariensis* (Canary Creeper). Foliage delicate; flowers golden.

VERBASCUM

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

1149b Dwarf Hybrids. Charming low-growing plant, sending up many spikes of pretty flowers of various colors; excellent for cutting; perennial.

VERBENA

6d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

One of the most useful bedding plants; very hardy.

1140 *Mammoth Hybrid*. Mixed. Extra large flowers.

1141 *Auricula Flowered*, Mixed. 6 ins.

1142 *Coccinea*. Beautiful glowing scarlet; very fine. 6 inches.

1143 *Italian Striped*. Handsomely striped.

1144 *Coerulea*. Shades of blue; contrasts well; effective.

1145 *Candidissima*. Beautiful pure white; large trusses of flowers.

1146 *Lucifer*. Brilliant scarlet.

1147 *Lutea*. Pale yellow.

1148 *Mayflower*. Pink, self.

1149 *Royal Bouquet* (Upright). Auricula eyed type. Mixed.

1149a Blue shades.

1149b *Etna*. Intense geranium-red, yellow eye.

VIOLA (See Page 14)

VIOLET

6d. per packet.

Sow in the Autumn and Spring.

1150 *Odorata* (Sweet Violet). Very hardy; perennial. 6 inches.

1151 *The Czar*. Very large; fragrant; purple. 6 inches.

1152 *Alba*. Pretty, white; distinct. 6in.

VIRGINIAN STOCK

3d. per packet.

Sow in Autumn and Spring.

Very dwarf, free blooming, hardy annual; very effective for edgings.

1157 Red. Good rich color. 6 inches.

1158 White. Fine pure white. 6 inches.

1158a Mixed.

VISCARIA

6d. per packet.

Sow Spring and Autumn.

Of a free-blooming nature, this dwarf, compact-growing annual—height, 12 inches—is suitable for edging or for massing.

1159 Dwarf White.

1159a Firefly Red.

1159b Azure Blue.

WALLFLOWER

3d. per packet.

(Except where otherwise marked).

Sow Spring and Autumn.

BIENNIAL VARIETIES.

(Late Flowering)

1160 *Blood Red Single*. The old favourite, distinct.

1161 *Choicest Mixed*. Single; colors from blood red to pale yellow.

1162 *Cloth of Gold*. Distinct rich golden yellow.

1164 *Ruby Gem*. Single; a most brilliant flower, beautiful ruby violet; flowers extra large.

1166 *Choice Double Mixed*. Grand strain; choicest double, all colors; most beautiful. 6d. per packet.

ANNUAL VARIETIES.

(Early Flowering).

6d. per packet.

Sow during late Summer and early Autumn. Will flower during Winter and Spring. Suitable for warm climates.

1165 *Early Single, Mixed* (Paris Market). Beautifully sweet-scented.

1169 *Early Single Brown*.

1170 *Early Single Golden Gem*. Golden yellow, with green bud.

1170a *Early Single, Blood Red*.

1170b *Early Single, Belvoir Castle*. Flowers yellow; buds dark brown.

1170c *Early Double, Mixed*.

WHITLAVIA

6d. per packet.

Sow Autumn and Spring.

1171 *Grandiflora*. Bright blue; pretty and striking. 6 inches.

1172 *Gloxinoides*. White and blue; showy. 6 inches.

ZINNIAS (See Page 16)

Ornamental Grasses

Agrostis Nebulosa (Fairy Grass)
Avena Sterillis (Animated Oat)
Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass)
Eragrostis Elegans (Love Grass)
Erianthus Ravennae (Silvery Plumes)
Eulalia Japonica.
Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel Tail)
Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass)
Pennisetum Rupellianum.
Stipa Elegantissima (Emu Grass)
Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass)
Tricholena Rosea.
Zea Japonica Variegata (Striped Maize)

Packets of above Ornamental Grasses, separate kinds, or in Mixture, 6d. each.
 6 Beautiful Varieties 2/-
 8 Beautiful Varieties 3/3
 12 Beautiful Varieties 4/6



FARM SEEDS

ANDERSON & COMPANY, LTD., the well-known Seedsmen of George Street, Sydney, have made the handling of farm seeds their speciality since 1863. During that period they have carefully studied the requirements of the different districts of the State. They are thus in an ideal position to give expert advice regarding grazing and general farm problems.

MANGEL WURZEL Mangold

No dairy farmer should be without a few acres of this most valuable root crop. It greatly adds to the quality of milk, and roots can be stored for many months if required. It is useful also for feeding cows and pigs. The Long Red and Yellow Globe are the varieties most esteemed.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Best variety for deep, well-worked, rich land. 1/9 per lb., Postage extra.

YELLOW INTERMEDIATE—Excellent for deep, rich, strong land. 2/- per lb., Postage extra.

CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE—Most suitable shallow soils; keeps well. 2/- per lb., Postage extra.

HALF LONG SUGAR—White. 2/- per lb. Postage extra.

HALF LONG SUGAR—Pink. 2/- per lb. Postage extra.

CULTURAL NOTES

Good, strong, and deeply worked soil will produce the heaviest crops; the land should be ploughed deeply twice, scarified, rolled and harrowed lightly. Sow in drills four feet apart, and thin to 12 to 18 inches between each plant; 3 to 4 lb. of seed is sufficient for an acre, and soaking the seed in warm water for 24 hours will hasten germination. January to March, also in the Spring, are the best months to sow.

BEANS Soja or Soy Bean

Price on application.

CULTURAL NOTES

This plant makes fine green fodder for stock, cut when in flower; it also makes excellent hay, of which stock are very fond. The main use for Soy Beans is as green manure or soil crop, for which purpose it is very highly esteemed in the cooler areas. Also recommended as a rotation crop, especially in the tableland districts. Special attention is drawn to this valuable fodder and soil improving crop by the N.S.W. Department of Agriculture, and leaflets are available on application. Although Soy Beans have been under cultivation in a small way for many years in N.S.W., its advantages as a hay, fodder or rotation crop have not been fully appreciated. Farmers are strongly advised to become interested in its valuable properties. In the United States very large areas are devoted to growing Soy Beans for use on the lines recommended above. Sow in drills at the rate of 12 lb. per acre. If broadcasted say 20 to 30 lb. per acre. Sow from October to January.

Florida Velvet Bean

Price on application.

It is claimed for this Bean that it is one of the best land fertilisers which can be grown. It is a nitrogenous plant; enriching the ground in a wonderful manner; stock are also fond of it, either as green fodder or when matured.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in Spring in hills 4 feet apart, and the same distance between the rows, two or three Beans in each hill; 15 to 20 lb. will sow an acre.

Horse Bean

Price on application.

CULTURAL NOTES

The land for this crop should be deeply ploughed and well worked; a good strong soil, or even clay, is preferable to light or sandy soil. April is the best month to sow, but later sowing can also be made during May, June or July. One bushel will sow an acre in drills 2 to 3 feet apart.

All seeds offered by them are cleaned by one of the most up-to-date seed-cleaning plants. In conformity with the N.S.W. Seeds Act, all seeds are also tested to ensure a high standard of germination. Samples and quotations will be willingly sent free, together with a copy of their Monthly Price List of Farm Seeds, on receipt of application.

SWEDE and FIELD TURNIPS

ANDERSON'S IMPERIAL PURPLE TOP SWEDE—Splendid heavy Swede; fine shape; excellent quality, and keeps well. Per lb. 2/6, Post Free 3/-.

SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP SWEDE—Heavy cropper, and a well-known variety. Per lb. 2/6, Post Free 3/-.

EAST LOTHIAN PURPLE TOP SWEDE—Hardy, and a good keeper. Per lb. 2/6, Post Free 3/-.

SUTTON'S CHAMPION PURPLE TOP SWEDE—Fine shape and heavy cropper. Per lb. 2/6, Post Free 3/-.

EMPEROR GREEN TOP SWEDE—Good size, and a fine keeping variety. Per lb. 2/6, Post Free 3/-.

The following are suitable for the colder districts:—

PURPLE TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN—Large, good quality. Per lb. 4/-, Post Free 4/6.

GREEN TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN—Hardy, good keeper. Per lb. 4/-, Post Free 4/6.

WHITE POMERANIAN GLOBE—Large, and very useful. Per lb. 3/-, Post Free 3/6.

CULTURAL NOTES

Any rich, strong land, if well ploughed, harrowed and rolled, will produce fine turnips. The best time to sow Swedes is January or February, although some prefer an earlier or later sowing. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin the plants to 18 inches apart; 2 to 3 lb. of seed will sow an acre.

The Aberdeen and White Pomeranian can be sown a few weeks later.

RAILWAY REGULATION.

The attention of our customers is drawn to the fact that parcels under 14 lbs. in weight cannot be despatched by goods train.

Sugar Beet

Price, 2/6 per lb.

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED, WHITE

This root crop makes an excellent food for dairy cattle and pigs, and yields heavily.

CULTURAL NOTES

The cultivation is much the same as that of Mangel Wurzel, but the plants should stand closer in the rows.

Sheep Burnet

1/6 per lb. Special price for large lots.

CULTURAL NOTES

This valuable forage plant is a perennial, and is specially adapted for poor, arid soils which would not grow lucerne. It produces most nutritious feed for sheep and cattle. It has a long tap root, which penetrates so deeply into the soil that it is enabled to resist the most severe droughts. Burnet can be grown alone, or with grass seed for hay or pasture. Sow in March and April; broadcast at the rate of 12 to 15 lb. per acre; 5 to 6 lb. when mixed with grass seed.

Cattle Cabbage

Price, 4/6 per lb., Post Free.

ROBINSON'S CHAMPION OX

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in June in seed beds of poor soil to furnish plants for transplanting into the field in August and September. Another sowing may also be made in January or February, but June is the best month to sow for large field cabbage required during Winter and early Spring for cattle or pig food. Four ounces of seed will give plants for one acre. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked; and horse, cow, or pig manure can be used in large quantities.

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

Buckwheat

Price, 12/6 per bushel.

CULTURAL NOTES

A splendid quick-growing fodder plant, which can be sown in succession from the end of September to March. It is also grown for green manure, to be ploughed in, which greatly increases the fertility of the soil. Sow 4 to 5 pecks broadcast, and 1 to 2 pecks in drills, per acre.

Field Carrot

Price, 5/- per lb., post free.

LONG RED SURREY
LARGE RED ALTRINGHAM
WHITE BELGIAN

CULTURAL NOTES

Valuable root crop; prefers land of a light loamy or sandy description, deeply tilled. Choose land in good heart, and never use stable manure when putting in this crop. Four pounds will sow an acre in drills. Sow during September. Another sowing may be made in February or March.

Cattle Melon

Price, 5/- per lb., post free.

CULTURAL NOTES

Deeply dig or trench the ground, add farm-yard or artificial manure abundantly; plant in hills three or four yards apart, and sow a few seeds in each hill. September or October are the best months to sow, but late plantings may be made in favourable seasons. One pound of seed will sow an acre.

Kale Thousand-headed

Price, 2/6 per lb., postage extra.

A valuable fodder plant, which can be fed down two, and sometimes three times during the season.

CULTURAL NOTES

Sow in June in seed beds of poor soil, to furnish plants for transplanting into the field in August and September. Another broadcast sowing, 5 or 6 lb. per acre, may be made in January or February, but June is the best month for sowing for winter and early spring for cattle and pig food. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre if raised in the seed beds and planted out—or sow in drills 2 to 3 lb. per acre, thinning when required. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked, and horse, cow, or pig manure can be used in large quantities. Bone dust at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre will not be a too liberal dressing where farm-yard manures are not available.

Chou Moellier

(FODDER PLANT)

Price, 3/6 per lb., postage extra.

This plant yields an enormous amount of feed; sometimes grows 6 feet in height. In a young state it can be fed down like Rape, or allowed to mature, and chopped or cut up, and fed to dairy stock.

Sow seed in Autumn or Spring in drills two feet apart; young plants can be thinned or transplanted, to stand 12 or 14 inches apart in the rows.

Chicory

Price, 7/6 per lb., postage extra.

Cultivated as a root crop, Chicory should be grown in a similar manner to Carrots. A loamy or sandy soil is most suitable. Sow during August and September.

White Mustard

Price, 1/- per lb., special quotation for cwt. lots.

We recommend the use of White Mustard with Dwarf Essex Rape, at the rate of 1 oz. of Mustard Seed to 1 lb. of Rape—the two combined forming a most excellent fodder.

ONION

AS A FIELD CROP.

CULTURAL NOTES.

The best time of the year to sow for the main crop of Onions in the colder parts of the State is August. In the coastal districts, and the warmer parts of the State, it will be advisable to sow the seed in May, June and July, according to situation, so that the crop will have a chance to mature before the hot weather sets in.

Sow in Drills, with machine, 4 lb. seed to acre, ordinary crop; with hand, 8 lb.

Sow in Drills, with machine, 8 lb. seed for pickling onions.

Sow in Drills (open), with hand, 15 lb. seed for pickling onions.

Sow Broadcast, 20 lb. seed for pickling onions.

Brown Spanish	10/-
Brown Globe	10/-
Hunter River Brown (Early)	35/-
Extra Early Flat Red	10/-
Mammoth Silver King	10/-
Silverskin Pickling	10/-

SOWING RAPE

Genuine Dwarf Essex Broad-Leaved
Prices on Application.

THE CULTURE OF RAPE.

Land should be prepared for Rape by ploughing well during the Winter and exposing it to the action of the atmosphere; the land should then be cross-ploughed, harrowed, and worked to a fine surface by January. When sown broadcast from 5 to 7 lbs. is used per acre. Rape can also be grown for green manure, and ploughed under as soon as the plants have made a strong growth and become well rooted. For Barley and Wheat this makes an excellent manure, and it will also rest and clean the land. For sheep the seed should be drilled the same as for Turnips; sow 3 to 4 lb. per acre, and when the seed comes too thickly thin the young plants like Turnips, and cultivate the crop in similar manner. Sheen must not be turned in until the crop is full grown.

Cow Pea

WHITE, BLACK AND CLAY COLORED.
Prices on Application.

The Cow Pea possesses a great value as a green manure, and, like all leguminous plants, it takes nitrogen from the atmosphere and deposits it in the soil during growth.

CULTURAL NOTES.

Spring is the best time to sow, and if the crop is intended for green feed, we advise sowing in drills 2½ to 3 feet wide, and thinning the plants to 1 foot apart in the drills; about 10 lb. of seed will sow an acre in this way, but for green manuring, 30 to 50 lb. should be sown broadcast, and the crop should be ploughed down just when the seeds have formed. For this purpose it can be sown during early summer.

Field Pea

Partridge or Grey
Small and Large Blue
Dun

Prices on Application.

CULTURAL NOTES.

Any fair loamy strong soil, if well drained and deeply ploughed, or a sandy loam, will suit this crop; and it is not necessary that land should be very rich, as a strong haulm is not desirable. The seed can either be sown in drills or broadcast. Sow in April, May or June, 1½ to 2 bushels per acre.

Peanuts

ARACHIS HYPOGEA

1/- per lb.; Postage extra.

Special Price for large quantities.

These Nuts do well in most of the warm districts of our State and in Queensland. The soil should be of a very open nature, thoroughly broken up, but not to a greater depth than 4 or 5 inches. It being desirable to keep the Nuts as near the surface as possible. Sow the Nuts in September, in drills 3 feet apart, and 9 to 12 inches between the Nuts, and about 3 inches deep; they may be planted whole at the rate of 40 lb. to the acre. It is necessary to keep the soil free from weeds until the vines have covered the ground, when the crop will need but little attention. Harvest when the vines turn yellow, and while most of the Nuts still cling to the roots.

Cattle Pumpkin

Anderson's Mammoth, 3/6 lb.; Postage extra.

Gramma, 8/6 per lb.; Postage extra.

CULTURAL NOTES

The best month to sow is October, though it is common to do so in August and September. To get heavy crops, the richer the land the better, and it should be sub-soiled as well as ploughed; and if manure is applied, should be distributed near the surface, and over the whole area devoted to the crop, and dug in—not merely in the holes where the seed is sown; these should be well prepared and manured, and only 3 or 4 plants be allowed to remain in each of the hills, which should be 3 to 6 yards apart. One pound of seed will sow an acre.

Rye

COMMON

Price on application.

CULTURAL NOTES

This excellent forage plant will grow on poor or rich land. Sow from March to July, broadcast 1 bushel per acre.

Sainfoin

ESPARCETTE

Price on application.

CULTURAL NOTES

An excellent forage plant particularly suited to our climate. Sow the seed broadcast at the rate of 40 lbs. per acre. Sow March and April.

Sunflower

LARGE RUSSIAN

1/- per lb.; Postage extra.

Tares or Vetches

LARGE BLACK AND GOLDEN

Prices on application

CULTURAL NOTES

Valuable either for hay or green fodder. Prefers rather a strong, well-worked soil, and will even grow in clayey ground during moist seasons if it has been well manured. On average land one ploughing will be sufficient. Sow in March, April and May, with Barley or Rye.

Teosinte

EUCHLAENA LUXURIANS

6d. per pkt.; 3/6 per lb.; Postage extra.

CULTURAL NOTES

This being a tropical plant, only the warmer districts of this State and Queensland are suitable to its cultivation. When it has reached a height of 3 or 4 feet, it will, if cut for fodder, give three or four cuttings. Sow October and November.

Tagasaste

CYTISUS PROLIFERUS

4/- per lb.; Postage extra.

This plant is sometimes called "Tree Lucerne." A forage plant of which stock are fond. Valuable in hot, dry districts, as it roots deeply, and is very hardy.

Sow in Autumn or Spring, and thin out to 10 feet apart.

SORGHUMS AND MILLETS

For Nutritious Green Fodder



Actual Photo showing luxuriant growth of Early Orange Sorghum.

Early Orange Sorghum

Early Orange is one of the best drought-resisting Sorghums. Its nutritive value is high, and it is claimed to be much superior to Saccaline. In growth a height of from 12 to 13 feet is obtained, and a marked freedom from disease is one of its merits. The growth is rapid, the taste sweeter, and the stem covering much softer, than other Sorghums. The stalk is excellent feed and keeps its juice well. Though not quite so tall as some other varieties it stands up well and does not fall or break up. Early Orange Sorghum is ideal for green feed (after wilting), ensilage or hay. Similar to other Sorghums, it stools freely, and during the season will stand several cuttings. When sowing, the same quantity as other Sorghums may be used.

Prices on Application.

Sudan Grass

SORGHUM VULGARIE

Sudan Grass, so called, is really a Sorghum, and is primarily used as a hay crop. It is probably the most drought-resisting hay plant known. It may be grazed, but it will not then supply the same amount of feed. Sudan Grass will thrive on land that will not grow Lucerne, and will make itself at home on almost every class of soil. These facts should be of vital interest, as it ensures a greater yield per acre than from any crop yet cultivated. If sown early, it is possible to obtain three cuts per season. Sow eight to ten pounds of seed to the acre in drills, and 20 to 25 lbs. broadcast. Sow Sudan Seed in the Spring.

Anderson's Spring List

We publish each Spring a Special Spring List of Maizes, Millets, Sorghums, Rape, Grasses, fully priced. Make sure and send for a copy. Post Free on application.

SORGHUMS

CULTURAL NOTES

The precise time to sow the seed will depend upon the season and the district, as local and other influences must be taken into consideration—generally speaking, from September to end of January. In any case seed should not be sown until the ground is thoroughly warm, as cold, damp weather will often prevent germination and a vigorous growth after the seed has sprouted. If the crop is required for hay, it is best to sow the seed broadcast at the rate of about 35 to 50 lbs. to the acre. Should the crop be required for feeding to stock in a matured state, or for grain, the seed is best drilled in at the rate of from ten to fifteen pounds per acre. The drills should be about three feet apart.

Early Amber Cane

We strongly recommend this variety of the Sorghum family. It makes splendid feed, is very largely grown, and crops early. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre in rows, or up to 45 to 50 lbs. broadcast.

Planter's Friend

TRUE SOUTHERN SEED.

One of the most popular of the Sorghum family, it produces enormously, and can be cut two or three times. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre in drills; up to 45 to 50 lbs. broadcast.

Saccaline or Sweet Sorghum

The Sorghum of high nutritive value, and specially fine as a fodder for the coastal districts. Saccaline grows to a height of 12 feet, and springs again when cut. Sow 35 to 50 lbs. to the acre broadcast, or 10 lbs. in drills.

MILLETS

CULTURAL NOTES

In the coastal districts the seed may be put in any time during September, October, November, December, and January, but in the cooler parts October, November, and December will be found the best months to sow. The seed may be drilled or sown broadcast. Generally there is but little, if any, choice between the two methods when the crop is to be grown for green feed or cut for hay, except that the drilled-in seed usually results in a more even growth, and a little less seed is required. Where the crop is grown for grain or ensilage it is advisable to drill the seed in. By this method it takes ten pounds of seed to sow an acre, but if sown broadcast, fifteen to twenty pounds will be required for the same area.

Japanese Millet

Is of rapid growth, is drought resisting, and yields large quantities of green fodder. Sow 28 lbs. per acre broadcast, or 12 lbs. in drills.

Hungarian Millet

THE TRUE GIANT VARIETY

Is recommended as a green food, and for hay. Sow 20 lbs. per acre broadcast, 8 lbs. in drills.

Pearl Millet

This is relished by stock, but is not so valuable as some of the other varieties. 10 to 12 lbs. will sow an acre broadcast. Sow October and November.

Broom Millet

WHITE ITALIAN

Valuable only for broom-making. 6d. per lb.

JOHNSON GRASS

SORGHUM HALEPENSE

1/6 per lb. Special Quotation for Large Parcels.

One of the best fodder plants we have for poor land, and while it is known as Johnson Grass, it is in reality a Millet. Sown largely on the poorer pasture lands, it has proved invaluable during periods of drought. It spreads rapidly, its runners sending up a shoot at every joint. For this reason it should not be sown on cultivated land or in the garden, as if once introduced it is almost impossible to eradicate it. Its remarkable adaptability to all sorts of soil, and its resistance to drought render it most valuable. It can be cut three times a year, and it will give five tons of hay per acre. The best time to cut for that purpose is when the plant comes into bloom. Sow and cover lightly 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow during Spring; it will not stand frost.

Anderson's RE-CLEANED AND MACHINE DRESSED Grasses for Permanent Pastures

NOTE:—At the time of compiling this catalogue, the prices of Grasses were uncertain. We shall be pleased to forward quotations upon receipt of enquiry from our friends and customers. Our samples are all prime, re-cleaned and of a high standard of germination.

COCKSFOOT GRASS

(*Dactylis Glomerata*)

This is perhaps the most generally useful of all the introduced grasses. It produces heavy crops of feed which is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock; can be either depastured or cut for hay; grows rapidly after being cut or grazed, and will flourish on a variety of soils and situations. It is largely grown by dairy farmers and graziers, and is one of the most prized of the imported grasses in New South Wales owing to its hardy constitution and excellent fattening qualities, and it should be in every mixture. It reaches its greatest perfection in the cooler districts of the State. Two bushels to the acre.

POVERTY BAY RYE GRASS

A type of Perennial Rye Grass originating in the Poverty Bay district, in the North Island of New Zealand. Specially recommended for use in pasture mixture; seed saved from very old pastures.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS

(*Lolium Italicum*)

This is an excellent grass to grow for green fodder for dairying purposes. On rich, moist soil it will yield three or four heavy cuttings in a year. It is only a biennial. Seed bearded. Two bushels will sow an acre.

WESTERNWOLTH RYE GRASS

An improved type of Italian Rye Grass giving a heavier yield; particularly suitable for cool districts. Two bushels to the acre.

WIMMERA RYE GRASS

(*Lolium Subulatum*)

A drought resistant form of Italian Rye Grass. An annual, and has proved a very desirable addition to the pasture grasses, especially in conjunction with Subterranean Clover and others on second-class land. During the past few years it has been utilised successfully in many parts of N.S.W. and Victoria, both for pasture and hay purposes. Seed is not plentiful at present. Price on application.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS

(*Lolium Perenne*)

An excellent pasture grass; produces an abundance of fibrous roots; starts very early in Spring. Possesses most nutritious qualities, and is relished by all kinds of stock. It bears depasturing well, and will succeed in any average soil. In the cooler districts of the State it thrives admirably, and yields surprising results. Samples of Rye Grass Seed differ so very much in quality that great care on the part of the purchaser is necessary. Seed from old pastures should be insisted on; none other is permanent. Two bushels will sow an acre.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

Or Smooth-Stalk Meadow Grass

(*Poa Pratensis*)

A good pasture grass; suits the coast and cool districts, and will thrive in poor land. It forms a thick turf, and prefers sandy loam. Should form a portion of all pasture grass mixture; is one of the very best herbage grasses in cultivation.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL GRASS

(*Cynosurus Cristatus*)

A valuable grass for sheep pastures, forms a compact turf, deep rooting, capable of resisting drought. Good lawn grass, but not strong growing enough for cutting as fodder. Its chief value is for permanent pastures.

PRAIRIE GRASS

(*Bromus Unioides*)

A very fine, rapid-growing grass, which yields a large amount of herbage during the Autumn and Winter months. It seeds very freely, and soon spreads by self-sowing. A nutritious fodder and pasture grass, one of the most valuable we possess. In rich land it will produce very heavy crops of the richest fgrage, and will afford five or six cuttings in the year. As a pasture grass it is first-class, being even richer in nutritious properties than the much-valued Perennial Rye Grass. It will give the best results in rich, moist land, but will do fairly well on any soil, and should form part of all pasture mixtures. Two bushels will sow an acre.

COUCH GRASS

(*Cynodon Dactylon*)

Bermuda Grass of America

Doob Grass of India

In dry seasons this grass is invaluable. It is esteemed as a pasture grass for its nutritious and flesh-forming properties. It will grow during the hot months of Summer, and start into fresh green growths after rain. Its long sucking roots soon cover the surface of the land, rooting at every point. It is a Summer and Autumn grass, and has no rival in dry, hot seasons. For a lawn or bowling green this is without doubt the most suitable grass for the coastal and warmer districts, and if kept well watered and cut, it will produce a beautiful green carpet during the hottest weather. Sow 10lb. per acre.

MOLASSES GRASS

(*Melinis Minutiflora*)

In response to several enquiries respecting the above grass we have been able to get a small supply of the seed. This grass has proved a valuable addition to pastures and is good for fodder purposes. It has proved resistant to drought, is robust in habit and growth and is palatable to stock. Molasses Grass has grown exceptionally well on poor soil, it is well known in the Northern part of Queensland, and very suitable for the warm districts of N. S. Wales. Price, 10/- per lb.

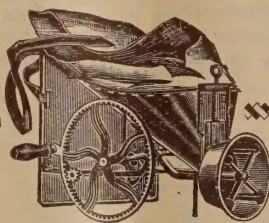
CHEWINGS FESCUE

A variety of Hard Fescue (*Festuca Duriuscula*), which originated in New Zealand. An exceedingly useful and hardy variety; a great drought resister.

MEADOW FESCUE

(*Festuca Pratensis*)

A valuable grass for permanent pastures on all good but not too dry soils. Its leaves are succulent and tender, and it never forms rank turfs.



"Cahoon" Broadcast Seed Sower

This Broadcast Seed Sower has proved of great utility to the man on the land. It is of strong construction and is a most economical method of sowing Clovers, Millets, Lucerne, Grasses and other fine seeds. The distributing apparatus is easily adjustable for different sized seeds. As an investment it will pay for itself many times over.

Price, 28/-.

Carriage and Packing Extra.

HARD FESCUE

(*Festuca Duriuscula*)

A variety of Sheep's Fescue, somewhat taller, and a good pasture grass for soil of sandy or light nature. It will not grow well on heavy land; a productive and nutritious grass.

SHEEP'S FESCUE

(*Festuca Ovina*)

A very hardy pasture grass, most suitable for sowing on the tablelands of the State; thrives on any average soil, and will even grow luxuriantly on poor land. It stands dry seasons fairly well; relished by stock; suitable lawn grass for cooler districts.

TALL FESCUE

(*Festuca Elatior*)

Productive and vigorous growing variety; much relished either as a pasture or hay. Strong and moist soils are suitable for its growth.

TALL OAT GRASS

(*Avena Elatior*)

A grass that will grow on almost any soil—it is recommended to be sown with other grasses in mixture for hay or pasture.

ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW GRASS

(*Poa Trivialis*)

Suitable for pastures, and much relished by stock. All these meadow grasses prefer light soil, and may be sown at any time during the Autumn or Spring, when the soil is in suitable condition and the weather favourable.

EVERGREEN MEADOW GRASS

(*Poa Sempervirens*)

One of the most valuable of the Poas. Very suitable for cooler districts.

WOOD MEADOW GRASS

(*Poa Nemoralis*)

A fine grass for sowing on natural pastures in country shaded by timber; it will also grow well in open country. Very nutritious, though not remarkable for abundance of yield. Desirable grass for pasture mixtures.

Sweet-Scented Vernal Grass

(*Anthoxanthum Odoratum*)

This perennial grass is liked on account of the perfume it imparts to meadow hay. As it starts early, it is a useful grass in pastures where the land is of a moist character. A pound or two should be added to all permanent pasture mixtures.

PHALARIS BULBOSA

The Great Winter Grass

This wonderful Fodder plant is adapted to almost any part of the State except in the far Western districts, although on the Irrigation Areas (Murrumbidgee) it has done remarkably well.

Phalaris is essentially a Winter grass, and it is in the colder regions of the State, such as Glen Innes, Guyra, Ben Lomond, that it has proved such a wonderful success.

In some of the districts the areas under Phalaris have been considerably increased of recent years. In some instances the seed is sown alone at from 2 to 6 lb. per acre, in other instances it has been sown along with other grasses, such as Cocksfoot, Rye, Fescue, Clovers, using from 1 to 2 lb. of Phalaris per acre, according to fancy.

The seed should be sown as early in the Autumn as possible to enable the grass to become thoroughly established before the Winter. It is also possible to increase the area under Phalaris by division of roots and transplanting.

Phalaris is a rapid grower and attaining a height of 7 to 8 feet makes excellent hay, yielding 8 tons per acre.

During the growing season the herbage is very rich and good.

Special leaflet with Prices on application.

Wallaby Grass

(*Danthona Semiannularis*)

A valuable forage grass that adapts itself to almost any condition of soil or climate, and is recommended for systematic cultivation.

Rhodes Grass

(*Chloris Gayana*)

Price on Application.

This famous Grass has now fully established itself, and is recognised as a most valuable fodder grass. Sow seed in the Spring, and during Summer; 1lb. to 2lb. of seed will sow an acre.

Paspalum Compressum

Known as Carpet Grass; eminently suitable for lawns. Dwarf, compact habit, easily cut with lawn mower.

Paspalum Dilatatum

(The Great Dairying Grass)

Price on Application.

FINEST STRONG-GROWING SEED. This Grass has proved a great success in the Northern River district, and is particularly suitable for pasturing dairy cattle. It luxuriates under sub-tropical influences. It stands dry, hot weather admirably, yields a large quantity of herbage, and will soon spread. The seed should be sown at the rate of 2lb. per acre, mixed with other grasses, or 6lb. per acre sown alone. The best time for sowing is in Spring and early Summer.

Timothy or Catstail Grass

(*Phleum Pratense*)

A very productive and nutritious grass, suitable for hay, green fodder, or as one of the grasses in permanent pasture mixtures. In rich soil it yields enormous crops of fodder, while in poor soil it is also productive, sown with other grasses for grazing, when its luxuriant character will be assured, as it readily accommodates itself to circumstances. Sow in Autumn and Spring.

MONTHLY FARM SEED LIST

At the beginning of each month we issue a Farm Seed List, giving the latest market prices. A copy will be willingly sent to you Post Free on request.

Native Grasses

MITCHELL GRASS (*Astrebula Triticoides*). 7/6 per lb. ..

This perennial grass is found on rich soil all over the interior, but nowhere in large quantities. Under good cultivation, it yields a very large amount of rich succulent herbage, stock being very fond of it.

N.S.W. BLUE GRASS (*Andropogon Sericeus*). 7/6 per lb.

A splendid and valuable pasture grass, and makes considerable growth during Winter, and is thus doubly valuable to the grazier. During the Summer it yields a rich, leafy, bottom herbage, of which sheep are particularly fond, and fatten well on it. Stands close feeding, and makes capital hay.

Australian Salt Bush Seeds

Prices on Application.

The Salt Bush is a wonderful plant, and enjoys a great reputation amongst stockmen in the arid districts of the Central Plains. The kinds enumerated below will withstand long periods of dry weather, and still retain their nutritious qualities. Stock feed upon them with avidity. The best time to sow is Autumn, after a rainfall for preference. Seed may also be sown in early Spring.

We can usually supply seeds of the following varieties:—

CREEPING SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Semibaccata*).
SLENDER-FRUITED SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Leptocarpa*).
HALIMUS-LIKE SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Halimoides*).
ALL-FRUITED SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Holocarpa*).
ANGULAR-FRUITED SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Angulata*).
BLADDER SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Vesicaria*).
ROUND-LEAVED or OLD MAN SALT BUSH (*Atriplex Nummularis*).

Grasses for Lawns

HOW TO SUCCESSFULLY MAKE A LAWN.

SOW MARCH TO AUGUST.

A NEATLY-KEPT LAWN, closely cut and free from noxious weeds, adds a finishing touch to the Home Garden. A beautiful rich, green lawn of ANDERSON'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS SEED, possessing that smooth, even, carpet-like appearance, is a delight to the eye, and a pleasure to walk upon.

First trench the soil, or at least dig deeply; this will assure a vigorous root growth. A dressing of Bone Dust at the rate of 4 ozs. to the square yard will greatly improve the lawn. To be a success, a lawn should be well drained.

Heavy soil can be made friable by working in a supply of slack lime or sand. Either will greatly improve the soil.

A weed-free lawn can be secured by going to a little trouble in the initial stages. After the ground has been well-dug and levelled, allow it to remain idle for five or six weeks. Then thoroughly hoe out the weeds that have germinated.

Before sowing, well rake the surface and remove all stones. Give a good watering, using a fine-nozzled hose. An important point to remember is that the finer the soil and the more even the surface, so will your lawn attain a better growth.

Sow ANDERSON'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS SEED broadcast on a fine day. A good plan, when sowing the seed, is to lay a plank or planks across the surface and sow an area two yards wide. Then gently rake over the soil, and so work until the whole of the lawn is completed. After sowing, it is advisable to lightly roll, thus fixing the soil. When the seedling grass is about one inch in height, it should be rolled again, and the operation occasionally repeated. This will make for a good sward in the days to come.

It is important to keep the lawn well watered with the aid of a fine-nozzled hose; this will encourage a strong root development and prevent the young tender shoots from dying off.

Birds and cats can cause a lot of damage to a new lawn. The application of the following simple remedy will save you much annoyance and possibly loss of temper. Place wooden pegs around the edges of the lawn, leaving about 8 inches out of the ground, and stretch strands of black cotton across the lawn; this will effectually keep birds and cats away.

SOWING QUANTITIES:—

1 lb. Anderson's Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed will sow 200 square feet—25ft. x 8ft.

Anderson's Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed

Machine Cleaned. Price on Application.

Couch

Particularly suitable for warm situations.

Price on Application.

Creeping Bent

(*AGROSTIS*)

For Lawns, Tennis Courts, Golf Courses, this Grass is recommended. Price on Application.

Buffalo

(ROOTS ONLY). 2/- per 100; 17/6 per 1,000.

Postage or Carriage Extra.

Seed Grains

Seed Grain offered by us is bought from proved growers of repute only. All grain is dressed and re-cleaned. We shall be pleased to submit samples and prices on application. We sell Seed Grain for Nett Cash Only. F.O.B. or F.O.R. Sydney.

WHEAT

Thew	Hard Federation	Marshall's No. 3
Canberra	Yandilla King	Florence, Fribank

OATS

White Tartarian	Algerian	Guyra.
Potato	Sunrise	Mulga

BARLEY

Cape	Skinless	English or Malting
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All Finest Seed Samples.

Seed Maizes

The Maizes sold by us are standard kinds, true to name and are obtained from the best sources. When possible the Maizes will be selected cobs, "topped and tailed." Thus, first-class seed is secured. Samples and quotations upon application. All seed sold as per sample. We usually handle the following kinds:—

Funk's Yellow Dent	Fitzroy	Hickory King
Wellingrove	Iowa Silver Mine	Yellow Ninety Day
Golden Glow	Iowa Gold Mine	Leaming
Golden Superb	Large Red Hogan	Golden Beauty

Send for our Spring List, containing the above.

Post Free on Application.

Clovers and other Pasture Seeds

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON APPLICATION

Lucerne

(MEDICAGO SATIVA)

N.S.W. GROWN TRUE BROAD-LEAVED TYPE

Our re-cleaned genuine Australian-grown samples are always to be relied on, and no dairy farm should be without a large paddock of Lucerne, as it largely increases the yield of butter, gives enormous crops of green fodder in succession, and is a great standby in dry seasons if a good supply of hay has been secured. Every station or home farm should have its Lucerne paddock for the same reason, and if the small selector is wise he will make this one of his first cares—to sow a small paddock of this valuable crop on the best land he has, being careful that the soil is thoroughly well worked.

Lucerne can be used either as a green crop or as hay, and all stock will thrive well upon it. The land intended for it must be well and deeply tilled, and deep alluvial soil is most suitable, although any well-worked average land will produce fine crops. Sow in drills about 10 lb., and broadcast about 15lb. of seed to the acre. The best time for sowing, under ordinary circumstances, is Autumn; but Spring sowing is also successfully practised by many growers.

Perennial, Red Clover or Cow Grass

(Trifolium Pratense Perenne)

This is the grand old Red Clover of the English meadows, which is relished by all stock, has splendid fattening qualities, and should be in every pasture mixture sown on the tablelands of the State and cooler districts. A good fodder plant, and makes fine hay. Sow in Autumn, 2 lb. only per acre, when included in pasture mixture.

Scarlet Clover

(Trifolium Incarnatum)

Excellent for a green crop of fine quality, large yield, quick growth, and relished by all kinds of stock. If sown on grazing land, care must be taken that it is kept fed down, as if it is eaten by stock when in flower it has an injurious effect. Sow 20lb. per acre.

Berseem or Egyptian Clover

(Trifolium Alexandrinum)

This Clover having been grown largely in South Australia and Victoria, where it has done remarkably well, has become recognised also in New South Wales as a valuable addition to the list of fodder plants. It has proved of value in many parts of the State, and is specially recommended for Coastal districts. It does fairly well in poor soils, much better than other clovers, and resists droughts. It suits land under irrigation splendidly, and is much relished by stock. It requires to be sown each season, being an annual, and should be sown in Autumn. 14lb. to the acre, broadcast.

(Send for Leaflet about Berseem).

Strawberry Clover

(Trifolium Fragiferum)

The suitability of Strawberry Clover for swampy and moist lands has become established beyond any doubt either as a fodder for dairying cattle or for fattening purposes. Perennial in character and by its habit of growth establishing itself very quickly. Strawberry Clover is also suitable for black loamy land, also moist river flats. Sow 2 lb. shelled seed per acre. Leaflet and price on application.



The above crop of Subterranean Clover averaged $4\frac{1}{2}$ tons to the acre. Photo taken a fortnight after cutting.

Subterranean Clover

(Trifolium Subterraneum)

This annual fodder plant is becoming an important factor in the carrying capacity of many areas devoted to stock of various kinds, including sheep.

Subterranean Clover is highly esteemed by pastoralists because it supplies such a large quantity of feed very early in the season, and because it is so nutritious, and although it dies down in the Summer, its value must not be depreciated by that fact.

Once Subterranean Clover becomes established it is not necessary to sow again, as the plant by its peculiar habit of growth, resows itself, as it were, and the new growth appears shortly after the first Autumn rains and continues until well into Summer. The stems are of a creeping habit, and under favourable conditions measure from 4 to 5 feet from tip to tip.

The plant is hardy, and cold will not affect it. It thrives in any soils, except swamps, and is particularly valuable on poor, gravelly land.

According to experiences in other States, the best time to sow is from March to August. With the early sowing followed by rains, good results will be obtained. The quantity of seed per acre ranges from two to eight lbs.—that is to say that two lbs. is sufficient for an acre, but in order to secure the better results per acre of feed—it is considered desirable to sow the larger quantity. Leaflet and prices on application.

Trefoil or Yellow Clover

(Medico Lupulina)

This is a hardy Clover for sheep pasture, and very useful in the colder districts, but it is not of the same value as either the Red or White Clover; it is very free-growing, spreads easily, and is difficult to eradicate.

Alsike Clover

(Trifolium Hybridum)

A heavy yielding and excellent Clover, but requires a moist situation. Sow in September if the land is moist, otherwise March or April; 5 to 6 lb. of seed for mixing with pasture grasses will be sufficient per acre.

Birds-Foot Trefoil

(Lotus Major)

This plant is well deserving of cultivation on light inferior soil on which it will yield a greater bulk of herbage than any of the other cultivated Clovers. It is highly nutritious, and is eaten with avidity by cattle and sheep. From the great depth to which its roots penetrate it is not liable to be injured by drought. Sow 10 to 12 lb. per acre.

Sweet Clover

(Melilotus Alba)

While not extensively grown, this plant has obtained some attention in the cooler parts of New South Wales. It is largely grown in the United States, both as a

pasture and green manure crop, and should be given a thorough trial throughout the various parts of the State. Sow in drills, 10lb. per acre, in early Spring.

Rib Grass

(Plantago Lanceolata)

In Spring and other seasons, when moisture is abundant, the Rib Grass yields an enormous amount of rich herbage, and should be included in all pasture mixtures. Sow with grasses 2 or 3 lb., or 20 lb., if alone, to the acre.

White Clover

(Trifolium Repens)

White Clover has long since become naturalised in many districts, and is generally found on alluvial flats. It is valuable in pastures either for dairying or fattening, and will thrive on comparatively poor land. In dry and hot weather the herbage withers and disappears, but again makes a vigorous growth in the Autumn. Sow February to May; 2lb. to 4lb. will be sufficient for an acre if mixed with grasses.

Permanent Pasture Grasses

From a very long experience of the requirements of the States, and the conditions as to temperature, rainfall, etc., which obtain in various situations and districts, we have written the following notes for the guidance of clients. We shall be pleased, however, to write special specifications, and to quote prices per acre for any locality, if clients will furnish full details as to area of land to be laid down, description of same, situation, and as to whether already partially grassed, and to quote special rates for large or small areas. The tables we give are to be looked upon as indicating only the probable grasses to be employed in the several districts, but conditions are so varied that it is absolutely requisite, for almost in every instance, that Special Mixtures should be recommended, hence our desire to get into touch with those of our clients who contemplate sowing land for pasture.

Hints on Sowing and Cultivation of Grass Paddocks

Suitable Land

The best results must always be expected from rich lands, but much can be done with even average soil if it is well prepared; the former will require no manure, but the latter will be greatly assisted by a good dressing of artificial fertilisers—say 3 cwt. of fine bone dust to the acre, the first cost of which will soon be repaid by the increased crop.

Preparation of the Land

Generally the better the land is worked the more satisfactory will be the results, and if the reader requires confirmation of this statement let him look at any paddock of Oats, Barley or other green crop which has been sown on land recently cleared and stumped, and he will find that wherever a tree has stood, the crop will be much higher than in any other portion of the paddock, the reason being that in removing the stumps by fire or otherwise, the land has been broken up to a depth of probably 2 or 3 feet. It will therefore be seen that you cannot plough the land too deeply before sowing grass seeds. Cross-ploughing will also do much to improve it, and it will often be found that a rough harrow passed over the land before sowing will be desirable.

Manures for Grass Land

The use of artificial manures cannot be too strongly recommended, because they contain all the fertilising qualities of stable and cow manure, and also much that these do not possess, and also because they do not contain weed seeds, which all stable, and particularly cow manure, does in very large quantities. Artificial manures last longer in the soil, and are more easily applied, and really, on consideration, they are best.

Seasons to Sow

Autumn sowing is best, and March and April are the best months, but later sowings can be made with advantage in

many districts, and a favourable season will often render this practicable. August and September are the best spring months, but all sowings should be complete by that time, as young plants must be established to enable them to stand a dry Summer.

Pasture Grasses

Imported English grasses cannot be sown successfully in every part of the State. In the very hot and dry districts, which are liable to droughts, these grasses are not at all suitable; but in the districts where the land is rich and where a good average rainfall is obtained, the introduced grasses may be cultivated successfully.

The Seeds to Sow

The selection of grass seeds of a permanent character is an all-important matter; such seeds can only be obtained from old pastures. Farmers should be careful to sow only clean seeds, otherwise they will introduce into their farms all manner of weeds.

The Seed Sowing

About 20lb. mixed seed (equal to 1 bushel) will be sufficient for an acre, and this should be sown broadcast, which will vary with the conditions of the land, etc., and a day should be selected when there is not much wind, otherwise it will be difficult to sow evenly. The heavy seeds—Clover, Rib Grass, etc.—are better sown separately, and as it may be difficult to distribute evenly a few pounds of seed over an acre, we recommend that these heavy seeds be mixed with three or four times their bulk of sand or soil and then sown after the grass seed. The sowing completed, a roller or light harrow should be run over the ground, and this will be all that is necessary to cover the seed. And if the land was in good condition when seeded, or if rain should fall soon after, the young plants will make their appearance in a week or ten days.

Sowing with a Green Crop

This method is practised in England, but is not suitable for New South Wales, as the climatic conditions are altogether different. It is a capital plan to sow a green crop first on newly cleared land, as there is sure to be a great deal of weed seeds in the soil which will come up with the crop and be killed by the second ploughing, leaving the land clean for the reception of the grass seeds to follow. It is advantageous to run a roller over the land when the grass is only a few inches high. The first crop of grass should be cut and not eaten down, as the young plants are liable to be pulled up if stock is turned upon them. The second crop can, of course, be pastured. Do not allow young pastures to ripen seed for the first two years, at least, as by doing so you weaken them, and the grasses will die out. In the case of Rye Grass, the seed saved from young pastures is worthless. It will not produce plants of a permanent character, dying out after the first season.

Improving Poor Pastures

To improve bare or poor pastures we recommend the following course, which will in good seasons give splendid results:—Break up the bare patches with a heavy hoe, or, if a large area, with a heavy tine harrow, and during showery weather sow 10 to 20 lb. mixed grass seed to the acre over the barest portions of the paddock as may be recommended. Then pass a flock of sheep over it, driving them closely, so that they may tread the seed in where most wanted. This will take the place of harrowing or rolling. In dry seasons a large percentage of the seed sown in this way will be sacrificed, but that risk may be faced, as our plan is the best and the only one to thicken up old and poor pastures without breaking them up. To shut up a paddock and allow the grasses to ripen their seeds, which, when ripe, will sow themselves and thus improve the pasture, is not to be commended; the seeds are just as likely to be blown where not wanted.

Suggested Grass Seed Mixtures for Permanent Pastures

FOR THE WARMER DISTRICTS

Mixture No. 1—

- 5 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass.
- 5 „ Wimmera Rye Grass.
- 4 „ Prairie Grass.
- 2 „ Cocksfoot Grass.
- 2 „ Rhodes Grass.
- 2 „ Mixed Clovers.

20 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

Mixture No. 2—

- 5 lbs. Cocksfoot Grass.
- 3 „ Prairie Grass.
- 5 „ Perennial Rye Grass.
- 4 „ Italian Rye Grass.
- 1 „ Paspalum Grass.
- 1 „ Rhodes Grass.
- 1 „ Mixed Clovers.

20 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

FOR THE COOLER AND COLD DISTRICTS

Mixture No. 3—

- 10 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass.
- 4 „ Wimmera Rye Grass.
- 4 „ Cocksfoot Grass.
- 5 „ Prairie Grass.
- 2 „ Kentucky Blue Grass.
- 1 „ Dogstail.
- 1 „ Tall Oat Grass.
- 1 „ Phalaris Bulbosa.
- 2 „ Mixed Clovers.

30 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

Mixture No. 4—

- 15 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass.
- 7 „ Prairie Grass.
- 4 „ Cocksfoot Grass.
- 2 „ Kentucky Blue Grass.
- 1 „ Phalaris Bulbosa.
- 1½ „ Mixed Clovers.

30 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

FOR THE WARM COASTAL DISTRICTS

Mixture No. 5—

- 2 lbs. Rhodes Grass.
- 2 „ Paspalum Dilatatum.
- 3 „ Cocksfoot.
- 1 „ Wallaby Grass.
- 2 „ White Clover.

10 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

Mixture No. 6—

- 3 lbs. Rhodes Grass.
- 2 „ Paspalum Dilatatum.
- 2 „ Cocksfoot.
- 2 „ Wallaby Grass.
- 1 „ White Clover.

10 lbs. for 1 acre, mixed.

The Orchard: Its Planting and its Care

The Land

It is not necessary that the soil chosen for an orchard should be rich, although such land will always produce splendid crops after the trees are a year or two old and are carefully pruned. Any ordinary average soil will grow fruit trees, provided it is well worked. It is not necessary to trench the ground unless the subsoil is very stiff; then we recommend that it should be trenched and a thorough system of drainage should be adopted if necessary. This can be done by putting in rubble, pipe or timber drains at a depth of three feet, and twenty to thirty feet apart, so as to carry off all surplus water from the subsoil as quickly as possible. In trenching the ground the greatest care should be taken not to bring the stiff clay subsoil to the top; it should only be broken up in the bottom of the trench. On land of a fairly good depth and open subsoil digging and ploughing will be all that is required to prepare it for the fruit trees. But the question of drainage must not be overlooked unless a naturally drained slope has been selected; on strong, stiff soils drainage is absolutely necessary.

Planting

To prepare for fruit trees, the land should be measured off into rows 20 to 30 feet apart, and the trees should stand at the same distance from each other in rows, so that they will be 20 to 30 feet apart each way. This will give the cultivator every facility to work between them. The holes to receive the trees should be dug to a depth of 18 inches, and made wide enough to allow the roots of the young trees to spread out. The soil in the bottom of the hole should be broken up as fine as possible, then a good stout stake should be driven into the centre of it.

Examine the roots of the tree, and remove all bruised or broken rootlets with a sharp knife; then place it in the hole close to the stake and spread out the roots carefully and as horizontally as possible; drop the fine soil on to the roots until the hole is about one-third full; then gently shake the tree from side to side and lift it slightly from time to time with an up-and-down motion; the object of so doing is to allow the soil to shake down among the small roots; then fill up the hole to the level, and tread the soil tightly around the tree; secure it to the stake in two places, near the ground and near the top, and the planting is completed. Trees should be planted not more than a couple of inches deeper than they stood in the nursery.

Manure

It is not desirable to give young trees manure in the earlier stages of their growth, as it is liable to promote an overgrowth of young wood, and if the land is virgin soil, or if it has been out of cultivation for some years, the breaking it up for the fruit trees will be quite sufficient to cause them to grow freely for a year or two at least, but if the ground is naturally poor a good dressing of bone-dust or other manure can be given to the trees at a later date if they show any signs of stunted growth.

Aspect

In selecting a site for an orchard, an easterly to a north-westerly aspect should be chosen if possible. The matter of shelter, if not naturally provided, should be of the first importance, as also natural drainage and convenience of position.

Time to Plant

Deciduous fruit trees, or summer fruits, as they are sometimes incorrectly called, such as Peaches, Plums, Cherries, should be planted during May, June, July, and August, and if the weather is favourable, the earlier the better. Evergreen trees, such as Oranges, Lemons, can be planted at almost any season of the year, but from April to September are the best months. Only plant to July and August in localities fairly free from frosts.

Position for Various Fruit Trees

If the orchard is on a slope the highest parts should be allotted for Apricots, following on in succession in the order named down the slope with Peaches and Nectarines, Plums, Apples, Pears and Quinces. If the situation is sheltered and the climate suitable, the Citrus family (Oranges and Lemons) should be planted near the centre of the plantation.

First Pruning of Young Trees

When the deciduous fruits are planted, they should be cut back to the height fixed upon for the trunk. If there are no natural branches three buds only should be allowed to push out from the head of the tree. This will generally be the case with Apples and Pears, but Peaches and such like will often have several lateral branches. In that case cut the leader to the height required, and cut off all the laterals except three near the top; these should be left to form the head, but should be shortened. Each tree after planting may be painted with Harbas in solution, to destroy any insect pests which may possibly be hidden in the bark.

When young fruit trees are properly summer pruned during the first few years after planting it conduces to the early development of fruit-bearing spurs on such trees as Apples, Apricots, Pears, Plums. If the operation is skilfully performed, the vigour of the whole, or any particular part, can be reduced or limited. By systematically pruning in summer, much good will not only result to the branches retained, but there will be less need for cutting severely in winter, and consequently the strength of the trees will be conserved. Summer pruning must not be done before the shoots have reached a certain stage, otherwise the buds at the base of the spurs left will develop growth the same season, instead of remaining dormant, and forming into fruit-bearing buds for the following crop. Generally the most suitable time is when the growth becomes firm for about half its length, which should be shortened there or a little higher up, according to the vigour of the tree. The summer pruning of such fruit trees as Nectarines and Peaches, which do not usually bear fruit on spurs, will require different treatment. The fruit of these trees is mostly borne on what is called young wood—that is, growth made during the previous year. Therefore, only the useless and superfluous growths should be removed.

Disbudding may be considered a part of summer pruning, for the judicious removal of the developing shoots at such an early stage of growth will not only conserve the strength of the trees, but will save a lot of labour which would have to be expended in cutting them out after they become wood.—Abridged from "Anderson's Manual of the Orchard."

Varieties to Plant

If, as a commercial speculation, a large area is being planted, we cannot too strongly emphasise the necessity of confining the plantation to a few well-tested varieties that do well in the vicinity, and have proved profitable.

Frequently we hear orchardists regretting the error they made when first planting, in having too many varieties, and consequently they have never sufficient of any one sort to enable them to place on the market in a satisfactory manner.

Ascertain what is doing well in your locality, and confine yourself to this sort, leaving an odd row or so for experimenting with new importations.

Grape Vines

European Grape Vines should be placed five feet apart each way, in straight lines, that the plough may be used either across or along the vineyard. If the land be rich and deep, the distance between the vines should be increased to 6, 7, or 8 feet. The American Grape Vines do better on a trellis, as the training and pruning that suits them best is quite different from that employed for others. These may be planted 10 to 12 feet apart, along each side of a trellis which covers a broad walk. Rooted Vines may be planted at any time from June till September, pruned back to two or three eyes.

Spraying

The Winter Spraying of Deciduous Trees for the control of Scale, Red Spider and American Blight is one of the most important operations of the orchardist. It should never under any circumstances be neglected, and is essential to the success of the coming season's fruit crop.

The Ideal Winter Spray is "Harbas." It possesses those characteristics that are so essential in a winter spray, namely, penetrating power, adhesiveness and ease of mixture and application. It is effective against Scale, Red Spider, and American Blight, and leaves the tree healthy and ready to carry large crops of sound fruit.

"Harbas" can be applied to fruit trees at any time between the fall of the leaves to the swelling of the buds; but early spraying is specially recommended. If the weather is bad spraying will have to be delayed, but the earlier in winter that "Harbas" is applied the better will be the results.

For CITRUS TREES "Harbas" has been found most serviceable in the eradication of Red Scale, Black Scale, Smut and White Louse. For full particulars as to use, see special pamphlet and leaflet.

For Price of "Harbas" see page 59.

ORCHARD PESTS AND SOME REMEDIES

APPLE BLIGHT—WOOLLY APHIS

This can be got rid of by brushing or spraying the affected parts with "Harbas."

FUNGOID DISEASES

Such as Powdery Mildew, Apple Scab, Shot-hole Fungus, Peach and Plum Rust can be largely kept in check by systematic spraying with Bordeaux Mixture or "Harola" Lime Sulphur.

PEACH APHIS

Spray the trees with "Harbas" in the Winter, then spray every week in early Spring with Tobacco extract no matter if strong; but keep at it. A weaker solution is desirable for the first few days when fruit is forming, i.e., just as blossom is falling.

For Prices of various Spraying Fluids, Insecticides and Spray Pumps, see pages 59, 60, 61.

THRIP

Use Tobacco Extract.

SCALE

The systematic and regular use of "Harbas" Spray Fluid will effectively rid the trees of this pest.

For SAN JOSE and OTHER SCALE PESTS on DECIDUOUS TREES

Use "Harbas" in Winter.

PUMPKIN BEETLE

The best remedy for this troublesome insect is Arsenate of Lead.

CODLIN MOTH

Spray regularly with "Alboral" in conjunction with Arsenate of Lead.

CHOICE FRUIT TREES

EVERYONE possessing a garden should make a point of including a few fruit trees. Economically they are a sound proposition. Most fruits being utilizable either as dessert, for cooking or for preserving. Once established, the trees—given ordinary care and attention—continue to bear their fruit in season, year in and year out. Health authorities speak in high terms of the value of fruit from a dietetic point of view. Freshly gathered fruit being particularly rich in essential vitamins. The following varieties catalogued are those selected by a Committee working under the auspices of the N.S.W. Department of Agriculture. This Committee has divided the State into four divisions viz.: Coastal, Tablelands, Inland and the Murray and Murrumbidgee and other Irrigation Areas. Varieties suitable for these districts will be found indicated by a capital letter placed before the name of the variety. "C" will indicate Coastal Districts; "T"

Tablelands, such as Penrose, Goulburn, Orange, Bathurst, Armidale, Uralla, Young, Yass, Molong; "I" Inland, such as Dubbo, Albury, Forbes, Narrabri; "M" Irrigation Areas. Where an asterisk appears before the letters, the indication is that that particular variety is recommended by the Department. Though it does not follow of necessity that where this is done that the Department recommends the particular variety for all the divisions specified.

For the benefit of our customers we have placed the following abbreviations AFTER the descriptions of the varieties. SIZE 1 denotes Large; 2 denotes Medium; 3 denotes Small. SEASON or time of ripening: E denotes Early; M denotes Medium; L denotes Late. USE: K denotes Kitchen; D denotes Dessert.

APPLES

Prices: 1/6 per single tree; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charges, 1/- doz. Postage or Carriage Extra. Apple Trees prefer compact, sandy loam, with shelter from west and south. Stiff, clinging land is not suitable, but any good average light soil will give good results. Young trees generally grow too fast, therefore strong growth should be checked by pinching back shoots in Summer, and by Winter pruning of roots.

ALL OUR TREES ARE WORKED ON NORTHERN SPY STOCKS

C	I	Allsopp's Early. The earliest Apple on Sydney market. 2 K.
C	I	Carrington's. Fine Apple. 2 D E.
T	I	Cleopatra. Large crisp. 1 D L.
T	I	Cox's Orange Pippin. One of the best. 2 D M.
* C	T	Delicious. One of the best late-keeping Apples. 2 D L.
* C	T	Democrat. Fruit brilliant red; good for shipping.
T	I	Five Crown Pippin (London Pippin). Valuable for all purposes. 2 K D L.
* C	T	Glengyle Red. Type of Red Rome Beauty; good flavour. 2 L D.
C	T	Granny Mack. A cross between McIntosh's Red and
* C	T	Granny Smith. Strong Trees, 2/6 each. 1 K E.
* C	T	Granny Smith. Heavy bearer; keeps. 2 K L.
* C	T	Gravenstein. Synonymous with Carpenter's. 1 K D M.
C	I	Jonathan. Beautiful dessert fruit; rich. 2 D L.

C	T	I	M	King David. A rich dark red apple, with yellowish flesh; flavour good. 1 D M.
C	T	I	M	Lord Nelson. Showy; first rate. 1 K D M.
* C	T	I	M	McIntosh's Red. Good for both hot and cold climates; rich, red stripes; flesh white. 2 D L.
C	I	I	I	Mobbs' Royal. Extra large; good. 1 K M.
* I	I	I	I	Northern Spy. Tender; delicious. 1 D L.
* I	I	I	I	Pomme de Nieve (Fanny). A famous dessert apple. 2 D M.
* T	I	I	I	Rokewood. Red, good eater; keeps well. 2 L D.
* C	T	I	M	Rome Beauty. Fine shape, hardy. 1 K D L.
C	T	I	M	Twenty Ounce. Green, yellow striped. 1 K M.
C	T	I	M	Willie Sharp. A beautiful medium-sized dessert Apple; skin yellow. D M.
* T	I	I	I	Yates. Small fruit, but bears heavily; flesh white, yellow, splashed red. 3 D L.

APRICOTS

Prices: 1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-;

12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-. Packing charges, 1/- doz. Postage or Carriage Extra.

ON APRICOT AND PLUM STOCKS. Except where otherwise marked

C	I	Allen's Early. Grand variety for marketing. 1 E.
C	I	Camden Superb. Fine for canning; prolific. 2 E.
C	I	Cattell's Early. Very early and a good cropper. 1 D E.
C	I	Early Moorpark. Juicy, rich and excellent. 2 E.
* C	I	Hemskirk. Rich, like Moorpark. 1 D M.
* C	I	Mansfield Seedling. Rich in flavour. 1 L.
C	I	Newcastle. Ripens middle to end of November. Fine yellow colour, and heavy bearer. 2 E.

* C	T	Oullin's Early Peach. Delicious. 1 E.
* C	T	Shingley's Blenheim. Very productive. 1 L.
* C	T	Trevatt. Good cropper and dryer. 1 D L.
C	I	Wenatchee. Introduced from Washington. It is a prolific bearer, and ripens evenly all over. Very distinct, large and a fine shipper. 1 D L.

CHERRIES

1/9 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 9/-; 12 trees (3, 4, or 6 sorts), 18/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 21/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

Cherries thrive exceedingly well in our cooler districts.

T	I	Bigarreau Twyford. Bright red, flesh firm. E.
T	I	Bing. Fruit large; black; tree vigorous and hardy. M.
T	I	Burgdorff Seedling. Suitable for Riverina districts. E.
T	I	Black Republican. Solid flesh; juicy. L.
* T	I	Eagle Seedling. Good black. E.
* T	I	Early Lyons. Deep red flesh, juicy. E.

* T	I	Florence. Large, richly flavoured, late; red.
* T	I	May Duke. Very good, fine cropper; surest bearer in Sydney climate; red. E.
* T	I	Noble. Very large, dark red; flesh firm, good flavour. L.
* T	I	St. Margaret's. Large, firm, sweet, sub-acid. L.
* T	I	Werder's Early. Black, large. E.

PEACHES

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

Sandy loam is the best, but any soil will produce good Peaches (if it is well drained), in nearly every district in N.S.W. As the young trees make very strong growth during the Summer, it is desirable to rough prune them back, the object being to induce the production of spurs or small wood which will yield the fruit. The Trees should be carefully gone over in the Winter, and the pruning finished.

CLINGSTONE—Varieties marked (C).

C	I	Admiral Dewey. Early; yellow flesh; freestone.
* C	T	Aunt Becky. Large; white flesh; freestone; good market variety. E.
* C	T	Bell's November. Ripe November; partial slipstone.
* C	T	Bell's November Improved. Fruit much larger; better colour, superior flavour to the original.
* C	T	Blackburn. An early Elberta, ripens 2 weeks before Elberta.
* C	T	Braddock's Superb (F). Very early, good market variety; heavy cropper. 2 E.
C	T	Brigg's Red May (F). Very best early Peach. E.
* C	T	Carmen (F). Pale yellow peach; flesh melting and sweet; fine second early peach.
C	I	Early Crawford (F). Large yellow. M.
T	I	Early Elberta (F). Fruit as large as Elberta, colour and good quality; excellent shipper and keeper; good cropper. M.
* C	T	Edward VII. Ripens early in November.
* T	I	Elberta (F). Yellow-fleshed; sweet; for dessert or canning. M.
* I	M	Flat China (F). Early Peach for market. E. (North Coast and Queensland).
* I	M	Golden Queen (C). Heavy cropper; medium-size yellow at stone; good canning. M.
C	T	Greenborough. Late flowering early variety. Suitable for short season districts.
* C	T	Hale's Early (F). High flavour; juicy; ripe Christmas.
C	T	High's Early Canada (F). Very fine. E.

FREESTONE—Varieties marked (F).

* C	T	I	M	J. H. Hale (F). Half as big again as Elberta and a week earlier; a firmer and better colour; not so long a "nose"; better flavour.
C	T	I	M	La France (F). Very large, skin dark crimson; flesh white, melting, juicy. L.
* T	I	I	I	Le Vainqueur (F). Large and juicy; very early.
* T	I	I	I	Mayflower (F). All red; good shipper. E.
* C	T	I	M	Mountain Rose (F). Large, good. E.
* T	I	I	I	Phillip Cling. Yellow flesh; regular cropper. L.
* C	T	I	M	Pullar Cling. Clingstone; good grower; heavy, regular bearer. M.
C	T	I	M	Red Bird Cling. A new early cling; ripens same time as "Briggs' Red May"; highly coloured, creamy white and bright red
C	T	I	M	Royal George (F). One of the best extant. M.
* C	T	I	M	Royal George Cling (C). White, firm flesh. M.
* C	T	I	M	Ruby Red Clingstone. Ripens early in Jan.; heavy cropper
* C	T	I	M	Salway (F). Fine flavour; ripens March.
* C	T	I	M	Shanghai Freestone. A valuable variety; exquisite flavour. M.
* C	T	I	M	Tuscan Cling. Very large yellow; best early canning peach. E.
* C	T	I	M	Watt's Champion. A local production of great merit. It is a red freestone, ripening in favourable seasons before the end of October. It is the first peach of the season on the Sydney Market, and commands top prices. Is a strong grower, very prolific. A splendid market variety.
* C	T	I	M	Wiggins (F). Fine peach; ripens Christmas. 1 E.

PEARS

which frequently commence at second year after planting. To induce fruitfulness, we advise a judicious system of Summer pinching where practicable, followed, if necessary, by root pruning in Winter.

	T	I	Bergamot Fine Winter Pear. 2 D M.
*	T	I	Bergamot Gansells. Melting rich. 1 D M.
	T	I	Beurre Bosc. Rich and aromatic. 1 D M.
	T	I	Beurre de Capiamont. Fine grained, melting and sweet. 2 D M.
* C	T	I M	Bon Chretien (Williams). The Bartlett Pear; perfumed, fine. 1 D E.
* C	T	I M	Clapp's Favourite. Resembles Bartlett. 1 D E.
* C	T	I M	Howell. Fruit large; heavy bearer; first-class market Pear. 1 D M.

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

The climate, situation, soil, and cultural notes given for Apples will apply to Pears. Pears will not be in full bearing until the sixth year after planting, excepting such varieties as Bartlett, Keiffer's, and a few others.

ON SEEDLING PEAR STOCKS.

*	T	I	Josephine de Malines. Pale green; flesh pink to white. 2 D L.
C	T	I	Keiffer's Hybrid. Cross between Williams' Bon Chretien and China. 1 K D M.
	T	I	Packham's Late. Large, heavy cropper. 1 D M.
* C	T	I	Packham's Triumph. One of the finest; excellent quality. 1 D E.
	T	I	Winter Bartlett. A duplicate of the old favourite; ripening 3 months later. 1 D L.
*	T	I	Winter Cole. A very richly flavoured late Pear.
*	T	I	Winter Nelis. Buttery; rich. 2 D L.

PLUMS

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

Plums thrive in our cool highlands. Any good soil will suit them so long as the subsoil is porous and well drained. We highly recommend the beautiful Japanese varieties for quality and appearance. Plums require to have their long shoots stopped during the growing season so as to produce spur wood.

ON MYROBOLAN AND MARIANA STOCK

* C	I	M	Angelina Burdett. Large, purple, most excellent for dessert and preserving; medium. 1 K D M.
	T	I	Coe's Golden Drop. Very large, excellent. K D M.
C	T	I	Diamond. Large, best preserving. K M.
C	T	I	Early Orleans. Medium, juicy, sweet. K D E.
C	T	I	Evan's Early. Juicy, rich, excellent. 2 D M.
	T	I	Gage, Green. Medium size, rich. D M.
* C	T	I	Grand Duke. Purple skin, yellow flesh. 1 D L.
	T	I	Late Black Orleans. Medium size; skin black, blue bloom flesh deep yellow; juicy clingstone.
	T	I	Loutherborough. Black; very prolific. 2 D M.
*	T	I	Pond's Seedling. Red; valuable. 1 K D L.
*	T	I	President. Fruit is large, oblong shaped, over 2in. long, beautiful purple colour; flesh firm and sweet, and fruit perfect freestone. 1 D L.
	T	I	Tibbit's Seedling. Medium size, dark skin, enormous crop.

Japanese Plums

(Same price as other Plums)

C	I	M	Balleana. Large light yellow, firm flesh, regular cropper; freestone.
C	I	M	Blood. Large mottled, flesh red, delicate.
C	I	M	Burbank. Large, cherry red; flesh deep orange, juicy and sweet; early.
	T	I	Climax. Early; fruit large; delicate flavour.
C	I	M	Duffy's Early Gem. A very early variety; round fruit, medium size, amber flesh. Ripens early in November.
C	I	M	Duffy's Early Jewel. Large, good cropper. Ripens late in Nov.
	T	I	Kelsey. Valuable; one of the best.
* C	I	M	Narrabeen. Large, round; rather flattened, skin yellowish, covered dark red and yellow dots, flesh yellowish, juicy, very sugary, small stone, drooping habit but good grower, heavy cropper, good carrier; ripens last week in January.
	T	I	October Purple. Fruit round; distinct flavour.
	T	I	Rubio. Best Blood Plum; abundant bearer.
*	T	I	Santa Rosa. Flesh deep purplish crimson, with purple skin. Commences to ripen early December.
*	T	I	Satsuma. Blood Plum; flesh dark red; heavy bearer.
*	T	I	Shipper. Good cropper; hangs long time.
*	T	I	Shiro. Firm, yet juicy; light yellow; clingstone.
	T	I	Sultan. Firm, dark crimson; sub-acid.
C	I	M	Vesuvius. The best ornamental foliaged plum extant, leaves being very large and of a beautiful glowing crimson. Altogether a greatly improved Pissardii. Tree very vigorous.
*	T	I	Wickson. Excellent; keeps and ripens well.
C	I	M	Wright's Early. Fine early Plum.

NECTARINES

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-;

12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra. Any well and deeply-drained soil will suit Nectarines, but they cannot obtain perfection without abundance of moisture in Spring and Summer.

C	I	M	Albert Victor (F). Very large, melting, delicious. M.
C	I	M	Early Rivers (F). Flesh tender, juicy. 1 E.
C	I	M	Elruge (F). Medium, of the very best. M.
	T	I	Fertile du Poitou. Fruit enormous size, up to 8in. in circumference; skin smooth; flesh white, very juicy, sugary, freestone; medium.
* C	I	M	Goldmine (F). Juicy, melting, splendid flavour. 1 M.
C	I	M	Irrewarra (F). Earliest; dark, great bearer. E.
	T	I	Lady Carrington. A clingstone with a thick, juicy flesh; ripe first and second weeks in January.
	T	I	Lee's Seedling (F). Fruit large, richly flavoured. E.
*	T	I	Mrs. Dr. Chisholm. Beautiful cropper; ripens December; freestone.
	T	I	Newington (C). Skin whitish green, covered with bright red in the sun. 1 M.
	T	I	Stanwick's Seedling (Camden Superb). Freestone. Fine. M

QUINCES

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

Most useful for preserves and culinary purposes generally; may be grown in poor soils, where ordinary fruits will fail; very hardy; makes a fine tree when fully grown.

Champion. Large and good; late.
Giant of Lescovas. Fruit often attains up to 3½ lb.; flesh white; very prolific.
Large Portugal. Very large; good.
Master's Early. Earliest of all; large.
Missouri Mammoth. Pleasant flavoured; best of all.
Rea's Mammoth. Large fruit, round, early.
Van Dieman. Superior quality.

FRUITING OLIVES

2/6 each, 27/- dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

The varieties we list are those cultivated in South Australia as best suited for oil-producing or pickling.

Corregiola Pigale.
Lucca. From this variety the famous Lucca Oil is made; an enormous cropper, and gives a very high percentage of oil.
Verdale. A variety producing a large quantity of good quality oil.

PRUNES

Price same as Plums.

This list is specially recommended as giving the best varieties for drying.

D'Agén. Small, but unrivalled for drying.
Giant. The largest variety known.
Golden. Flesh yellow, rich and sugary; exquisite flavour; freestone, and heavy cropper.
Robe de Sargent. Like Prune D'Agén, but large and better cropper.
Sugar. Fruit even in size; large; rich in sugar, hence its name.
Splendour. Large and sugary.

CITRONS

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

****Bengal.** **Giant.** ****Knights.**
 All varieties of Citrons are very similar. They are largely used for preserving.

SHADDOCKS

2/- Single Tree; 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

Blood. Excellent for preserving.
Manilla. Small, sweet juice.

FIGS

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts), 8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-; 12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

These require no special treatment, and provided the soil is good and fairly moist, will produce fine fruit. If the fig is grown near the house where it can be abundantly watered from the laundry, it will produce enormous crops of fruit, give a fine shade, and form a shelter. It requires but little pruning.

Adam. Large size fruit; pale brown; very early, and a good market sort.
Black Genoa. Large, juicy and rich.
Blue Provence. Small, rich, abundant
Brown Turkey. Luscious; good for drying.
Brunswick. Very large, rich and excellent.
White Adriatic. Large size; red flesh; rich.

PASSION FRUIT

Postage or Carriage extra.

Passiflora Edulis. The well-known Passion Fruit. 9d. each; 7/6 per doz., in 3in. pots; from open ground, 12/6 per 100. Special quotations for large quantities.
Tasconia Mollissima (White Passion Fruit), 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

ORANGES

2/- Single Tree; 22/- per dozen. Except where otherwise marked.
Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.
Varieties marked ** are specially recommended by the Department.

- Blood (Maltese).** Medium size flesh blood color.
Buckeye Navel. Improved Washington Navel from California. A true Navel Orange, ripening early; distinct; delicious.
Eyles Siletta. Skin whitish yellow, smooth; grand market variety.
Golden Nugget Navel. Considered superior to Washington Navel. Fruit smooth, solid, thin skinned; color strong gold. Even cropper.
****Groverley Navel.** A Queensland variety of splendid quality; good cropper.
Jaffa. Excellent, and a constant bearer.
****Joppa.** Large and beautiful fruit; thin skin; juicy pulp; seedless.
Mediterranean Sweet. An excellent Orange.
****Paper Rind St. Michael.** Medium size; thin skin; finest quality.
Paterson River. A fine Orange of Parramatta type; tree strong grower; heavy fruit; good bearer.
****Parramatta or Queen.** Large, hardy, prolific.
Poor Man's Orange. Very large, hardy Orange, slightly bitter; makes best marmalade.
Seville. Bitter; for preserving.
****Siletta.** Small, handsome and good.

- **St. Michael.** Large, thin skin; best for export.
Navelencia. A cross between the popular Valencia and Washington Navel. Retains the good qualities of Washington, together with hardiness and lateness of Valencia; reported to ripen 30 to 60 days later than Washington.
*****Oonshi" (Japanese).** A very hardy tree, said to stand frost well; pendulous habit, no seeds, flesh firm, thin skin, midway between an orange and a mandarin in size.
****Valencia.** Late Orange, but most excellent.
****Washington Navel.** Prolific; better than old Navel in size and flavour; hardy.
****White Siletta.** Earliest, skin fine, thin, juicy.

SPECIAL VALENCIA LATE ORANGE.

We can offer our customers trees of a special Valencia Late Orange. These trees are from buds supplied by the Co-operative Bud Selection Society, Limited. It is reasonably expected that these trees will be a great improvement upon the present Valencia Late type. We can offer a limited supply of strong yearling trees at 2/6 each; 30/- per dozen. Postage and Carriage extra.

MANDARINS

2/- each; 22/- per dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

- **Beauty of Glen Retreat.** Excellent variety; enormous cropper.
Cumquat. Small; for preserving.
****Ellendale Beauty.** Improved Beauty of Glen Retreat; is not liable to split in wet weather. A colonial-raised variety.
****Emperor.** Large beautiful fruit; one of the best.
****Fewtrell's Early Shipping.** A cross between an Orange and Mandarin, being practically the largest Mandarin in cultivation. Fruit ripens very early and is a good carrier.
Imperial. Earliest variety in cultivation. Good for Penrith district.
****Jacob's Improved Thorney.** Distinct improvement on old Thorney; much larger and earlier.
King Emperor. Very large; rough skinned; hangs well late.
Navel Mandarin. Fruit solid and sweet, of good size; few seeds.
Parker's Special. Early; solid, smooth skin.
Pride of Ellendale. Full, solid fruit; skin thin and tough; juicy; good carrier.
****Scarlet (Syn. Canton).** Large fruit, skin almost scarlet, flesh juicy; handsome.
****Thorney.** Small, firm, fine high flavour.

GRAPEFRUIT

POMELOES

2/- each, 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

- Common.** Very large, up to 2 lb. weight, very heavy bearer, fruit being produced in clusters of from three to seven in a bunch.
****Marsh Seedless.** Medium size, thin rind, half the usual bitterness; practically seedless; pulp juicy; very little rag; superior flavour; keeps and packs well.
Natsu Mikan. The true Grape Fruit of Japan, and a very prolific bearer.
****Triumph.** Medium size; peel smooth, clear, thin and fine grained; little rag and few seeds; very heavy, being juicy and well flavoured. There is no bitter in the juice and but little in the rag.

PERSIMMONS

DATE PLUMS

Colonial Grafted, 2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

- A Tomato-shaped fruit with a thin skin; flesh, when ripe, delightfully sweet and luscious. Will grow in nearly any part of our State; prefers a warm climate, but will not be injured by slight frosts.
****Dai Dai Maru.** Large, orange skin, yellowish flesh, nearly seedless.
Hyakume. Early, oblong, large; 5 x 2 inches.
Kurokuma. Early; highly flavoured.
Nitaro. Beautiful colored, flat, square-shaped fruit, somewhat similar to "Dai Dai Maru." Keeps stored for weeks.
****Tanenashi.** Yellow, oblong, seedless.
****Yemon.** Flattened; yellow with rose collar.

LEMONS

2/- each, 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

- Common.** Well known; rough skinned.
****Lisbon.** One of the best.
Lisbon Thornless. Very hard, without thorns. Thrives where other varieties fail.
Lisbon Variegated. Vigorous grower and bearer.
****Sweet Rind.** The best of all Lemons, being above medium size and very even. Sells very freely in the markets.
****Villa Franca.** Oblong, thin skin, superior flavoured.

LIMES

2/- Single Tree, 22/- dozen.

Packing charge, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

- **East Indian.** Large, very juicy.
Persian or Sweet. Sweet and pleasant flavour.
****Tahiti.** Fruit very large.
West Indian. Best for lime juice.

LOQUATS

2/- Single Tree, 22/- dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

- Californian Advance.** A variety claimed in California to excel all other varieties. Fruit large, deep gold yellow, being nearly all pulp. Flavour distinct and delicious.
Early's Golden. An early variety; good.
Herd's Large. Enormous. The best market variety.
Mammoth. Very large.

STRAWBERRIES

1/- doz., 6/- 100. Postage extra.

- Strawberries do best in strong soils, and should be planted in beds. Plantings may be commenced in April, and continued till end of July. Rows, 4 feet wide, plants 18in. apart.
Aurie. A heavy and constant cropper; resists drought. Fruit above medium; flavour good. Early.
Annetta. Large fruit, bright shining red; delicious flavour; withstands frosts and droughts. Early.
Creswell. A fine Strawberry; good for warm districts. Large, long fruit, bright, glossy red; second early, will crop right up to May.
Dr. Moree. Large, well-flavoured, and heavy cropper. Hardy and drought-resisting.
Ettersburgh No. 89. Fruit large, very firm; good carrier.
Illawarra. Vigorous grower; heavy cropper. Berries June. Red color, flesh solid, rich flavour.
King Edward VII. Berries extra large; deep vermilion; produced in bunches well clear of ground; bears from September to May. Flesh pure white; delicious pineapple flavour.
Melba. Large brilliant red fruit of finest quality; ripens fairly early; heavy cropper.
Phenomenal. Early variety; fruit large; splendid flavour; carrying well; extremely vigorous, standing extremes of heat and drought better than any other we know; good carrier.
Royal Sovereign. Superb variety; large, luscious; deep scarlet fruit; abundant bearer.

Grape Vines

ON THEIR OWN ROOTS

We cannot supply any Grape Vines on Phylloxera-proof Stocks.

NOTE—We have now made such arrangements as will enable us to send **Grape Vines** to any part of the State. A number of well-known varieties are available in addition to those mentioned above.

1/- each, 9/- per dozen; postage extra.
Black Hambro. The best for coastal districts.

Black Isabella. Berries large; strong grower.
Black Lady's Finger. Deep shining black.
Black Monukka. Excellent seedless variety; bunches large; good flavour.

Black Prince. Berries largest size; late.
Black St. Peters or Black Alicante. Jet black berries, with blue bloom; both bunches and berries large.

Buckland's Sweetwater. An improvement on the old Sweetwater. Constant bearer, heavy cropper, medium size bunches, pale amber.

Doradillo (White Mormillon). Bunch and berry large; fawn color.

Early Sherry. A profitable early white grape; largely grown for market.

English Sultana. A seedless yellow grape; bunches and berries medium sized; used mainly for Raisin making.

Golden Chasselas. Medium size; round; early.

Gordo Blanco. Very extensively grown for Raisins, being for that purpose superior to well-known "Muscat of Alexandria."

Gros Colman. A splendid late black grape, very large berries.

Hayes' Keeper. Fine large white late grape; hangs very late.

Mrs. Prince's Black Muscat. Berries large; late.

Mudgee Black Sherry. Firm, tough berry; late.

Muscat of Alexandria. One of the very best White Muscats, medium strong grower and an old favourite.

Pink Lady's Finger. Large, long berries; good.

Red Muscat. Medium sized fruit; early; rich muscat flavour.

Shiraz. A very fine red grape; berries olive shaped; fairly large; early bearer.

Snow's Black Muscat. Splendid, delicious.

White Isabella. Berries large; good flavour.

White Muscat. Berries large; mid-season; strong Muscat flavour.

White Wax. A very handsome mid-season Grape; large bunches; sweet; and constant cropper.

LOGANBERRY

1/- each, 10/- dozen; postage extra.

Fruit as large as Blackberry, produced in clusters; dark red color. A highly desirable fruit for jams or preserves.

GUAVAS

1/9 each, 18/- dozen; postage extra.

Of easy culture in districts where the climate is not colder than that of Sydney; preferring good and deep soil, but will grow and do well in any ordinary orchard ground.

Purple. A handsome shrub; fruit deep purple.

Parker's Hybrid. Fruit creamy white; large; superior.

Yellow. Large fruit; splendid for dessert.

Miscellaneous Fruits

Postage extra. s. d.

Chinese Raisin (Hovenia Dulcis) ..	2	0
Mango	3	6
Paw Paw	2	6
Pineapple	2	0
Pomegranate (Punica Granatum) ..	1	6

GOOSEBERRIES

1/- each; 10/- per dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

We can supply a large quantity of this useful cold climate fruit in red, yellow and green varieties. In the leading commercial varieties, such as Crown Bob and Roaring Lion, we can supply by the thousand.

BLACKBERRIES

Postage or Carriage extra.

The bushes form an admirable thick, prickly hedge, and its fruit is most useful as dessert or for preserves. Quick growing; not particular to soil or climate.
Himalayan. Beautiful, fine foliage. 2/- ea.
Laughton. Large, excellent flavour. 9d. each; 7/6 dozen.

White Crystal. Clear golden yellow form of Blackberry. Large; seeds small; early. 1/- each.

Dewberry (Lucretia). One of the very best of this attractive class of fruit berries; large and handsome, and shining jet black; of delicious quality. Price, 9d. each; 7/6 dozen.

CHERIMOYER

CUSTARD APPLE.

Postage or Carriage extra.

A delicious tropical fruit; succeeds well in warm and sheltered situations.

Rough Fruited. Easily grown; delicious. Price, 2/- each.

MULBERRIES

Postage or Carriage extra.

Black or English. Luscious fruit for any part of the State; very ornamental trees. 2/6 and 3/-.

Cape. Fast growing; useful for shelter; fruit small; culinary purposes only. 1/6

Downing's Everbearing. Fruit long, juicy, rich; valuable for cooking only. 1/6.

Hicks' Everbearing. Rapid-growing shade tree; sweet sub-acid flavour. 1/6.

Prolific. Wonderful bearer; table and kitchen. 1/6.

CURRENTS

1/- each; 10/- per dozen.

Postage or Carriage extra.

These fruits are suited only to our cool districts. Black Naples, La Fertile and La Versailles are best adapted for culture where Winters are too mild for general collection.

Black Naples. A beautiful large fruit, but late.

Carter's Black Champion. Richly flavoured.

La Fertile. Red.

La Versailles. Red.

Ogden's Black. Resembles Black Naples; earlier.

Red Imperial. A really splendid heavy-bearing variety; beautiful red fruit of large size.

Red Dutch.

White Dutch.

White Imperial. Large.

MEDLARS

1/6 each.

Postage or Carriage extra.

Thrives well in New South Wales; requires very trifling attention, and is not particular as to soil.

Monstrous. The largest.

BANANAS

Postage or Carriage extra.

Cavendishii. Dwarf, delicious flavour; 2/6 each.

Lady's Finger. Fruit long and slender; fine flavour. 2/6 each.

Sapientum. Common Banana; hardy. 2/- each.

RASPBERRIES

6d. each; 5/- per doz.; 35/- per 100.

Postage or Carriage extra.

A really useful fruit, and of easy culture in the colder districts of the State.

Antwerp Red. Large, fine flavour.

Cuthbert. Sturdy grower; red.

Northumberland Filbasket (Thornless). Deep red; good size and flavour.

Victoria. Large, red; excellent, late.

NUTS

Almonds

1/6 per single tree; 6 trees (3 sorts),

8/-; 12 trees (2, 4, or 6 sorts), 16/-;

12 trees (12 sorts), 18/-.

Packing charges, 1/- doz.; Postage or Carriage extra.

It is not advisable to plant Almonds in districts where severe frosts occur in the late Spring, as the frosts would be likely to injure the flowers and prove fatal to the crop. It thrives and produces the best crops on a variety of soils, provided they have been well drained. A light sandy loam will suit it best. Almonds are a profitable crop to grow, and are well worth the orchardist's consideration.

Brande's Jordan. Very large; good bearer.

Burbank's Seedling. Hardy and heavy cropper.

Eureka. Heavy cropper; paper shell.

Golden State. Heavy and regular bearer; with smooth kernel, and soft shell.

L.X.L. Nuts large; soft shell.

Hatch's Nonpareil. A very fine almond; large kernel, and very thin shell.

Paper Shell. The commonest sort.

White Nonpareil. Strong grower; heavy cropper; nuts very large, with white shell.

Walnuts

2/3 each; 24/- dozen.

Packing charges, 1/- dozen; Postage and Carriage extra.

These delicious nuts can be produced in any climate suitable for the Spanish Chestnut, and in colder districts. Young trees are invariably without any roots, but customers need not hesitate to plant our stock, as they rarely fail.

Chaberte. Large French variety; very productive.

Juglans Regia. The English variety.

Juglans Seiboldii. A Japanese variety.

Juglans Cordiformis. A flat variety.

Nuts and Filberts

1/9 single tree; 18/- dozen.

Packing charges, 1/- dozen; Postage or Carriage extra.

The undermentioned Nuts thrive well on the mountains between the coast and the Riverina. They will grow well, but produce little fruit in the immediate neighbourhood of our coast. At Braidwood, and even at Picton and Berrima, Hartley, Mudgee and Bathurst, they bear well.

Gosford **Northampton Prolific**
Cob Nut **Red Filbert**
Hazel **White Filbert**

Japanese Chestnut. 2/6 each. Produces good Nuts when only four years old.

Spanish Chestnut (Castania Vesca). 3/- each; 33/- dozen. A fine stately tree; magnificent foliage; fruits freely, and will succeed admirably in our cooler districts.

Peccan Nut. A most delicious Nut; quick-growing; full bearing in eight years. From 2/3.

Queensland Nut (Macadamia Ternifolia). 1/6.



Roses of Quality

Price, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen; £5/10/- per 100.

Postage extra—N.S.W. 1/9 to 2/3 dozen.

Interstate, S. & W. Australia, and Northern Territory, 4/3 dozen.
Victoria, Queensland & Tasmania, 3/6 dozen.

A Alexander Hill Grey (T.). Flowers very large, lemon yellow; vigorous and good.

America (H.T.). Buds long and pointed; opens to immense fragrant rose-pink flowers.

Angele Pernet (Per.). Vivid orange yellow shaded fiery red, deep red-dish apricot, outside of petals golden yellow.

Antoine Revoire (H.T.). Pale rosy flesh-shaded and edged bright carmine, base of petals yellow.

Aspirant Marcel Rouyer (H.T.). Deep apricot, tinted salmon flesh on outer petals, veined deep yellow at base; good.

B Belle Sibrecht (H.T.). Bright pink blooms; large.

Busybody (H.T.). Very free flowering bedding rose. Bud rich orange yellow shading lighter when flower opens.

Betty Uprichard (H.T.). Salmon to carmine, while the reverse is glowing carmine, with coppery sheen.

C Captain F. S. Harvey-Cant (H.T.). Rich salmon pink.

Carine (H.T.). Orange carmine, blush buff, creamy fawn and coppery salmon.

Clarice Goodacre (H.T.). Biscuit chrome on ivory white, stiff petals, vigorous grower.

Charles P. Kilham (H.T.). Brilliant orange orient red, suffused with glowing scarlet. When full open the color fades to brilliant red in the old flowers. Well shaped buds.

Clovelly (H.T.). Rich carmine rose, salmon shaded.

Columbia (H.T.). Rich rose pink flowers on long stems. The growth is vigorous and disease resistant, and the plant is continuously in bloom, powerfully fragrant, and lasts well in water. Highly recommended.

Countess of Gosford (H.T.). Salmon pink; base of petals yellow; perfect.

Cuba (Per.). A very uncommon shade of orange scarlet, inside of the petal rich velvety crimson with carmine towards the tips.

D Dame Edith Helen (H.T.). The color is pure glowing pink. The bloom which is carried on a rigid stem is very large and full, and possesses the true old rose scent.

Dorina Neave (H.T.). The color is a delightful silvery pink. Large, full pointed globular flowers carried erect on stiff stems. Fine compact growth. Fragrant.

Dr. Hawkesworth (H.T.). Growth vigorous and mildew-proof foliage. Flowers medium size. Color rich crimson shading to deep maroon. Very fragrant.

Duchess of Wellington (H.T.). Saffron yellow, stained crimson, becomes deep coppery saffron-yellow.

Duchess of Westminster (H.T.). Sweetly perfumed; a dainty clear rose-madder; vigorous.

E Earl Beatty (H.T.). Flower deep crimson, deeply scented; an ideal bedding rose.

Edith Nellie Perkins (H.T.). The outside of the petal is a light orient red, heavily shaded cerise at top and orange at base, the inner face is salmon pink, merging into orange salmon. Sweetly scented.

Edith Part (H.T.). Deep salmon and coppery yellow, with deeper shade in bud stage; vigorous and free blooming, fine habit; sweetly perfumed.

Elegante (H.T.). Long, sulphur yellow bud; large flower; creamy yellow.

Ethel Somerset (H.T.). Shrimp pink, edges deep flesh.

Etoile de Hollande (H.T.). Bright dark red, sweetly perfumed.

F Fascination (H.T.). Rosy cerise, shaded yellow. A good bedder.

Fontanelle (H.T.). A large yellow rose with immense petals and beautifully formed flowers.

Francis Scott Key (H.T.). Deep red; excellent.

Frank W. Dunlop (H.T.). Vigorous grower; perfectly shaped, rich deep pink bloom; highly recommended.

Frau Karl Druschki (H.T.). Pure white double blooms of good shape. One of the best whites.

Frances Gaunt (H.T.). Delightful fawny deep apricot, toning to silvery flesh; delightfully fragrant.

G Galety (H.T.). Bud large, long-pointed; flower large, semi-double. Color orange, Indian red and silver. Growth vigorous, continuous bloomer.

General MacArthur (H.T.). Richest crimson, shaded scarlet. One of the best.

George Dickson (H.T.). Scarlet crimson, with brilliant scarlet reflexed tips, heavy, and uniquely pure crimson maroon veining on reverse.

Georges Schwartz (T.). Deep canary yellow; free.

Golden Dawn. Produces large, fairly full blooms, borne erect on long, strong stems. The buds are rich sunflower yellow, heavily flushed with deep old rose. When open, the petals disclose an inner face of sunflower yellow, which tones to lemon yellow as the flower ages. The blooms, which are richly tea-scented, vary in color according to season, and are borne continuously.

Golden Gleam (H.T.). Bright buttercup yellow without shading. The outer petals are flushed and streaked scarlet. Very dainty, refined buds and flowers, free flowering. Dark green foliage.

Golden Ophelia (H.T.). A seedling from "Ophelia." Color, golden yellow in centre, paling slightly at outer petals. Recommended.

Goldmine (H.T.). Golden yellow, with orange bronze heart. Pointed bud, open flower, very handsome type; good petals, free flowering and lasting. Tea scented.

Gorgeous (H.T.). Deep orange yellow, heavily veined reddish copper.

Gustave Grunerwald (H.T.). China pink, apricot centre; good sweet scent.

H Hadley (H.T.). Dark crimson scarlet; good grower; one of the best.

Hawthorn Crimson (H.T.). A gloriously beautiful rose whose pointed bud colorings are intense crimson maroon, becoming crimson scarlet as the semi-double blooms develop.

Hugo Roller (T.). Rich lemon yellow, petals edged crimson; flowers medium size; good shape.

Hoosier Beauty (H.T.). Crimson, with darker shadings; large, beautifully formed flowers on erect, stiff stems. A real beauty.

I Irish Elegance (H.T.). Bronzy orange, profuse bloomer; single.

Irish Fireflame (H.T.). Single. A deep madder orange, splashed with crimson, which, as the bud develops comes fiery orange crimson; delicately sheened and veined with crimson and pure lemon base; strong tea perfumed.

Isobel (H.T.). Single, carmine red, flushed orange scarlet.

Ivy May (H.T.). Rose pink running to amber at the base of the petals, flushed with gold on the outside of the petals, and at the edges.

J John C. M. Mensing (H.T.). Sport from "Ophelia," being a deep bright rose, habit and other characteristics as the parent.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock (H.T.). Large, perfect formation; highly perfumed; color carmine, changing to imperial pink.

John Davison (H.T.). Deep rich crimson.

Joyous Cavalier (H.T.). Flowers brilliant scarlet that does not blue, borne about three together on long stem. Foliage abundant, medium size, dark bronzy green, glossy, disease-resistant.

June Boyd (H.T.). Salmon carmine with a yellow base, the outside of petals being heavily flushed amber yellow.

Julien Potin (Per.). The most gorgeous and brilliant yellow rose yet introduced, a rich golden yellow that grows deeper and more intense as the flowers mature. The buds are long and shapely and develop into large full flowers of beautiful form. Delightfully sweet scented. Growth upright with ample glossy bronzy-green foliage and very floriferous.

K. of K. (H.T.). Intense scarlet; semi-single.

Killarney Queen (H.T.). Cerise pink, shading lighter at base of petals.

ROSES—Continued

- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H.T.).** Pure white; one of the best.
- Lady Alice Stanley (H.T.).** Deep coral rose, inside pale flesh, slightly flushed deeper flesh; fragrant.
- Lady Helen Maglona (H.T.).** The bud and young flowers bright crimson red with blackish markings, lightening with age to scarlet red. Hardy vigorous growth. Awarded "The Clay Cup" for fragrance in 1925.
- Lady Worthington Evans (H.T.).** The color is glowing blackish crimson. Disease resistant foliage. Makes a fine bushy tree, ideal for bedding. Award of Merit, Royal Show (England).
- Lady Pirrie (H.T.).** Reddish salmon, inside of petals apricot yellow, flushed fawn and copper.
- Lady Roberts (T.).** Reddish apricot; the base of the petals coppery red.
- Lady Margaret Stewart (Per.).** Deep sunflower yellow heavily veined and splashed with orange scarlet.
- Laurent Carle (H.T.).** Large flowers borne on long stems; brilliant velvety carmine; perfumed; good.
- Lord Charlemont (H.T.).** Clear crimson, deepening to carmine crimson; sweetly scented.
- Los Angeles (Per.).** Luminous flame pink, toned coral and gold at base of petals; long pointed bud, expanding into beautiful large fragrant flowers.
- Lucien Chaire (H.T.).** Flesh, illuminated clear buds; very free flowering and good.
- Madame Abel Chatenay (H.T.).** Pale flesh shaded rose; free flowering; good; splendid.
- Madame Butterfly (H.T.).** Sport from Ophelia; a harmony of bright pink, apricot and gold; excellent.
- Madame Henri Lustre (H.T.).** Vigorous growth and erect branching habit, very floriferous, beautiful long bud, flower very large, full, opening well; color, dark scarlet to red.
- Madame Jules Bouche (H.T.).** Salmon white, centre shaded virginal pink; large, full, good form, hard petals. Recommended.
- Madame Leon Pain (H.T.).** Silvery salmon, centre orange yellow; large, full; well formed.
- Madame Oreve (H.T.).** Color is rose salmon, the centre deep salmon.
- Madame Segond Weber (H.T.).** Petals large and firm; color rosy salmon; very fine.
- Madame Edouard Herriot (H.T.).** A deep terra-cotta or reddish copper; unique.
- Mabel Morse (H.T.).** Golden yellow without shading; sweetly scented.
- Mabel Turner (H.T.).** Flowers large, full, and well formed high pointed centre. Deep salmon pink, reflexed petals.
- Mama Lamesch (H.T.).** Orange and flesh, centre reddish copper with carmine on yellow ground.
- Maman Cochet (T.).** Blush rose, shaded carmine and salmon. One of the best.
- Marjorie Bulkeley (H.T.).** Buff ochre, flushed rosy pink.
- Margaret McGredy (H.T.).** Color orange-scarlet. Flowers are large, full, of perfect form, and exhibition size, and are borne freely throughout the season.
- Marion Cran (H.T.).** Color deep buttercup yellow, margined and flushed cerise and rosy scarlet.

- Mrs. Bryce Allen (H.T.).** Carmine rose, highly perfumed; splendid.
- Mrs. A. R. Waddell (H.T.).** Very long buds of reddish salmon tints; good grower.
- Mrs. C. J. Bell (H.T.).** A sport from Radiance; color, delicate shell pink.
- Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom (H.T.).** Long buds, developing into perfectly formed flowers. Resistant to disease.
- Mrs. George Shawyer (H.T.).** Similar in color to Madame Jules Grolez, but a large flower, with longer and stiffer stems.
- Mrs. A. R. Barraclough (H.T.).** A bright soft carmine pink shading to yellow at base. The color does not fade. The flowers are very large, of fine substance and perfect form. Habit of growth strong and vigorous. Fragrant.
- Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury (H.T.).** Bright pink; fair perfume.
- Mrs. E. Willis (H.T.).** Seedling from Mad. S. Weber; long buds; delicate pink.
- Mrs. H. Winnett (H.T.).** Beautiful red, not as dark as Hadley.
- Mrs. Tom Smith (H.T.).** Growth vigorous and erect. Dark bronzy mildew-proof foliage. Buds freely produced and open exceedingly well. Color glowing cerise; fragrant; flowers finely shaped, every bloom being perfect.
- Mrs. W. C. Egan (H.T.).** Color a two-tone pink, lasting well when cut.
- Mrs. Lovell Swisher (H.T.).** Large, beautiful pointed buds of deep coppery salmon, opening to perfectly formed, double, moderately fragrant flowers of delicate salmon pink, passing to flesh on the edges. A very vigorous grower with bronzy foliage, resistant to disease.
- Margaret Dickson Hamill (H.T.).** Delicate maize straw color; petals flushed with carmine at back; perfumed.
- Mrs. Beckwith (Per.).** Buttercup yellow, lighter on edges of petals.
- Mrs. Charles Lamplough (H.T.).** Soft lemon, sweetly scented.
- Mrs. Dunlop-Best (H.T.).** Reddish apricot, base of petals coppery yellow; perfumed; good.
- Mrs. MacKellar (H.T.).** Deep citron, or delicate pure canary, changing to primrose cream.
- Mrs. R. H. Darlington (H.T.).** Creamy yellow, sweetly scented; splendid.
- Mrs. Foley-Hobbs (T.).** Ivory white, faintly tinged clear pink.
- Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.).** Creamy white, centre buff, base of petals golden yellow; very good.
- Mrs. H. Stevens (T.).** White centre, shaded with fawn and peach, buds long and pointed; dainty; one of the best.
- Marcia Stanhope (H.T.).** Scented white rose.
- May Wettren (H.T.).** The outer side of the petals pass from deep rose to rosy pink, and finally to bright rose, the blending of tones creating a perfect harmony.
- Mevrow C. van Marwyk Kooy (H.T.).** White, centre Indian yellow; sometimes coppery orange.
- Miss Willmott (H.T.).** Soft sulphur cream, with faintest flush towards edges.
- Molly Sharmon-Crawford (T.).** Delicate eau-de-nil, white; perfumed.
- My Maryland (H.T.).** Bright salmon pink, with paler edges; delightfully fragrant.

- N Norman Lambert (H.T.).** Outside petals deep buttercup yellow, and the inside deep salmon orange suffused bronze and yellow, fading to yellow at base. Flowers large and full. Foliage dark green and mildew proof. Long strong stems. Delightfully fragrant.
- O Oliver Mee (H.T.).** Color deep salmon, with heavy flush of clear fawn, changing with age to salmon-pink. Sweetly scented.
- Ophelia (H.T.).** Salmon flesh, shaded with rose.
- P Papa Gontier (H.T.).** Rosy crimson, very large petals.
- Patience (H.T.).** Color deep orange, shading to orange-scarlet. Flowers large, full, and of good form; delicately perfumed.
- Peggy Bell (H.T.).** A beautiful rose of fine substance and distinct coloring, perhaps suggesting Betty Uprichard, but it is more free and robust in habit. It is ever-blooming and makes a fine large bush, and the flower lasts well when cut.
- Penelope (T.).** Lower half reddish crimson; centre creamy white.
- Perle des Jardins (T.).** Bright canary yellow; fragrant.
- R Radiance (H.T.).** Flowers large size, clear rose color, with a brilliant reverse of dark carmine. The bud is large and always clean and brilliant; stems are very long and stiff, bearing the flowers erect. A constant bloomer. Perfumed.
- Rapture (H.T.).** Sport of Madame Butterfly. Flower medium size, deep pink borne single on long stem. Two Gold Medals.
- Red Letter Day.** Scarlet crimson buds, and cactus-like flowers, blooming the entire season.
- Red Radiance (H.T.).** A red flowered sport from the popular favorite Radiance. Very free flowering; strongly recommended for garden decoration.
- Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.).** Marechal Neil color, buff markings reverse of petals; highly recommended.
- Rhea Reid (H.T.).** Flowers red, large, fragrant; free and continuous blooming.
- Richard F. West (H.T.).** Cadmium yellow, paler on reflex. Delightfully fragrant.
- Roselandia (H.T.).** A new yellow sport from Golden Ophelia; larger and deeper in color, with fruity perfume.
- Rose Berkeley (H.T.).** The color is deep rosy salmon-pink suffused orange, and running to an orange base. The flowers are large, full, and beautifully shaped.
- Rose Marie (H.T.).** Rose pink, fragrant; highly recommended.
- S Sensation (H.T.).** Scarlet crimson with maroon markings, growth vigorous, profuse bloomer.
- Souv. de Maria de Zayas (H.T.).** Vivid carmine; large and good.

ROSES—Continued

Souv. de Claudius Pernet (Per.). Sunflower yellow that does not fade; large, full, good.

Souv. de H. A. Verschuren (H.T.). Cadmium yellow, passing to orange yellow.

Souv. de Madame Boulet (H.T.). Dark cadmium yellow; large, fairly full, long bud.

Souv. de R. B. Ferguson (Per.). Splashed cerise and rose pink on apricot.

Souv. of Stella Grey (T.). Deep orange, with splashes or veinations of yellow, apricot, salmon, and crimson.

Shot Silk (H.T.). Colorings may be described as bright cherry-cerise over-shot with salmon orange, flushed rose, and a deep-veined clear buttercup yellow base; strong Otto of Rose perfume.

Sovereign (Per.). Deep yellow in bud, opening to deep golden yellow.

Sunburst (H.T.). Cadmium yellow, orange-yellow centre, large cupped form, changing to brilliant lemon as flower expands.

Sunny South (H.T.). A lovely pink, flushed carmine on a yellow base.

Sunstar (H.T.). Deep orange and yellow, edged crimson.

Souv. Therese Levet (T.). Dark velvety crimson.

Star of Queensland (H.T.). Rich deep velvety crimson, shaded maroon, reverse petals cerise.

Talisman (H.T.). A very fine and attractive Gold Medal rose that is quite distinct. Scarlet, pink, copper and gold are all to be found in the glorious shadings; vigorous grower with good foliage.

Una Wallace (H.T.). Cherry rose, without shading.

Victor Waddilove (H.T.). Bright carmine pink with yellow base; magnificent form, substance and texture; strong, sweet tea perfume.

Ville de Paris (Per.). Flower large full, globulous; color, sun yellow, slightly tinted orange, deeper in the centre and at the base. Keeps its color well in full sun.

W. F. Dreer (Per.). Deep golden yellow, strongly perfumed.

W. R. Smith (T.). Creamy white, flushed and suffused with bright rosy pink.

William E. Nickerson (H.T.). A fine rose, color glowing orange cerise. Very attractive and distinct. Fine sturdy grower. Well shaped flowers.

White Ensign (H.T.). The color is pure white, flushed delicate cream at very base of petals. Flowers are medium sized, full, and well shaped.

White Maman Cochet (T.). Equal to the celebrated Pink Maman Cochet.

Willowmere (Per.). Rich crimson pink, shaded yellow in the centre.

Warrior (H.T.). Flowers vivid scarlet crimson, large, double, with broad, handsome petals.

Yves Druben (H.T.). Dark velvety red; highly perfumed.

CLIMBERS

Can be grown in the border if trained on poles. The prefix "Climbing" is only used when there are dwarf roses of the same name, and should never be omitted when ordering if confusion and disappointment are to be avoided.

Black Boy (H.T.). The darkest climbing rose yet offered. The bud is well shaped and the flower most attractive. The color is a deep crimson, shaded with blackish maroon over-laying fiery scarlet, and it is sweetly scented.

Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H.T.). Deep rose, long pointed buds.

Climbing Caroline Testout (T.). Flowers bright rose.

Climbing Chateau de Clos Vouget (H.T.). Easily darkest H.T. grown; good climbing habit.

Climbing Chatenay (H.T.). Carmine rose, shaded salmon; very free and good.

Climbing Columbia (H.T.). Strong-growing sport of this well-known variety.

Climbing Devoniensis (T.). Creamy white.

Climbing General MacArthur (H.T.). Possessing all the good points of the parent.

Climbing Georges Schwartz (T.). The blooms are of the brightest yellow; flowers freely, Spring, Summer and Winter.

Climbing Golden Ophelia (H.T.). A fine climbing sport of the pretty dwarf variety. The flowers are perfect in shape, and will prove a welcome addition to the yellow flowering climbing varieties.

Climbing Hadley (H.T.). From two distinct sources climbing sports of this popular variety have been imported. The flowers are identical to the parent in rich crimson color and sweet fragrance.

Climbing Hoosier Beauty (H.T.). Vigorous sport from the popular dwarf variety.

Climbing Irish Fireflame (H.T.). Identical with the normal type. Sometimes plants will not climb the first year, although undoubted climbers in the nursery.

Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H.T.). Pure white, one of the best.

Climbing Lady Hillingdon (H.T.). Long buds; deep orange yellow; good.

Climbing Los Angeles (Per.). Probably no other rose has made such a stir in all except tropical countries. For description see Los Angeles Rose in General List.

Climbing Madam Edouard Herriot (Per.). A vigorous climbing sport of the highly esteemed variety.

Climbing Madam Segond Weber (H.T.). Climbing sport; color same as dwarf variety; good.

Climbing Maman Cochet (T.). A strong climbing sport; color, same as dwarf variety; good.

Climbing Mrs. G. Shawyer (H.T.). Brilliant pink, vigorous climber.

Climbing Ophelia (H.T.). Identical with the normal type; perfect blooms, which are salmon flesh, shaded rose; recommended.

Climbing Perle des Jardins (T.). Bright yellow; profuse; one of the best.

Climbing Stevens (H.T.). Vigorous grower, full snow-white flower; sport from Mrs. H. Stevens.

Climbing Sunburst (H.T.). A climbing sport from the well-known dwarf variety. Color, cadmium yellow, with orange centre.

Climbing Sunstar (H.T.). A climbing sport of the well-known and popular bedding variety. A very valuable introduction.

Climbing White Maman Cochet (H.T.). This is a true climber of very vigorous habit, of the magnificent Maman Cochet.

Cloth of Gold (Noisette). Sulphur yellow.

Climbing Radiance (H.T.) (H. J. Catt, 1928). A real climbing sport of "Radiance." Very vigorous grower.

Climbing Red Radiance (H.T.). A vigorous climbing sport will be very welcome in New South Wales where all the Radiance family are so popular, as it supplies quite a new color in climbing roses.

Climbing Rose Marie (H.T.). A climbing sport of Rose Marie is one of the most valuable acquisitions for many years. In addition to its color being quite new in climbers, the shape of the blooms and rich sweet fragrance will ensure it a front rank place. Mildew-proof foliage. Highly recommended.

Climbing Souv. de Georges Pernet (Per.). A climbing sport of free flowering character, producing large blooms of rich color similar to the parent variety.

Countess of Stradbroke (H.T.) (Clbg.). A vigorous growing, free blooming climbing rose of exceptional merit. The flowers are large and full; they possess a full rich fragrance of the sweet or damask type. The color is a rich dark velvety crimson.

Flying Colours (H.T.). Large single flowers of deep bright cerise.

Golden Vision (H.T.). Golden yellow; borne in great quantity.

Jessie Clark. Large single flowers (4in. across), borne in clusters. Color, a lovely shade of pink.

Kitty Kininmouth (H.T.). Bright carmine rose.

Marechal Neil (Noisette). Rich golden yellow.

Mermaid (H.T.) (Hybrid of Rosa Brae-teata); sulphury yellow, single.

Miss Marion Manifold (H.T.). Rich velvety scarlet; shaded crimson, lightly Bourbon scented; a Victorian seedling which has a reputation for flowering nine months in the year. Strong, vigorous grower.

Noella Nabonnand (T.). Extra large, semi-double, velvety crimson, handsome buds. Very vigorous.

Nora Cunningham (H.T.). Flowers large, decorative, semi-double; color, pure pink in Spring, and becomes particularly vivid in the Autumn.

Sachsengruss (H.T.). Delicate flesh, with China rose reflexes; very large, and a perfect shape.

Souvenir de Leonie Viennot (H.T.). Silvery rose, shading to carmine, base of petals canary yellow.

Striped Reine Marie Henriette (H.T.). Has the same excellent qualities as R. M. Henriette, with the exception of the flowers, which are striped magenta, on paler ground.

Walter C. Clark (H.T.). Deep maroon crimson, shaded black; perfumed.

William Allan Richardson (Noisette). Beautiful orange yellow.

Zephrine Drouhin (H.T.). Clear shade of pink, fine foliage; almost thornless.

Banksian Roses

Desirable Roses for climbing purposes.
Banksia Alba, White. Banksia Lutea,
Yellow. Fortunil, Large, white.

Dwarf Polyantha Roses

ORLEANS TYPE

This section is most suited for bedding and massing, low edges, or as an edging to taller growing varieties. They produce large clusters of bloom and are almost continuously in flower. They are all compact growers, and should not be mixed with other types.

Coral Cluster. Coral pink sport from Orleans.
Ellen Poulson. Brilliant pink; large, full, sweet scented.
E. N. Ward. Soft warm pink, sometimes tipped with carmine.
Chatillon. Beautiful pink, enormous trusses of semi-double flowers.
Jeanie Soupert. White, with pink flushing.
Maman Turbat. Beautiful China rose, shaded clear peach. Large trusses; one of the best.
Miss Edith Cavell. Scarlet crimson sport from Orleans.
Orleans. Brilliant geranium red, suffused rose, with white centre, making a charming combination. Bushy habit; and very free flowering.

CECIL BRUNNER TYPE

The varieties of this list comprise the best of the Baby Roses. They produce exquisitely shaped blooms in small clusters, suitable for buttonhole or similar decoration; but generally are not suitable for bedding.

George Elgar. Coppery golden yellow, changing to clear yellow.
Mlle. Cecil Brunner. Delicate salmon pink; deep salmon centre.
Perle D'or. Nankeen yellow; deep orange in bud.
Tip Top. Golden yellow, heavily tipped cerise. A beauty.

DWARF POLYANTHA (Contd)

MISCELLANEOUS TYPES

These varieties include all the best sorts which do not find a place in the previous sections; but as they are of various habits of growth and flower, should never be mixed with other kinds.

Borderer. Flowers difficult to describe; shades of pink, copper and amber go together and make a charming and distinct rose.
Kirsten Poulsen. Large single scarlet flowers; seedling from Orleans.
Leonie Lamesch. Bright coppery red, shaded with deep red and yellow.
Mlle. Francisque Favre. Single; carmine, with white eye; large truss.
Rodhatte. Cherry-red; semi-double.
Yvonne Rabier. Pure white.
Salmon Spray. Rich salmon pink; reverse of petals carmine.

CLIMBING

Polyantha & Ramblers

Climbing Cecil Brunner. A vigorous climbing sport from the favorite dwarf.
Climbing Orleans. A climbing sport from the well known dwarf variety.
Crimson Rambler. (See Excelsa).
Mrs. F. W. Flight. Lovely pink; white centre, semi-double; fair size; produced in enormous clusters.
Moonlight. White, flushed with lemon; sweetly scented.
Tausendschon. Large pink, in large clusters.
Veichenblau. Reddish lilac, changing to amethyst and steel blue; semi-double flowers, produced in large bunches.

Moss Roses

Price, 1/6 each.

This charming old-world type of Rose succeeds best in the colder districts. Around Sydney blooms in the Spring only.

White Bath. White. **Zenobia.** Pink.
Captain Basroger. Red; large, full.

Wichuraiana Roses

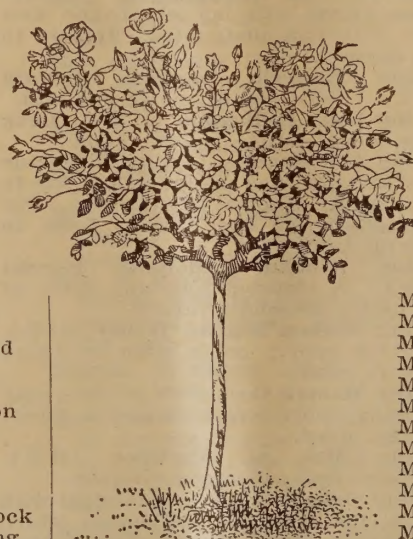
These delightful Roses make ideal subjects for covering banks, pergolas, tree stumps, rockeries, arches or pillars. Most varieties have small, shiny foliage, and bear a profusion of large clusters of flowers in the Spring. Suitable in all climates.

American Pillar. Large, single, rich pink, with white eye and yellow stamens.
Cherub. Produces a mass of beautiful salmon pink flowers in Spring.
Dorothy Perkins. A beautiful shell pink; double flowers in clusters.
Dr. Huey. Semi-double, dark crimson maroon.
Dr. W. van Fleet. Flowers 4 inches in diameter, with high centre; delicate shade of pink, deepening in the centre.
Emily Grey. Golden yellow climbing rose. Without doubt the finest yellow Wichuraiana rose yet introduced.
Excelsa. Brilliant scarlet crimson, large trusses of double flowers; mildew-proof foliage; much superior to Crimson Rambler.
Hiawatha. Single; bright rich crimson; white eye.
Ile de France. Crimson red, with white centre; large, semi-double; large trusses.
Jacotte. Brilliant coppery salmon on saffron yellow.
Paul's Scarlet Climber. Vivid scarlet shaded with crimson; suitable for pillars and pergolas.
Romeo. Deep red; double; perfect form; resembling a miniature "Liberty."
Sanders' White. Best white.
Shower of Gold. Vigorous; almost the color of Wm. Allan Richardson, but not so much orange.
Silver Moon. Very strong grower; large, silvery white flowers, 6 inches across.

Standard Roses

Standards (about 36in.), 3/6 each;
39/- dozen. Three-quarter Standards (about 30in.), 3/6 each; 39/- dozen.

For description see General List.



The following is a list of the varieties we can supply, and are fine, strong plants. We recommend the Three-quarter Standard as the best for this climate:—

Alexander Hill Grey
Angele Pernet
Antoine Rivoire
Aspirant M. Rouyer
Belle Seibrecht—Synonymous Mrs. W. J. Grant
Betty Uprichard
Black Boy
Chas. P. Kilham
Chateau de Clos Vougeot
Columbia
Countess of Gosford
Dame Edith Helen
Elegante
E. G. Hill
Ethel Somerset
Etoile de Hollande
F. J. Looymans
Frau Karl Druschki
G. A. Van Rosen
General MacArthur
George Dickson
Georges Schwartz
Golden Dawn
Golden Emblem

Golden Gleam
Golden Ophelia
Gustav Grunerwald
Gwen Nash
Hadley
Hawlmarm Crimson
Hoosier Beauty
Hugo Roller
Irish Elegance
Irish Fireflame
Jonkheer J. L. Mock
John C. M. Mensing
K. A. Victoria
K. of K.
Konigin Carola
Lady A. Stanley
Lady Ashtown
Lady H. Maglona
Lady Hillingdon
Laurent Carle
Lord Charlemont
Los Angeles
Mabel Morse

Mad. Abel Chatenay
Mad. Butterfly
Mad. Ed. Herriot
Mad. Jules Bouche
Mad. Jules Grolez
Mad. Segond Weber
Maman Cochet
Margaret Dickson
Hamill
Margaret McGredy

Midnight Sun
Miss M. Manifold
Miss Wilmott
Molly Sharman Crawford
Mrs. A. R. Barraclough
Mrs. A. R. Waddell
Mrs. Beckwith
Mrs. Bryce Allen
Mrs. C. J. Bell
Mrs. Dunlop Best
Mrs. George Shawyer
Mrs. Harold Brocklebank
Mrs. H. Winnett
Mrs. Herbert Stevens
Mrs. H. R. Darlington
Mrs. Lovell Swisher
Mrs. Lenon
Mrs. Mackellar
Mrs. W. C. Egan
Norman Lambert
Ophelia
Old Gold
Padre

Radiance
Red Radiance
Red Letter Day
Rev. F. Page Roberts
Rhea Reid
Rose Marie
Roselandia
Richard E. West
Sovereign
Sunburst
Sunstar
Sunny South
Souv. de Claudius Pernet
Souv. de Georges Pernet
Souv. de H. A. Verschuren
Souv. de Madame Boulet
Souv. de R. B. Ferguson
Souv. de Sergeant Crette
Souv. of Stella Grey
Sensation
Shot Silk
Talisman
Una Wallace
Warrior
White Maman Cochet
W. F. Dreer

ANDERSON'S TREES, PLANTS and SHRUBS

Execution of Plant Orders

Plant orders are executed at the time most suitable for planting, taking into consideration the weather and other existing circumstances. We are always willing to attend to specific instructions regarding the execution of plant orders, should customers desire delivery at a certain time and they will accept the risk.

In order to assist customers in selecting Trees, Shrubs, Climbers, etc., we have placed certain numerals which will indicate localities where the plants are suitable: 1, Mountain; 2, Inland; 3, Coastal; 4, Tropical.

N.B.—D. denotes Deciduous; E. denotes Evergreen.

ABUTILON—2, 3, 4

CHINESE LANTERN

Handsome evergreen flowering shrubs of free growth; some of the varieties have variegated leaves and are very handsome, but the whole family are attractive and profuse bloomers; flowers bell-shaped. We recommend cutting back every second or third year.

Boule de Nieve. E. White. 6 feet	1 9
Cloth of Gold. E. Golden. 6 feet	1 9
Emperor. E. Large flowers, dark crimson. 6 feet	1 9
Rosae-florum. E. Pink. 6 feet	1 9
Souvenir de Bonn. E. Leaves have a beautiful silver margin; flowers orange, veined scarlet. 10 feet	1 9
Vexillarium. E. Yellow and red. 6 feet	1 9

ACACIA—1, 2, 3, 4

Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle). E. Silvery leaf of great beauty; free flowering. 20ft.	1 6
15/- dozen; 100/- per 100.	
Decurrens (Black Wattle). E. 20 feet	1 6
Dealbata (Silver Wattle). E. 20 feet	1 6
Elata. E. 30 feet. The best for avenue planting	1 6
Mollissima Floribunda. E. 25ft.	1 6
Poda ly racfolia (Queensland Silver Wattle). E. A very choice variety. 20 feet	1 6
15/- dozen; 100/- per 100.	
Pycnantha (Golden Wattle). E. 20 feet	2 0
Spectabilis. E. 15 ft. Beautiful variety	1 6

ACER—1

MAPLE

Negundo (Box Elder). D. 40ft.	2 0
Negundo Argentea Variegata. D. A silver variegated form of Acer negundo. Grows in Sydney if kept well watered, but is at its best in the cooler districts	2 6
Platanoides (Norway Maple). D. 50 ft.	2 0
Polymorphum. D. 20 ft. Seedling Japanese Maple	2 0
Pseudo Platanus (Sycamore or False Plane). D. 50 feet	2 0
These varieties are quite hardy out of doors.	

JAPANESE MAPLE—1

None of the ornamental trees excel these beautiful Japanese Maples. They are striking in foliage, and thrive well in the cool parts of New South Wales when grown in sheltered positions. They can also be grown as pot plants in the bush-house.

Atropurpureum. D. Deep maroon, large regular palmate leaves	s. d. 7 6
Dissectum Atropurpureum. D. Deep maroon, richly fringed thread-like leaflets; drooping	7 6
Dissectum. D. Green	7 6
Osaka-Zuki. D. Large-leaved regular palmate, light maroon, changing to blood-red in Autumn	7 6
Reticulatum. D. Green and white variegated leaves	7 6

ÆSCULUS—1

The Horse Chestnut is very suitable for the colder parts of our State. It is a magnificent shade tree, and requires ample space. It is deciduous.

Hippocastanum (Horse Chestnut). D. 40 feet	2 6
Rubicunda (Scarlet Chestnut). D. 20 feet	3 0

ALOYSIA—1, 2, 3

Citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena). D. 8 feet	1 6
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The scent of the leaves is delightful.

AMYGDALUS PERSICA—1, 2, 3, 4

Double flowering Peach; very ornamental.	s. d.
Clara Meyer. D. Palest double pink	1 9
Carnation Striped. D. Flaked white and pink	1 9
Crimson. D.	1 9
White. D.	1 9

Most of our Pot Plants are sent in water-tight paper pots, saving freight and carriage in packing. The cost of packing must be added to prices named. The minimum charge of 2/- for orders packed in cases will cover cost of packing a dozen pot plants.

ARBUTUS—1, 2, 3

STRAWBERRY TREE

Bearing small edible fruit. Handsome evergreen, hardy shrub, with laurel-like foliage; prefers a light sandy or peaty soil.

Unedo. E. 20 feet	2/- & 2 6
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ARDISIA—2, 3, 4

Crenulata. Crimson berries. 2 feet	2/- & 2 6
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Evergreen; a charming pot plant.

ARDUINA—2, 3, 4

CAPE PLUM

Beautiful flowering shrub, with white flowers strongly scented like the Jasmine.

Grandiflora. E. White. 8ft.	2 0
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AUCUBA—1, 2, 3, 4

THE GOLD DUST TREE

Handsone, hardy, evergreen shrubs; leaves pale green, spotted with yellow; will thrive even under trees, and will stand severe frosts.

Janopica Aurea. E. 4 ft.	2 0
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BAUHINIA—3, 4

MOUNTAIN EBONY

Very showy evergreen flowering shrubs.

Alba. E. 10 feet	2 0
Purpurea. E. 25 ft.	2 0

BENTHAMIA—1, 2, 3

Flowers large, white, densely aggregate, forming a round head. This is a beautiful evergreen tree, and produces reddish fruit, somewhat resembling the Arbutus; very effective.

Fragifera (Himalyan Strawberry). E. 10 ft.	2 0
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BERBERIS

Wilsonii. E. A new low growing evergreen shrub from China. Golden yellow flowers followed by red berries. Very attractive in autumn 2 0 |

Stenophylla. D. A hardy graceful shrub from 3 to 4 feet in height at maturity, and bearing large quantities of small yellow flowers in spring. Suitable for all the colder climates 2 0 |

BORONIA—1, 2, 3

This charming and well-known, sweetly-perfumed plant is most suitable for the South Coastal, Mountain and cooler districts of New South Wales. Possesses brown flowers, with golden yellow lining.

Megastigma. E. 15 feet	From 2/- & 2 6
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BRASSAIA—3, 4

THE UMBRELLA TREE

Tall growing; handsome, large, spreading foliage.

Actinophylla. E. 15 feet	2 0
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BROWALLIA—3, 4

Deep orange-coloured flowers, produced in great abundance during Spring and Summer.

Jamiesoni. E. 4 feet	1 9
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BRUGMANSIA—2, 3, 4

TRUMPET FLOWER

Soft-wooded, evergreen flowering shrub, hardy only where frosts are not severe; flowers drooping tubes, often 6 inches long. Perfume is delightful.

Knightii. E. White. 10 feet	2 0
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BRUNFELSIA—3, 4

FRANCISCEA

An elegant, free-flowering evergreen shrub, producing flowers of a variety of colour. It prefers a warm sheltered situation.

Latifolia. E. Lavender with white eye. 6 feet	2 6
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FLOWERING SHRUBS ADD EFFECTING BEAUTY TO THE GARDEN.

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

BUDDLEIA—1, 2, 3, 4

A very hardy, quick-growing family of plants, bearing honey-scented blossoms in profusion.

- Nanhoensis.** E. Virtually a dwarf s. d.
B. Veitchii, being much more compact, and therefore more suitable for small gardens. In all other respects similar to **B. Veitchii** and producing the same heliotrope violet blooms. Hardy everywhere 1 9
Variabilis Magnifica. E. Rose purple. 10 ft. 1 9
Veitchiana. E. Splendid for hedges or as a shrub on a lawn. The clusters of flowers are 12 to 18 inches in length, and of bright lilac color. The delicious fragrance resembles that of the English Lilac 1 9

BUXUS—1, 2, 3

BOX

- Arborea** (Tree Box). E. 10ft. From 2 0
Aurea Variegata. E. 3 ft. 2 0
Sempervirens. E. Common English Box for edging. 7/6 doz.; 50/- per 100.

CALLISTEMON—2, 3, 4

THE BOTTLE BRUSH

- Acuminata.** E. 8 ft. Large blooms. Crimson 2 0
Coccinea. E. 15 ft. Weeping variety. Scarlet 2 0
Lanceolatus. E. 8 ft. Scarlet 2 0

CALODENDRON—2, 3, 4

THE CAPE CHESTNUT

- Capense.** E. Beautiful lilac-colored flowering tree; evergreen. 40 ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

CAMELLIA

See page 55

CAMPHORA—2, 3, 4

- Officinalis** (Camphor Laurel). E. Beautiful evergreen tree, of quick growth; suitable for our climate; admirable as an avenue tree. 50 ft. 15/- doz. 1 9

CASSIA—2, 3, 4

A very pretty evergreen shrub, covered with a profusion of yellow blossoms during Autumn.

- Candolleana.** E. 10 ft. 2 0

CASTANEA—1, 2, 3, 4

- Vesca** (Sweet or Spanish Chestnut). D. 3 0

CASTANOSPERMUM—3, 4

A native of Queensland, suitable for most parts of N.S.W.; bears saffron-coloured flowers, and makes a handsome evergreen tree.

- Australis** (Moreton Bay Chestnut). E. 50 ft. 2 0

CATALPA—1, 2, 3

A showy, rapid-growing tree, with pyramidal clusters of fragrant flowers. Splendid specimens for lawns and shrubberies.

- Speciosa.** D. White, fragrant. 20 ft. 1/6 & 2 6

CERASUS—1, 2, 3

The Laurels are old favourites; they thrive well here if planted in good strong soil, and make splendid hedges. (See Hedge Plants).

- Lauro-cerasus** (English Laurel). E. 20 ft. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.
Lusitanica (Portugal Laurel). E. 20 ft. 2 0

CERASUS JAPONICA—1, 2, 3

DOUBLE FLOWERING CHERRY

Japanese double-flowering Cherries are the most beautiful flowering shrubs one could wish to have. They are showy, ornamental, and the flowers sweetly pretty. Highly recommended.

- J. H. Veitch.** D. Rosy pink, 2 in. diameter, bronze foliage. 10 ft. 2 6
Mt. Fuji. D. Semi-double white. 10 ft. 2 6
Sieboldti Rosea Superba. D. A very double deep pink flowered variety 2 6

CERATOPETALUM—3, 4

CHRISTMAS BUSH

- The Christmas Bush is a gem. s. d.
Gummiferum. E. 40 ft. . . from 2 0

CERATONIA—2

Hardy evergreen tree, small red flowers, followed by pods 4 to 5 inches long; useful for stock feeding; has a thick stem; a spreading habit.

- Requires a hot, dry climate.
Silqua (Carob Tree, St. John's Bread, Locust Tree). E. 16 ft. 2 0

CERATOSTIGMA

- Willmottiae.** E. A rare and beautiful shrub, allied to Plumbago and producing deep sky blue flowers over a long season. The plants are shrubby and grow from 3 to 5 ft. in height. Highly recommended. Hardy everywhere 2 0

CERCIS—1, 2, 3

The Judas Tree is a beautiful deciduous, flowering tree, producing vivid purple flowers covering the leafless branches, after which the curiously-shaped leaves appear; requires shelter; suitable for cold districts.

- Siliquastrum** (Judas Tree). D. 20 ft. 2 0
Canadensis. D. Red 2 0



CERASUS JAPONICA: Double Flowering Cherry.

CESTRUM—3, 4

- Nocturnum.** D. Greenish white. Sweetly scented at night. 6 ft. 1 9

CHAMAELAUCIUM

- Uncinatum** (Geraldton Wax Plant). A native of Western Australia, and produces bunches of very pretty pink blooms, somewhat after the shape of our native Tea Tree flowers. The plant will stand very dry conditions, but is sensitive to too much water . . . 2 6

CHOISYA—1, 2, 3

- Dwarf evergreen shrub, with flowers like orange blossoms, sweetly scented.
Ternata. E. 6 ft. from 2 0

CHORIZEMA—1, 2, 3, 4

- Cordata.** E. One of the prettiest of our native shrubs, growing to a height of two or three feet, and covered in Spring with delightful orange and red pea-shaped flowers 1 6

CHRISTIA—3, 4

- A beautiful evergreen, compact-growing shrub, with curiously-formed yellow and red flowers.
Grandiflora. E. 5 ft. 2 0

CLETHRA—1, 2

LILY OF THE VALLEY TREE

- These are very ornamental. Flowers very like the Lily of the Valley.
Arborea. E. White. 10 ft. 2 6

CLIANTHUS—1, 2, 3

NEW ZEALAND GLORY PEA

- A hardy evergreen soft-wooded shrub, fine foliage, trailing habit.
Puniceus. E. Beautiful red flowers. 8 ft. 2 0

COPROSMA—1, 2, 3, 4

Handsome evergreen shrubs, with bright shining leaves, some variegated and margined; very hardy, thriving well in either hot or cold districts; suitable for hedges near coast.

- Lucida.** E. Strong grower. 6 ft. 15/- dozen 1 6

- Picturata.** E. Pale green leaves, marked with blotches of creamy yellow and white. 6 ft. 2 6

- Variegata.** E. Green leaves, heavy margined, creamy white. 6 feet 2 6

COTONEASTER—1, 2, 3

Very hardy shrubs, bearing a profusion of berries.

- Buxifolia.** E. White. 4 ft. 1 9

- Francheti.** E. A hardy evergreen shrub allied to the Hawthorn, and grown for its handsome arching canes, which are heavily laden with orange-red berries in Autumn and Winter 1 9

- Microphylla.** E. White. 4 ft. 1 9
Simonsi. D. 8 ft. 1 9

CRATAEGUS—1, 2, 3

HAWTHORN

These are general favourites, flowering profusely in the Spring; the double varieties exceedingly beautiful and particularly showy.

- Carrieri.** D. Large scarlet fruit. 8 feet 2 0

- Crenulata** (Fire Thorn). E. Bears red berries like Ardisias; very pretty for decorations during Winter. Evergreen. 8 feet. 1/9 each; 15/- dozen.

- Crus-Galli** (Cockspur Thorn). D. White flowers, producing edible red fruit. 15 ft. 2 0

- Oxyantha Double White.** D. 12 feet 2 0

- Oxyantha Double Pink.** D. 12 feet 2 0

- Oxyantha Double Red.** D. 12 feet 2 0

- Pyracantha Angustifolia.** E. A strong growing evergreen hawthorn, producing bunches of white flowers in Spring, followed in Autumn by dense masses of orange berries. 15/- dozen 1 9

- Pyracantha.** E. Splendid evergreen, bearing large bunches of yellow berries. 8 ft. 18/- dozen 2 0

CROTOLARIA—3, 4

- Laburnifolia.** E. Native of Queensland. It thrives in our cooler climate. It is frequently called the "Bird Flower" on account of the fancied resemblance of its large yellow flowers—from 2½ to 3 inches long—to a bird hanging from the end of the branches . . . 2 0

CUPHEA—3, 4

Dwarf flowering plants; old favourites; flowers delicate tubes.
Platycentra. Red. E. The cigar-flower, 2 ft. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.
Jorulensis. E. Yellow and red. s. d.
 3 feet 1 6

CYDONIA—1, 2, 3

THE FLOWERING QUINCE

Handsome, deciduous shrubs; should be largely planted.
Japonica. D. Red 2 0
Nivalis. D. Pure white 1 9
Sanguinea Nivalis. D. White and red 1 9
Rosea. D. Pink 2 0

CYTISUS—1, 2, 3, LABURNUM

Charming English flowering tree, which during Spring is covered with beautiful pendant racemes of flowers; deciduous; will flower near Sydney in a suitable position, but prefers cold climate.
Laburnum (English Golden Chain).
 D. 12 ft. 2 0

DAPHNE—1, 2, 3

Prefer a light, moist soil and warm situation; highly perfumed; free bloom; universal favorite.
Indica Rubra. E. Red. 3 ft. 5 0
Odora. E. White. 3 ft. from 3 6

DEUTZIA—1, 2, 3

WEDDING BELLS

Dwarf flowering shrubs, highly recommended.
Candidissima fl. pl. D. Semi-double flowers. 6 ft. 1 6
Gracilis. D. White. 4 ft. 1 6
Pride of Rochester. D. Beautiful double flowers. 5 ft. 1 6

DIERVILLA—1, 2, 3

WEIGELIA

Beautiful deciduous plants; profuse bloomers; require but little attention. Produce fine clusters of tube-shaped flowers of a variety of colours. Can be highly recommended.
Abel Carriere. D. Rich rosy crimson. 4 ft. 1 9
Amabilis. D. Pink. 6 ft. 1 9
Candidissima. D. White. 6 ft. 1 9
Couquette. D. The largest flowered variety—deep rose, measuring 1 1/2 to 2 inches across. 6 ft. 1 9
Eva Rathke. D. Moderate grower, flowering abundantly; large crimson red color. 6 ft. 1 9
Gloire de Bosquets. D. Deep red flowers. 6 ft. 2 0
Rosea. D. 6 ft. 2 0

DIOSMA—2, 3

Charming little evergreen plant, with light feathery foliage, which is, during September and October, studded with small starry white flowers.
Ericoides. E. 3 ft. 2 0

DIPLACUS—2, 3, 4

A dwarf yellow flowering shrub; very attractive; evergreen.
Hybrida. E. 3 ft. 1 6

DOMBEYA—3, 4

Evergreen flowering shrubs, good foliage; flowers perfumed.
Dregiana. E. White. 15 ft. 2 0
Mastersi. E. White. 12 ft. 2 0

DORYANTHES—3, 4

Excelsa (Gigantic Lily). E. Handsome native shrub; scarlet flower. 12 ft. 2 0
Larkini. E. A Queensland variety of the Native Spear Lily or Gynea. Color brilliant, flowers are large 2 0

DOUBLE-FLOWERING CHERRY

(See *Cerasus*, page 46).

DOUBLE-FLOWERING PEACH

(See *Amygdalus*, page 45).

DOUBLE-FLOWERING QUINCE

(See *Cydonia*, on this page).

DRACAENA—3, 4

CORDYLINE

Handsome, tropical-looking plants; very hardy. s. d.
Indivisa. E. 8 ft. 2 0
Terminalis. E. 20 ft. 2 0

DURANTA—3, 4

A pretty family of dwarf-growing, evergreen shrubs; very free flowering and quite hardy; make pretty dwarf hedges. (See Hedge Plants).
Alba. E. White. 6 ft. 1 6
Plumieri. E. Blue. 6 ft. 15/- doz. 1 6

ELCEAGNUS—1, 2, 3

Fine hardy shrub; grows freely in any ordinary soil; very ornamental.

Japonica Macrophylla Aurea Variegata. 6 ft. 2 0
Japonica (Longpipes). 10 ft. 2 0

EDWARDSIA—1, 2, 3

Microphylla. E. Evergreen flowering shrub. Yellow flowers; very hardy. 12 ft. 2 0

ERYTHRINA—2, 3, 4

CORAL TREE

Erythrina, or Coral Trees, are splendid subjects in large or small pleasure grounds. They will thrive in the poorest soil, or even in barren sand; are handsome trees when out in flower.

Crista Galli Grandiflora. D. Bright deep scarlet. 8 ft. 2 0
Indica. D. Scarlet. 25 ft. 2 0
Speciosa. D. This variety is dwarf in habit and brilliant when in bloom 2 0

ESCALLONIA—1, 2, 3

Beautiful, free-flowering, evergreen plants.
Macrantha. E. Red. 6 ft. 1 9
Montevidiensis. E. White. 10 ft. 1 9

EUCALYPTUS—2, 3, 4

We list only a few of the ornamental varieties of this large genus. *Globulus* is the well-known Tasmanian Blue Gum. *Ficifolia* is one of the most beautiful flowering trees. A blaze of colour in Summer.

As all plants of *Ficifolia* are grown from seed, we cannot guarantee the colours. They are various shades of scarlet, sometimes crimson and orange, and occasionally a plant will flower white.

Botryoides (False Mahogany). E. 15/- dozen 1 6
Calophylla Rosea. E. Bright pink flowers. 30 ft. 15/- dozen 1 6
Citrifolia. E. Lemon-scented leaves. 75 ft. 15/- dozen 1 6
Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum). E. 100 feet. 13/- doz.; 90/- per 100 1 6
Ficifolia. E. Bright crimson flowers. 15 to 20 ft. 15/- doz. 1 6
Globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum). E. 1, 2, 3. 100 ft. 15/- doz.; 100/- per 100 1 6
Sideroxylon Rosea. E. 30 ft. Very hardy. 15/- dozen 1 6

EUGENIA—2, 3, 4

LILLIPILLI

Beautiful myrtle-leaved evergreens. ornamental; some varieties have blue and purple berries.

Leuhmanni. E. Graceful foliage; red fruit 2 0
Pendula. E. Purple fruit. 20 ft. 2 0
Smithii. E. White fruit. 20 ft. 2 0

EUONYMUS—1, 2, 3

A handsome family of evergreen shrubs with fine shining foliage.

Argenta Variegatus. E. 6 ft. 2 0
Aurea Variegatus. E. 6 ft. 2 0
Japonica. E. 12 ft. 2 0
Latifolius Alba Marginatus. E. 12ft. 2 0
Latifolius Aurea Marginatus. E. 6ft. 2 0

EUPATORIUM—3, 4

Flowers produced in very large corymbs, suitable for Winter flowering.

Ianthinum. E. Purple. 4 ft. 2 0

EUPHORBIA—2, 3, 4

CROWN OF THORNS

Curious and beautiful plant of dwarf habit. The shoots are hard and woody, with strong prickles; bright crimson flowers, produced in trusses, being nearly always in flower.

Splendens. E. 4 ft. 2 0

EXOCHORDA—1, 2, 3

PEARL BUSH

This cannot be too highly recommended. One of the loveliest flowering shrubs in cultivation; flowers pure white, borne in great profusion. s. d.

Grandiflora. D. 8 ft. 1 6
Macrantha. D. Large flowered form. The plants are deciduous, and in early Spring are clothed with beautiful large pure white blooms; hardy in cold districts 2 0

FAGUS—1

BEECH

Beautiful deciduous tree; leaves cover the tree with dense foliage in the Spring and Summer; only suitable for cold climates.

Sylvatica. D. 2 0

FEIJOA

Sellowiana. An evergreen bush up to about 10 feet in height, with conspicuous red and white flowers followed by edible greenish colored fruit, which partakes somewhat of the flavor of a guava; hardy, survives heat, frost and drought 2 6

FICUS—2, 3, 4

Remarkable for their magnificent foliage. Useful shade trees.

Australis (Port Jackson Fig.) E. 60ft 2 0
Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig.) E. 100 ft. 2 0
Nitida. E. Beautiful variety. Suitable for street planting. 40 ft. 2 0

FORSYTHIA—1, 2, 3

Very showy yellow flowering shrub.
Viridissima. D. Golden Bell. 4 ft. 1 6

FRAXINUS—1

COMMON ASH

Hardy and deciduous; prefers cool climate.
Excelsior. D. 50 ft. 1/6 & 2 6
Excelsior Aurea (Golden Ash). D. 30 feet from 2 6

GARDENIA—2, 3, 4

Evergreen dwarf flowering shrubs; foliage of a beautiful dark glossy green; lovely pure white flowers, delightfully fragrant; *Globosa* is a tall-growing shrub of great beauty. Not particular as to soil, but requires a warm situation.

Globosa. E. White and globular. 6 to 8 feet 2 0
Intermedia. E. Pure white, fragrant 2 0
Magnifica. E. White. 4 ft. 2 0

GAURA—3, 4

TEXAS SPRAY

Lindheimeri. 3 ft. Long sprays of white flowers 1 6

GENISTA—1, 2, 3

Pretty, hardy flowering shrub; good foliage.
Andreana. Crimson and yellow. 8ft. 1 9

GOLDFUSSIA—2, 3, 4

Dwarf and very pretty evergreen; flowers of rich lavender.

Anisophylla. E. 3 ft. 1 9

GRAPTOPHYLLUM—3, 4

Pretty red Queensland flowering shrub.
Earlii. E. 6 ft. 2 0

GREVILLEA—2, 3, 4

Banksii Fosterii. E. Crimson. 8 ft. 2 0
Dallachiana. An attractive dwarf shrub, with a bushy habit of growth and small leaves. Flowers, small but numerous, of a rich red color with a cream centre, being seen in Spring 1 9
Robusta (Silky Oak). E. 40 ft. 16/- dozen 1 9

A great favourite; grows quickly. It is very handsome and fragrant when in blossom.

Rosmarinifolia. E. Foliage silvery green, resembling "Rosemary." Red flowers with pale cream centres. Spring 2 0

Hilli. E. White. 30 ft. 2 0

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

HABROTHAMNUS—2, 3, 4

A showy, soft-wooded shrub, allied to Cestrum; free flowering, very hardy; flowers in bunches. s. d.

Elegans. E. 6 ft. Scarlet . . . 1 9

HAKEA—2, 3, 4

Eucalyptoides. E. A magnificent evergreen flowering shrub, with crimson flowers. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

HARPEPHYLLUM—2, 3, 4

Caffrum. E. A tall evergreen tree of noble appearance. Known as Kaffir Plum; an excellent specimen may be seen in the Sydney Botanic Gardens 2 0

HELIOTROPIUM—3, 4

HELIOTROPE—CHERRY PIE

Dwarf-growing flowering plants; some have variegated leaves. Are delightfully perfumed.

Aureum Variegatum. E. Golden leaved variety 1 6

President Garfield. E. Light colored variety 1 6

Priapo. E. Blue, with white eye 1 6

Roi de Nois. E. Very dark. 3 ft. . . . 1 6

Royal Highness. E. Large light flowers 1 6

HIBISCUS—3, 4

EVERGREEN TYPE

Andersoni. Dark crimson with dark eye 2 0

Aureole. Golden apricot, carmine eye 2 0

Camdeni. Single crimson 2 0

Conqueror. Rich apricot, dark eye. One of the best 2 0

General Courteses. Scarlet. One of the largest flowering. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

Gloria. Chinese orange, suffused and veined with madder lake 2 0

Harwoodi. Large single pink, dark centre. 6 ft. . . . 2 0

Island Empress. Rich pink, double 2 0

Island Queen. Deep pink self; distinct from other pink shades 2 0

Julius Camfield. Rich crimson, dark maroon eye 2 6

Lamberti. Large double red, resembling a ball of ribbon. 6 ft. . . . 2 0

Madeline Champion. Rich apricot, strawberry red eye 2 0

Peachblow. Semi-double flowers of salmon pink color, with dark eye. . . . 2 0

Rosy Morn. Salmon, old rose reverse 2 0

Rose Scott. Light red centre, almost white 2 0

Tango Queen. Beautiful tangerine or coppery shade. . . . 2 0

18/- doz. all one sort; 21/- doz. mixed.

Moscheutos Vars. White, pink and red 2 0

HIBISCUS IN FROSTY DISTRICTS

Only the Deciduous type of this beautiful shrub is suitable for planting in districts where frosts are prevalent.

DECIDUOUS TYPE—1, 2, 3

The Syriacus varieties are very hardy and will thrive in the coldest districts.

Mutabilis fl. pl. (Chinese Rose). . . .

Double pink. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

Mutabilis Alba fl. pl. Double white, 8 ft. . . . 2 0

Syriacus. Various types 2 0

HYPERICUM—2, 3, 4

Charming dwarf flowering plants, producing their flowers in heads, and in great abundance all over the plant; very hardy.

Moserianum. E. Bright yellow. . . .

3 feet 1 9

M. Tricolor Variegata. E. 3 ft. . . . 1 9

HYMENOSPORUM—2, 3, 4

Flavum. E. A splendid tree; hardy, with beautiful evergreen foliage; fragrant yellow flowers. 20 feet 1 9

HYDRANGEA—1, 2, 3, 4

Where colors are not mentioned, they will be pink or blue, according to the soil in which they are grown. s. d.

Ajisai. E. . . . 1 9

Avalanche. E. Pure white, extra large, and with immense trusses 1 9

Bouquet Rose. E. . . . 1 9

Cyanoclada. E. . . . 1 9

Dentelle. E. . . . 1 9

Madame Mouilliere. E. (Award of Merit, R.H.S.). Enormous panicles of flowers, pure white, with carmine pink eye. One of the best 1 9

Mont Rose. E. . . . 1 9

Ornament. E. . . . 1 9

Radiant. E. . . . 1 9

Souv. de Mad. Chataud. E. . . . 1 9

While recommending the following newer introductions as a great advance over older types, no guarantee as to color is possible. With the exception of the white varieties the color is pink or blue, according to soil where grown.

Germaine Mouilliere. Pure white. Large trusses of fringed flowers. . . . 2 0

La Marne. Enormous individual flowers and extra large truss 2 6

Marchal Foch. Large trusses. Very free bloomer 2 6

Mrs. H. J. Jones. Very large heads. . . . 2 6

Rubis. Immense trusses 2 6

Parsifal. Fringed flowers 2 6

Splendour. Large heads 2 6

ILEX—1, 2, 3

HOLLY

A beautiful tribe of evergreen shrubs, with bright green foliage, generally prickly.

Aquifolium (English Holly). E. . . .

15 feet 2 0

Alba Marginata (Silver Holly). E. . . .

10 feet 3 0

Aurea (Golden Holly). E. 10 ft. . . . 3 0

Cornuta (Chinese Holly). E. 15 ft. . . . 2 0

INGA—3, 4

Beautiful evergreen shrub, with mimosa-like foliage.

Portoricensis. E. White tassel flower. 4 ft. . . . 2 0

Pulcherrima. E. Scarlet tassel flower. 4 ft. . . . 2 0

IOCHROMA—3, 4

Tubulosa. E. Blue. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

JACARANDA—3, 4

Magnificent tree; producing beautiful lavender flowers; foliage graceful, deciduous.

Mimosifolia. D. 30 ft. 18/- doz. . . . 1 9

JASMINUM—1, 2, 3

Fruticans. E. Yellow Jasmine. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

Primulinum. E. Yellow. 8 ft. . . . 2 0

KERRIA—1, 2, 3

Hardy, handsome shrub.

Japonica. D. Single yellow flowers, in Spring 1 9

Japonica fl. pl. D. Double yellow. . . .

5 feet 1 9

KOELREUTERIA—1, 2, 3

Paniculata. D. Hardy deciduous tree from China, growing about 15 ft. Small yellow flowers borne in large trusses 2 0

LAGERSTROMIA—2, 3, 4

CREPE MYRTLE

Splendid flowering, hardy, deciduous shrubs.

Eavesi. D. Heliotrope 3 0

Flos Regina. D. Pink. 20 ft. . . . 2 0

Indica Alba. D. White. 10 ft. . . . 3 0

Indica Rubra. D. Red. 20 ft. . . . 2 0

LASIANDRA—2, 3, 4

Free flowering, evergreen shrubs; free growers, producing lovely single flowers; requires sheltered situation.

Edwardsii. E. Dwarf habit, and free blooming. Color of flowers s. d.

dark violet 2 0

Macrantha. E. Purple. 6 ft. . . . 2 0

Macrantha Grandiflora. E. Rich purple flowers. 6 in. across 2 6

Rosca. E. Pink; very profuse bloomer. 4 ft. . . . 2 0

LAURUS—1, 2, 3

Beautiful evergreen. The leaves have strong seasoning properties.

Nobilis (Sweet Bay). E. 10 ft. . . . 2 0

LAVANDULA—1, 2, 3

Spica. E. Common lavender. 2 ft. . . .

10/- dozen 1 0

Stoechas. E. French lavender. . . .

3 feet. 10/- dozen 1 0

LEONOTUS—2, 3, 4

Leonurus (Lion's Tail). E. A hardy shrub bearing a large crop of orange-colored flowers 1 6

LEPTOSPERMUM—1, 2, 3

Nicholsii (Crimson Manuka). E. . . .

A rare New Zealand shrub, with rich ruby crimson flowers. 6 ft. . . . 2 6

LAGUNARIA—2, 3, 4

Most suitable tree for shelter from sea breezes. A native of Norfolk Island.

Patersoni. E. Pink. 20 ft. . . . 2 0

LANTANA—3, 4

Splendid flowering shrub and thrives anywhere.

Chelsea Gem. E. Orange and red

4 feet. 12/- dozen 1 6

Drap d'Or. E. Yellow. 3 ft. 12/- doz. . . . 1 6

Sellowiana. E. Mauve. 2 ft. . . .

12/- dozen 1 6

Snowflake. E. Pure white. 2 ft. . . .

12/- dozen 1 6

LIGUSTRUM—1, 2, 3, 4

Lucidum. E. 12 ft. 2/6 doz.; per 100 15 0

Ovalifolium Aureum Elegantiissimum (New Golden Privet). E. . . .

Leaves have a broad, golden margin; very effective for hedge purposes or single specimens. 1/6 each; per dozen 12 0

Pubescens. E. 6 ft. 2/6 doz.; per 100 15 0

LILAC

(See Syringa, page 50)

LIQUIDAMBAR—1, 2, 3

Styraciflua (The Sweet Gum Tree). . . .

D. 40 ft. . . . from, each 2/- & 2 6

LIRIODENDRON—1, 2, 3

Hardy deciduous tree, large flowers.

Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree). D. 30 ft. . . .

From 2 6

LITHOSPERMUM—3, 4

Coccullea. A charming dwarf shrub, growing to a height of 12 to 13 inches, with blooms of most intense royal blue 1 6

LOPHOSTEMON—2, 3, 4

A handsome shelter tree, suitable for planting with pines and camphor trees; evergreen.

Australis. E. 40 ft. 15/- dozen;

100/- per 100 1 9

MACADAMIA—3, 4

QUEENSLAND NUT

Ternifolia. E. 20 ft. . . . 2 0

MACKAYA—3, 4

Vigorous ornamental shrub.

Bella. E. Lilac purple. 6 ft. . . . 1 9

MAGNOLIA—2, 3, 4

Fuscata (The Port Wine Magnolia).	s. d.
E. 8 ft.	2 0
Grandiflora. E. White. 25 ft.	
(1, 2, 3, 4)	2 6
Purpurea. D. Purple and white,	
15 feet	3 6
Stellata. D. White, star-shaped	
flowers. 8 ft.	5 0
Stellata Rosca. D. Pink star-	
shaped flowers. 6 ft.	5 0

MALUS—1, 2, 3

THE CRAB APPLE

Single and Double Flowering, in	
variety	2 0

MELALEUCA—1, 2, 3

Hypericifolia (Tea Tree). E. Scar-	
let. 8 ft.	2 0

MELIA—1, 2, 3, 4

CHINESE WHITE CEDAR

Suitable for street and ornamental planting.	
Azederach. D. 20 ft. 16/- doz.	1 9

METROSIDEROS—3, 4

Tomentosa (New Zealand Christ-	
mas Tree). E.	2 0

MURRAYA—3, 4

A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub, with per-	
fumed white flowers, like orange blossoms.	
Exotica. E. 6 ft.	2 0

MUSSAENDA—3, 4

Frondosa. E. A beautiful shrub,	
suitable for situations free from	
frost; flowers, orange, backed	
by a white leaf. Very conspicu-	
ous	2 0

MYRTUS—1, 2, 3

MYRTLE

A charming plant with dark green, shining	
leaves, which are highly perfumed; flowers	
white; not hardy in the colder parts.	
Communis. E. 6 ft.	2 0

NANDINA—1, 2, 3, 4

A pretty, hardy dwarf shrub, with clusters of	
flowers and graceful foliage.	
Domestica. E. 5 ft.	2 6

NERIUM—1, 2, 3, 4

OLEANDER

Dr. Golfin. E. Single rosy red.	
8 feet. 18/- dozen	1 9
Luteum Plenum. E. Semi-double,	
cream. 8 ft. 18/- dozen	1 9
Mrs. F. Roeding. E. Semi-double,	
salmon. 6 ft. 18/- dozen	1 9
Madonna Grandiflora. E. Semi-	
double, white. 10 ft. 18/- doz.	1 9
Mlle. Dubois. E. Flowers single,	
pure white. 6 ft. 18/- dozen	1 9
Mons. Belagieur. E. Light pink.	
6 feet. 18/- dozen	1 9
Splendens. E. Double pink. 12	
feet. 18/- dozen	1 9
Splendens Variegata. E. Gold	
variegation; flowers double pink.	3 0
Souv. de Cazalis Allut. E. Bril-	
liant single red; the best red; 5	
feet. 18/- dozen	1 9

OCHNA—2, 3, 4

The flowers, which are produced in great pro-	
fusion, are very fragrant, and are succeeded by	
ornamental berries of scarlet and black colour.	
Multiflora. E. Yellow. 6 ft.	2 0

OLEA—1, 2, 3

Europaea (The Common Olive). E.	
In pots only. 1/6 each; 15/- doz.;	
100/- per 100. Suitable for	
hedges; fine, dense, dark green	
foliage. Named varieties	2 6

PEPPER TREE

(See Schinus, page 50)

PHILADELPHUS—1, 2, 3

MOCK ORANGE

Grandiflorus. D. 4 ft.	1 6
Speciosa. D. Single, sweet-scent-	
ed. 6 ft.	1 6
Virginal. D. Semi-double. White.	2 0

PHORMIUM—1, 2, 3

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

A fibre plant of great value; the variegated	
varieties are very ornamental.	s. d.
Tenax. E. 5 ft.	1 6
Tenax Variegata. E. 5 ft.	3 0

PHOTINIA—1, 2, 3

CHINESE HAWTHORN

A fine foliage, hardy, evergreen, of compact	
habit; its flowers are small and white; leaves	
deep green.	
Glabra Rubens. A small shrub	
growing 8 to 10 feet, and per-	
fectly hardy in all climates. The	
young foliage is a rich, deep red	
color. As foliage ages it turns	
green. 24/- dozen	2 6
Serrulata. E. 20 ft. 16/- dozen	1 9

PISTACIA

Chinensis. D. Colored foliage in	
Autumn. Pistacia grows into a	
bushy shrub or tree, and is emi-	
nently suited to small gardens in	
all climates. Plants available	
May to August only	2 6

PITTOSPORUM—1, 2, 3

All the Pittosporums are highly ornamental,	
and make fine single specimens in the shrubbery.	
Undulatum, Eugenoides, and Eugenoides Varie-	
gatum are suitable for ornamental ever-green	
hedges.	
Eugenoides. E. 20 ft. 16/- doz.	1 9
Eugenoides Variegatum. E. 12 ft.	
18/- dozen	2 0
Undulatum. E. So-called Victorian	
Laurel, producing creamy-white	
flowers, highly scented. 25 ft.	
16/- dozen	1 9

PLATANUS—1, 2, 3

PLANE

Most handsome deciduous tree, suitable for	
avenue or pleasure grounds; quick growing shade	
trees.	
Orientalis. D. (Ornamental Plane	
Tree). 50 ft.	2/- to 7 6

PLUMBAGO—2, 3, 4

Capensis. E. Lavender. 5 ft.	
15/- dozen	1 9
Capensis Alba. E. Splendid shrub,	
bearing white flowers. 4 ft. 15/-	
dozen	1 9
Larpentae. E. A herbaceous var-	
iety of Plumbago with intense	
Cobalt blue flowers	2 0

PLUMIERIA—3, 4

Acutifolia (Frangipanni). D. Creamy	
yellow flowers; beautiful perfume,	
2/6 and 3 6	

POINSETTIA—3, 4

Late Winter flowering shrub; produces beau-	
tiful bracts, 6in. across, on the points of the shoots	
of current season's growth; the leaves follow the	
flowers.	
Pulcherrima. D. Bright crimson.	
12 ft. 16/- dozen	1 9

POPULUS—1, 2, 3

POPLAR

Balsamifera (Balsam Poplar). D.	
40 ft. 15/- dozen	1 6
Bolleana (Silver-leaved Poplar). D.	
70 ft. 15/- dozen	1 6
Dilitata (Upright or Lombardy	
Poplar). D. 60 ft. 18/- doz.	2 0
Deltoides (American Cottonwood).	
D. 24/- dozen	2 6

POINCIANA—2, 3, 4

Gillesii (The Bird of Paradise). E.	
Orange, yellow and red; a magni-	
ficent flower, and will do well any-	
where. 10 ft.	2 0

PSIDIUM—3, 4

Splendid plants to grow, as they produce an	
abundance of fruit, which makes an excellent	
preserve.	
Cattleianum (Purple Guava). E. s. d.	
8 ft. 16/- dozen	1 9
Parker's Hybrid. E. One of the	
largest fruiting varieties; creamy	
white. 15 ft.	1 9
Pyriferum (Yellow Guava). E. 15ft.	1 9

PROSTANTHERA

Ovalifolia. A native shrub of the	
highest excellence. Simply cover-	
ed in spring with rich purple	
blossoms of distinctive character . .	2 0

PRUNUS—1, 2, 3

Alba fl. pl. D. 6 ft.	2 6
Blirciana Flora Plena. D. A flower-	
ing plum with double flowers of a	
bright rose color and purple foli-	
age. Hardy everywhere	2 0
Moseri, fl. pl. D. Double rose flow-	
ers, reddish, purple foliage. 20 ft.	2 0
Pissardii. D. Ornamental species	
from Persia; Coppery crimson	
foliage, strikingly pretty; highly-	
colored; edible fruit. 20 ft.	2 0
Pissardi Nigra. D. A dark foliated	
form of the purple plum, and an	
acquisition where contrast in foli-	
age is required; hardy in all	
climates	2 0
Rosca, fl. pl. D. 6 ft.	2 6
Triloba. D. Double rose. 6 ft.	2 0
Vesuvius. D. Large purple leaves.	2 0

PUNICA—1, 2, 3

POMEGRANATE

Granatum (Common Pomegranate).	
D. 10 ft. 15/- dozen	1 6
Granatum fl. pl. D. 3 ft. 18/- doz.	2 0
Granatum Alba fl. pl. D. 10 ft.	
15/- dozen	1 6
Andre Leroy. D. Quite distinct;	
reddish salmon; white margin.	
10 ft. 15/- dozen	1 6

PYRUS—1, 2

Aucuparia (Mountain Ash or Rowan	
Tree). D. 30 ft. from	2 0

QUERCUS—1, 2, 3

OAK

Hardy family of beautiful trees, mostly requir-	
ing cooler districts of the State; deciduous and	
slow grower.	
Ilex. E. Evergreen. 30 ft. From	2 6
Pedunculata (English Oak). D.	
60 ft. 18/- dozen	2 0
Palustris (American Crimson Oak).	
D. 30 ft. from	2 6
Virens (Evergreen Oak). E. 40 ft.	2 6

RAPHIOLEPIS—1, 2, 3

INDIAN HAWTHORN

Evergreen, free-flowering, hardy shrubs.	
Indica. E. 8 ft. 15/- dozen	1 6
Intermedia. E. 6 ft.	1 9
Ovata. E. 4 ft.	1 9

RETINOSPORA

Obtusa Cripsii. A richly colored	
golden form. An excellent subject	
for specimens in lawns and inval-	
uable for cool and mountain	
climates	5 0

RHODODENDRON—1, 3

Charming tribe of plants for the cooler dis-	
tricts of the State; hard-wooded evergreen	
shrubs; magnificent heads of flowers of a variety	
of colours.	
Hybridum. E. Varieties. 8 ft. From	7 6

RONDELETIA—3, 4

Amoena. E. Salmon. 10 ft.	2 6
-----------------------------------	-----

RHUS—1, 2, 3

Succedanea. D. Hardy shrub, with	
beautiful foliage. The leaves of	
this variety turn to a bright crim-	
son in the Autumn; very attrac-	
tive. 10 ft.	2 0

ANDERSON & CO. LIMITED :: SEED MERCHANTS

ROBINIA—1, 2, 3

Pseudo Acacia is highly ornamental with its Wistaria-like white flowers; can be strongly recommended for the drier parts of the State, but suckers badly.

Pseudo Acacia (False Acacia). D. s. d.
40 feet 1 6

ROSMARINUS—1, 2, 3

ROSEMARY

Officinalis. E. 5 ft. 10/- doz. 1 0

RUSSELIA—2, 3

A small family of plants with rush-like leaves, rather ornamental, and suitable for outdoor culture; scarlet flowers.

Juncea. E. 3 ft. 1 9

SALIX—1, 2, 3

WILLOW

Salix Babylonica (Weeping Willow), thrives well in light, moist soil; it will grow best near ponds or watercourses, and even in water, if not too deep.

Babylonica (Weeping Willow). D. 60 ft. 15/- dozen . . . 1 6

Caprea (Pussy Willow). D. The long canes produce large silky buds in early spring. Cut at this stage they are excellent for decorative work and last a long time. 15/- dozen 1 6

Coerulea (The Cricket Bat Willow). An upright growing tree attaining a height of 80 ft. or more in England, with a corresponding girth. It is an extremely rapid grower 1 6

Viminalis (Basket Willow). D. 60 feet. 15/- dozen . . . 1 6

SAMBUCUS—1

ELDERBERRY

A useful and ornamental tree for shrubberies; prefers cool regions.

Nigra. D. 12 ft. 1 6

SAPIUM—1, 2, 3, 4

Sebiferum. D. An extremely handsome deciduous tree from China. Valued for its beautiful Autumn foliage . . . 2 6

SCHINUS—2, 3, 4

CALIFORNIAN PEPPER TREE

A beautiful, fast-growing, graceful tree; light green foliage and bright scarlet berries; leaves have a strong aromatic scent. Suitable for avenues or break-winds.

Molle. E. 25 ft. 15/- dozen; £5 per 100 1 6

SILKY OAK

(See Grevillea, page 47)

SPARTIUM—1, 2, 3

BROOM

Hardy, free flowering, suitable for any climate.

Junceum (Spanish Broom). E. Yellow. 15/- dozen 1 6

SPIRÆA—1, 2, 3

Deciduous, free-blooming and useful shrubs. A charming family of plants. Should be in every garden.

Anthony Waterer. D. Crimson, free-flowering 1 6

Ariocfolia. D. Most profuse bloomer, and the most elegant of the Spiræas. 2 ft. 1 6

Caryopteris Mastacanthus (Blue Spiræa). D. Not a true Spiræa. Lovely rich lavender. 6 ft. . . . 1 6

Reevesiana. D. Single, May; white

Reevesiana fl. pl. D. Beautiful hawthorn-like double-flowering May; white. 4 ft. 1 6

STENOCARPUS—3, 4

Beautiful tree, large handsome foliage, fine flowers; evergreen and hardy in warm districts.

Sinuatus (The Scarlet Umbrella Flower Tree of Queensland). E. 40 feet 2 0

STERCULEA—2, 3, 4

Acerifolia (Flame Tree). D. 30 ft. s. d.
18/- dozen 2 0

Diversifolia (Kurrajong). E. 50 ft.
15/- dozen 1 6

SYNCARPIA—3, 4

Laurifolia (Turpentine). E. 50 ft. 1 9
One of our native trees.



SYRINGA—1, 2, 3

ENGLISH LILAC. D.

2/- each; 18/- dozen.

Lilacs are too well-known to require any remarks on their wealth of beauty as Spring-flowering shrubs, but it is only in a few gardens that the choice kinds are to be found.

The foregoing are the pick of the numerous varieties in cultivation.

Belle de Nancy. Double, satiny pink.

Bertha Damman. Single, pure white.

Charles X. Single, dark red bud, changing to blue.

Doyen Keteleer. Double, pale pink.

La Tour d'Auvergne. Double, purplish violet.

Lemoinei fl. pl. Double, carmine violet.

Louis Henry. Double, violet pink.

Madam Abel Chatenay. Double, white.

Madam Lemoine. Double, pure white.

Marie Legray. Single, pure white.

Maurice de Vilmorin. Double, light blue.

Michel Buchner. Double, clear lilac.

Persica. Persian lilac. 6 ft.

Persica Alba. White. 4 ft.

President Carnot. Double, light lilac.

President Loubet. Double, light purple.

Scipion Cochet. Single, purplish violet.

Souv. de L. Spath. Single, dark red.

Vulcan. Single, dark red.

William Robinson. Double, violet pink.

TAMARIX—1, 2, 3

FLOWERING CYPRESS

Very hardy trees, suitable for planting near the sea coast or very exposed situation. s. d.

Gallica. D. Pink. 12 ft. 1 9

Japonica Plumosa. D. Improved variety. 12 ft. 1 9

TECOMA—2, 3, 4

Valuable evergreen shrubs, flowering more or less all the year round.

Capensis (Scarlet Bignonia). E. Very suitable for a flowering

hedge. 12 ft. 15/- dozen . . . 1 6

Velutina. E. Yellow. 15 ft. 2 0

Smithii. E. Orange yellow, with brown markings. 15 ft. 2 0

TILIA—1

Europea (Linden Tree). D. 40 feet 2 6

TOXICOPHLEA—3, 4

Pretty flowering shrubs; sweetly scented. Spectabilis. E. White. 5 ft. 2 0

TRISTANIA—2, 3, 4

Conferta (Syn. Lophostemon). E. 15/- doz.; £5/10/- per 100 1 9

TURREA—3, 4

Obtusifolia. E. A rare dwarf shrub from South Africa, bearing sprays of white flowers; recommended where light frosts prevail 2 6

ULMUS—1 ELM

The Chinese evergreen variety is most beautiful; it has a drooping habit, with small dense foliage; for a shade tree on a large lawn it cannot be surpassed.

Campestris (English Elm). D. 80 ft. from 2 0

Chinensis (Chinese Elm). D. 30 feet. from 2 0

Suberosa (Cork Bark Elm). D. 60 ft. from 2 0

VERONICA—1, 2, 3

A useful tribe of free-blooming soft-wooded plants. The several varieties bear racemes of various colours; hardy.

Andersonii. Blue. 4ft. 16/- doz. 1 9

Coelestial. Blue. 3ft. 16/- doz. 1 9

Gracilis. White. Splendid for hedge. 6 ft. 16/- dozen . . . 1 9

Imperialis. A brilliant amaranth red, changing to magenta. One of the best. 3 ft. 16/- dozen 1 9

VIRGILIA—2, 3, 4

Capensis. E. Purple and white, pea-shaped flowers. Very quick grower. 25 ft. 2 6

VIBURNUM—1, 2, 3

As ornamental foliage plants Viburnums are well worthy of a place, and their beautiful flowers render them invaluable. V. Tinus (Laurustinus) is one of the finest shrubs in cultivation. All thrive equally well in the coldest as well as the hottest parts of New South Wales.

Lucidum. White. Large, shining leaves. 10 ft. 16/- dozen . . . 1 9

Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree). D. 10 ft. 1 9

Plicatum Tomentosum. D. 10 ft. 2 0

Sinensis. White. 15ft. 18/- doz. 2 0

Suspensum. E. Yellow, sweet-scented. 4 ft. 16/- dozen . . . 1 9

Tinus (Laurustinus). E. 8ft. 16/- doz. 1 9

NOMENCLATURE OF PLANTS.

While every possible care is exercised to send out all plants true to name and description, we give no warranty, and will not be responsible for the result of any errors in this respect; but at the same time we desire to be informed of mistakes, so that we may have the matter inquired into.

VERANDAH PLANTS

Aspidistra. Very hardy; handsome foliage, from	s. d.
Asparagus Plumosus. Very handsome pot plant ..	2 6
Aucuba. Charming foliage plant ..	1 6
Azalea. Very showy verandah plants; free bloom. From ..	2 0
Begonia Rex. Ornamental foliage, beautifully marked ..	2 0
Bouvardias. White, pink, and crimson ..	1 6
Calla (Lily of the Nile). Fine foliage; easiest culture ..	1 0
Coleus. Beautiful ornamental leaves; various kinds ..	0 9
Epiphyllum. Cactus family; effective verandah plants	2 0
Ferns. Fine, hardy varieties in pots .. from	1 6
Fuchsias. In splendid variety; single and double	1 0
Farfugium Grande. Green leaves, blotched yellow	2 0
Geraniums. Very hardy, ever blooming ..	1 0
Heliotrope. Sweet-scented, favourite flowering plants	1 6
Hydrangea. Fine flowering plants; very attractive	1 9



Imantophyllum. Massive orange flowers ..	s. d.
Justicea. Very hardy, flowering plant ..	2 6
Maranta. Very pretty decorative plant ..	2 0
Palms. We can supply these in all sizes and varieties .. from	1 6
Primula Obconica. Beautiful pot plant ..	2 6
Small Tree Ferns. ..	1 6
Stag Horn Ferns. Grown on walls are very beautiful .. from	2 6

Rustic Fern Baskets

Strongly made of original Ti-Tree wood. An artistic ornament for the verandah or bush-house. Each basket furnished with assorted ferns.

No.	Planted.	Empty.
1—Lge. Round ..	s. d.	s. d.
2—Sml. Round ..	12 6	7 6
3—Oblong ..	12 6	7 6
4—Small Tub ..	10 6	8 6
5—Square ..	8 6	6 0
6—Oval ..	10 6	8 6

Packing extra.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Evergreen and Deciduous. Offered in Quantity

EVERGREEN TREES	
Acacia Baileyana ..	15/- doz.; 100/- 100
Brachychiton Acerifolia (Flame Tree) ..	18/- doz.
Calodendron Capense ..	18/- doz.
Camphora Officinalis ..	15/- doz.
Castanospermum Australis ..	18/- doz.
Eucalyptus Ficifolia ..	15/- doz.
Eucalyptus Globulus ..	15/- doz.; 100/- 100

EVERGREEN TREES—(Continued)	
Eucalyptus Corynocalyx ..	13/- doz.; 90/- 100
Ficus Nitida ..	18/- doz.
Grevillea Robusta ..	16/- doz.
Lophostemon Australis ..	15/- doz.
Metrosideros Tomentosa (New Zealand Christmas Tree) ..	18/- doz.
Pinus Insignis ..	15/- doz.

EVERGREEN TREES—(Continued)	
Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree) ..	15/- doz.
Stenocarpus Sinuatus ..	18/- doz.
Ulmus Chinensis (Chinese Elm) ..	18/- doz.

DECIDUOUS TREES.

Jacaranda Mimosifolia ..	18/- doz.
Melia Azederach (White Cedar) ..	16/- doz.
Platanus Orientalis (Plane) ..	18/- doz.

HEDGE PLANTS

Bougainvillea Glabra Sanderiana. Makes a fine, almost ever-blooming hedge. Plant 4 ft. apart. 16/- dozen.
Cupressus Macrocarpa (Seedling only). Not recommended, liable to die out. 1/9 each; 16/- dozen.
Coprosma Lucida. Plant 3 ft. apart. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen. This is a good hedge plant, and is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast.
Cerasus (English Laurel). Suitable for cold districts only; 3 ft. apart. 15/- dozen; 100/- per 100.
Cupressus Torulosa. Plant 3 ft. apart. Plants of the true variety propagated from cuttings, and established in pots. 3/6 each; 39/- dozen. This makes a splendid shelter hedge or breakwind, requiring little or no trimming for a long time.
Duranta. Blue. 3 ft. apart. One of the best flowering hedge plants. Rooted cuttings in 4in. pots. 15/- dozen; 100/- 100.
Escallonia Macrantha. A splendid dwarf hedge, suitable for either hot or cold climate. Plant 3ft. apart. 1/9 ea.; 16/- doz.
Hibiscus Camdeni. A gorgeous flowering hedge for warm climates. Plant 3 ft. apart. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.
Lantana, Sellowiana and Chelsea Gem. 12/- dozen.

Maclura Aurantiaca (Osage Orange). An excellent plant for forming hedges, strong growing. 5/- dozen; 35/- 100.
Olive, Common (Olea Europea). Plant 18 in. apart. 15/- dozen; 100/- per 100. In pots only.
Myrobalan Plum. Useful and ornamental. 1 ft. apart. 9/- doz.; 70/- 100.
Plumbago. White and blue. 2 ft. apart. 15/- dozen.
Privet, Large Leaved (Ligustrum Lucidum). Plant 2 to 3 ft. apart. 2/6 dozen; 15/- 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate.
Privet, Small Leaved. Plant 12 in. apart. 2/6 dozen; 15/- 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate.
Privet, New Golden. The best golden foliage variety. 12/- doz. Of all tried hedging shrubs, none compare with Privet.
Golden Privet, Open Ground. 7/6 dozen; 45/- 100.
Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn). Plant 2 feet apart. This cannot be too highly recommended. Very hardy, and a good flower hedge. 15/- per dozen.
Tecoma Capensis. Red flowering. 15/- dozen; 100/- per 100.
Viburnum Tinus (Laurustinus). Plant 2 ft. apart. Useful ever-green hedge. 16/- dozen.
Veronica of Sorts. 3 ft. apart. 18/- dozen.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PACKING OF TREES AND PLANTS.

Plants for Carpet Bedding and Edging

ALTERNANTHERA	
Red ..	1/- doz.
Yellow ..	7/6 100
Jewel ..	1/6 doz.; 11/- 100
BEGONIA	
Broadcast Radio—	2/- doz.; 17/6 100
Glory of Erfurt ..	1/6 doz.
Fireball—	10/6 100
Zulu King—	1/- doz.; 7/- 100
BOX	
English ..	7/6 doz.; 50/- 100
CINERARIA	
Maritima. 6d. ea.;	5/- doz.
ECHEVERIA	
Glaucia. 2/- doz.;	15/- 100
LOBELIA	
Blue ..	5/- 100
MESEMBRYANTHEMUM	
12 varieties, distinct colors; suitable for Rockwork.	6d. each; 4/6 dozen.
PYRETHRUM	
Aureum ..	5/- per 100

IRESINE	
Acuminata. Green and yellow variegated ..	1/6 doz.
Herbstii. Red ..	10/-
Lindenii. Pointed leaves, red ..	100
OENOTHERA	
Rosea. A delightful subject for rockeries and the points of formal bedding. The growth is quite prostrate, and the large flesh-pink flowers are most attractive. Each ..	1/6

BAZAAR PLANTS

We make a speciality of Bazaar Plants. Upon receipt of instructions we shall be pleased to select good varieties that are suitable and will effect a ready sale.

Prices: 11/-, 16/- and 22/- dozen. Packing and Carriage Extra.

Plants for Climbing and Twining

This List contains a choice selection, and, with the exception of the Ivies, and one or two others, all those named are handsome flowering plants. On page 57 will be found a list of climbers suitable for planting in various localities. These have been carefully selected and are highly recommended by us. D. indicates Deciduous; E. indicates Evergreen.

AKEBIA—1, 2, 3

A beautiful climber from Japan; flowers of a dark heliotrope colour, borne in small clusters.

	s. d.
Quinata. D.	2 0

AMPELOPSIS—1, 2, 3, 4

VIRGINIAN CREEPER

Grown for their beautiful Autumn tinted foliage. Well-known favourite creepers; hardy and rapid growers, with fine foliage; of easy culture. Veitchii will cling to the wall without support; has most picturesque appearance.

Lowii. Small growing variety. Suitable for hanging baskets or bush-house posts. Attractive apple green foliage 2 0

Veitchii. D. True Virginian creeper. Leaves turn to vivid red color in Autumn 1 9

ANTIGONON—3, 4

A charming, slender creeper, producing an abundance of flowers.

Leptopus. D. Pink 1 6

BEAUMONTIA—3, 4

A magnificent flowering climber, producing large white trumpet-shaped flowers; highly perfumed.

Grandiflora. E. White 2 0

BIGNONIA—2, 3, 4

Bignonias are of easy culture, fast growers, and beautiful, as well as free bloomers. "Venusta," when grown on a wall, is unsurpassed in the profusion of magnificence of its large racemes of bright orange-coloured flowers. Most varieties attach themselves to the walls and fences, and gain their own support.

Australis. E. (Wonga Wonga Vine). Cream and brown	1 9
Cherere. E. Large scarlet	2 0
Floribunda. E. Lavender	2 6
Guilfoylei. D. Red and orange	2 0
Jasminoides. E. White, dark eye	1 9
Jasminoides Alba. E. A pure white variety	1 9
Lindleyana. E. Lavender	1 9
Rosea. D. Rosy lilac	1 9
Tweediana. E. Golden	1 9
Venusta. E. Orange	2 0

BOUGAINVILLEA—2, 3, 4

Bougainvilleas like a warm northerly aspect and shelter; their flowers are magnificent, and continue for a long time. All are splendid climbers.

Glabra Sanderiana. E. Rosy purple, free flowerer; not as good as Magnifica Trailli	1 9
Laterita. E. Brick red; absolutely the finest of the type	4 0
Magnifica Trailli. E. Bright purple, very floriferous	2 0
Mrs. Butt. Red	7 6
Rosea. E. Rich pink	3 6

CLEMATIS—1, 2, 3

Aristata. E. Native Clematis	2 0
Montana. D. White	2 0
Montana Rubens. D. A pink flowering variety of C. Montana. The young leaves are reddish brown, and with the flowers form a most attractive climber	2 6

COBÆA—1, 2, 3

Very suitable for covering a trellis; grows freely, has fine foliage, and produces an abundance of bloom; evergreen, and quite hardy.

Scandens. Purple 1 9

DOLICHOS—2, 3, 4

Fine climber for covering old fences, etc.

	s. d.
Lignosus. Pink	1 9
Lignosus Alba. White	1 9

FICUS—2, 3, 4

CREEPING FIG

Very fine creeper for covering a wall or fence; leaves small and clinging, and the shoots, having small roots, will make fast to anything against which they are trained. Any large-leaved shoots should be cut away.

Minima. Very small-leaved, dwarf variety	2 0
Repens Variegata	2 0
Stipulata. E. Ordinary variety	1 9

FUCHSIA—1, 2, 3

CLIMBING

Flowers small, tube yellowish, upper portion reflexed blue.

Procumbens or Kirkii 1 9

GELSEMIUM—1, 2, 3, 4

A beautiful climber; corolla of the flower deep yellow, with protruding anthers.

Sempervirens. E. 2 0

HARDENBERGIA—1, 2, 3

Exceedingly pretty climbing plant.

Monophylla. E. Purple 1 9

HEDERA—1, 2, 3

IVY

The variegated varieties are particularly fine, and cold climates suit them admirably.

Helix. E. (Common Ivy). Green-leaved	1 9
Variegata. E.	2 0

HOYA—2, 3, 4

WAX PLANT

Can be grown out of doors on a brick wall in a warm aspect, but is seen to best advantage when grown as a pot plant in a greenhouse.

Carnosa. E. Beautiful climber, with thick fleshy leaves and beautiful clusters of pinkish-white flowers, which look as if frosted 2 6

HUMULUS—1, 2, 3, 4

THE ENGLISH HOP

A charming, quick-growing climber, with fine fresh green foliage. The heads of the fruit are used in brewing, and the young branched foliage is a good pot herb.

Lupulus. D. 2 0

JASMINUM—1, 2, 3, 4

Jasmines produce sweetly-scented flowers.

Grandiflorum. E. White, 10 ft.	2 0
Poicicum. E. White, star-like flowers, 8 ft.	2 6

LATHYRUS—1, 2, 3

EVERLASTING PEA

Exceedingly ornamental, and very desirable plants of easy culture; thrive in any ordinary garden soil.

Latifolius Alba. E. White	1 6
Latifolius. E. Red	1 6
Pubescens. E. Blue	1 6
Pink. E.	1 6

LONICERA—1, 2, 3

HONEYSUCKLE

Scented flowering climbers; fine foliage; quick growth.

	s. d.
Aurea Reticulata. E. White and yellow foliage	1 9
Caprifolium. E. (English). Pink and white	1 9
Fragrantissima. Yellow bush variety; very sweetly scented	1 9
Gigantea. Flower buttercup yellow; quick grower	1 9
Halleana. E. The best white	1 9
Sinensis. E. White and red	1 9
Tartarica Splendens. E. Scarlet trumpet	1 9

MANDEVILLEA—2, 3, 4

A beautiful deciduous creeper, bearing lovely white flowers; fine foliage. Delicate perfume.

Suaveolens. D. 1 9

MANETTIA—3, 4

Bicolor. E. Yellow and red. Very pretty climber 2 0

MEDEOLA—2, 3, 4

SMILAX

The graceful beauty of this handsome plant renders it most valuable for vases or hanging baskets, and it is suitable for either bush-house or verandah culture. It lends itself admirably to table decoration either in pots or for mixing the foliage with cut flowers and fern leaves; a quick grower.

Asparagoides. E. 2 0

PASSIFLORA—2, 3, 4

PASSION FLOWER

Passifloras should always be included amongst plants selected for covering unsightly objects. The flowers are very beautiful, of singular form, and very interesting.

Edulis. E. (Edible Passion Fruit). White, tinged purple	0 9
Empress Eugenie. E. Blue and white	2 0

RHYNCHOSPERMUM—2, 3, 4

A beautiful, perfumed white-flowered creeper of quick growth and fine foliage; it is evergreen and hardy, except in the colder districts.

Jasminoides. E.	2 0
Jasminoides Variegata. E.	2 0

SOLANUM—3, 4

Jasminoides. E. White	2 0
Seaforthianum. E. Beautiful clusters of blue flowers	2 0
Wendlandii. E. One of the most superb Summer flowering vines it is possible to conceive; blooms continuously, no stray blossoms. The color is an attractive shade of lavender blue, strikingly beautiful	2 0

Plants for Climbing and Twining—Continued

STIGMAPHYLLON—3, 4

Producing orchid-like flowers. Very pretty. s. d.
Ciliatum (Golden Vine). E. 2 0

TACSONIA—2, 3, 4

This family is distinguished from the *Passiflora* by the long cylindrical tubes of the calyx of the flowers; they are quick-growing, beautiful climbers.

Manicata. E. Intense scarlet 2 0
Mollissima. E. White Fruiting Passion Fruit, pink flowers. 18/- dozen 1 9

THUNBERGIA—3, 4

A fine, free-flowering plant of great beauty.

Laurifolia. E. Large blue flowers 2 6
Gibsoni. E. Rich orange. 18/- dozen 2 0

WISTARIA—1, 2, 3, 4

s. d.
Multijuga. D. A Japanese variety, with purple racemes, which attain a length of from 2 to 3 feet. An extra fine form. Color varies from light to dark 2 6
Multijuga Alba. D. White 2 6
Multijuga Rosea. D. Very distinct; plant vigorous and floriferous; long clusters of lilac rose flowers, lower petals yellow in centre 2 6
Sinensis. D. A handsome climber. The lavender flowers hang in pendant clusters, flowering in early Spring before it puts forth a leaf 2 6
Sinensis Alba. D. 2 6
Sinensis fl. pl. D. Double blue 2 6

CONIFERS and TAXADS

ABIES

Beautiful trees of symmetrical but rather slow growth. When making young growth, they are clad with beautiful pale green foliage; quite hardy. s. d.

Alba (White Spruce). 80 ft. 2 6
Excelsa (Norway Spruce). 100 ft. 2 6

ARAUCARIA

Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya). 100 feet 2 0
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine). 100 ft. 2 0
Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle). 50 ft. An exquisite Pine, specially adapted for cooler districts 5 0

CEDRUS

Deodara, or Indian Cedar. 50 feet 2 6
 A beautiful tree, adapted for specimen tree on extensive lawns, and can be introduced into large avenues; drought-resisting.
Atlantica (Atlas Cedar). Hand-some silvery foliage. 80 ft. 2 0

CRYPTOMERIA

Fine ornamental trees from Japan; hardy, but prefer good soil and sheltered position. Upright habit, well branched, and covered with fine foliage, which changes to bronzy crimson during the Winter.
Elegans. 60 ft. 2 0
Japonica (The Typical Tree of Japan). 100 ft. 2 0

CUPRESSUS

CYPRESS

Most largely grown of all the Conifers, embracing a variety of beautiful quick-growing trees; they do well near Sydney, and in nearly all other parts of the State. *Lambertiana*, the finest of this splendid variety of tree shrubs, grows 15 to 20 feet in three years, of dense habit, pyramidal, branching to the ground, hardy, will stand cutting freely. Can be grown as a hedge or breakwind.

Brunniana Aurea. Golden. 20 ft. 4 6
Funebris (Funeral Cypress). 50 ft. 2 0
Knightii. Hardy in all parts. 80ft. 2 0
Lambertiana Aurea. Very beautiful (Grafted). Golden foliage. 40 ft. 4 6
Lambertiana Horizontalis. One of the best. 60 ft. from 4 0
Lawsoniana. 30 ft. 1 9
Sempervirens. 50 ft. 1 9
Torulosa. (From seed). 60 ft. 2 6
Torulosa. Propagated from cuttings; very useful for hedge . . 3 6



CUPRESSUS *Lambertiana aurea*

CUPRESSUS: LAMBERTIANA AUREA.

JUNIPERUS

JUNIPER

Hardy, upright-growing Conifers; contrasts well with Cupresses or Pines. Very useful, and will thrive in any climate; distinct in form and foliage; or compact habit.

Africanus. Dwarf and compact. s. d.
 8 ft. 2 0
Bermudiana (Pencil Cedar). An exquisite tree. 30 ft. 2 0
Chinensis Argentea. 20 ft. 2 0
Hibernica (Irish). 20 ft. 2 0
Virginiana (Virginian Cedar). 30ft. 2 0

LARIX

LARCH

Europæa 2 6

PINUS

This family includes some of the finest trees in cultivation. They are hardy, quick-growing, and beautiful specimens for lawn embellishments, or for avenues, and make excellent breakwind plantations.

s. d.
Canariensis. 40 ft. 1 9
Halapensis. Hardy. 60 ft. 1 9
Insignis. 60 ft. 15/- dozen; £5/10/- per 100 1 6
Maritima (Pinaster). Cluster Pine. 40 ft. 2 0
 Fine for planting near the sea or in exposed situations.
Pinea (Stone Pine). Tree thrives best near the sea. 30 ft. 1 9
Sylvestris (Scotch Fir). 80 ft. 2 0

PODOCARPUS

We can offer a fine stock of this beautiful shade tree.
Elatus. The largest variety. 40 ft. 2 0
Totara (New Zealand Yew Tree). 50 ft. 2 0

RETINOSPORA

Retinospora, a beautiful tribe of tree shrubs from 8 to 20 feet high, closely allied to the *Cupressus* family; branching, pyramidal.
Plumosa. 10 ft. 2 0
Plumosa Aurea. 8 ft. 2 0

SALISBURIA

THE MAIDEN HAIR TREE.

Adiantifolia. A fine tree, with foliage somewhat resembling an *Adiantum*; it is not an evergreen 2 6

TAXODIUM

Distichum (The Deciduous Pine). 30 ft. 2 0

THUJA

All the family are hardy anywhere, except in hottest districts.

Lobbi. Handsome tree from California. 40 ft. 2 0
Occidentalis. 30 ft. 2 0
Orientalis (The Bookleaf Pine). 40 ft. 2 0

THUJOPSIS

Hardy evergreen, coniferous tree, resembling *Thuja*.

Dolabrata Variegata. 30 ft. 2 6

FAILURES IN PLANTS

We do not undertake to replace plants or seedlings lost through inexperience in planting, or from any cause beyond our control.

AZALEAS

(S) denotes Single; (D) Double;
(SD) Semi-double.

The Azalea is a lovely Spring-flowering shrub, and has no equal for richness and purity of coloring. Planted in masses, it affords a strikingly beautiful display. In very dry seasons Azaleas should be helped with heavy waterings about once a fortnight. They can be grown as pot plants, and are suitable either for bush-house or verandah culture. Lime should never be used on Azaleas, Ericas, or Rhododendrons.

The hardy varieties will grow in almost any situation, although they will do best on a southern wall.

Hardy Varieties

2/- each; 21/- dozen.

- Alba Magna** (S). Large white, occasionally striped.
- Charmer** (S). Bright amaranth.
- Compte de la Torre** (S). Pink, bordered white.
- Comtesse de Flanders** (S). Bright rose.
- Dame Melanie** (S). Bright pink, margined white.
- Eugene Mazel** (S). Bright red, shaded lilac.
- Indica Alba** (S). Pure white.
- Juliana** (S). Red.
- Lady Poltimore** (S). White.
- Mlle. Marie Lefebvre** (S). White.
- Mortii** (S). White, shaded cream.
- Refulgens** (S). Red.
- Roi de Holland** (S). Red.
- Sir Chas. Napier** (S). Bright pink.
- Splendens** (S). Rosy salmon.
- Stella** (S). Rich orange scarlet.

Improved Varieties

2/- each; 21/- dozen.

These require some protection from hot winds, and are not quite as hardy as those listed above.

- Bernhardt Andreas Alba** (SD). Pure white.
- Daphne** (D). Pure white.
- Deutsche Perle** (D). Pure white.
- Duc de Nassau** (S). Rosy purple.
- Duchess de Nassau** (D). Red, shaded violet.
- Empress of India** (SD). Rosy salmon, carmine blotch on upper petal.
- Helen Thelemann** (D). Deep rose.
- Madam A. d'Haene** (SD). Pink, bordered with white.
- Madam Herman Siedel** (SD). Pure white.
- Madam Paul de Schryver** (D). Rosy violet.
- Niobe** (D). Pure white.
- Nicholas Schaurer** (D). Brilliant metallic rose.
- Pauline Mardner** (SD). Light rose.
- Phoebe** (D). Vermilion orange.
- President Raphael de Smit** (D). Deep rose.
- Sigismund Rucker** (D). Rosy pink, edged with white.
- Simon Mardner** (D). Rich ruby red.
- Souv. de Prince Albert** (S). Salmon rose, with broad white margin.
- Souv. de Monsieur Low** (D). Crimson and violet.

Kurume Varieties

2/- each; 21/- dozen.

These are a new type of Azaleas named after a district in Japan. List of varieties on application.

Mollis Varieties

5/- each.

A distinct class of Azalea, deciduous in Winter, and producing various shades of yellow flowers in Spring.

- Beni rengo**. Orange red.
- Kaba rengo**. Salmon.
- Ki rengo**. Yellow.



BOUVARDIA.
BOUVARDIAS

1/- each; 11/- dozen.

One of the most elegant perennials we have, flowering all through the Summer almost to the middle of Winter. For cut flowers they stand unrivalled, and in addition are more hardy than generally pronounced. The young plants should be protected from the frost, and when once established they are rarely affected. Water and well-mulch during the hot Summer months, and cut back in early Spring. The best time to plant is from November to February.

- Alfred Neuner**. Double; petals waxy white.
- Beauty of Brisbane**. Pure white, robust habit.
- Bocchii**. Bright pink, white throat; fine.
- Coral Queen**. Finest coral pink.
- Duchess of York**. Very cheerful blush pink shading to a tinge of heliotrope.
- Enid Oliver**. A distinct variety of a pale pink shade; the individual flowers are formed by six or even more petals; strong grower.
- Mrs. Kerslake**. Flowers large, pure white.
- Federal Queen**. A cross between President Cleveland and King of Scarlets.
- Hogarthii fl. pl.** Dark scarlet; double.
- Humboldtii Corymbiflora** (Imp.). Snow-white, large; highly perfumed.
- King of Scarlets**. Immense blooms of deep scarlet; freely produced.
- Mabel Porter**. Dark crimson, large, full.
- Miss Ida Cheeseman**. A very distinct variety, with large flowers of a delicate pale pink color, the tube and reverse of petals being of deeper shade.
- Mrs. Gazzard**. Showy, bright pink; very good.
- Mrs. McCulloch**. Very beautiful, producing immense trusses of flowers of red, salmon color.
- Pres. Cleveland**. Large; brilliant scarlet.
- President Garfield**. Double rose.
- Priory Beauty**. Pale rose; fine large truss.
- Salmon Queen**. An exceedingly fine Bouvardia; color, salmon, with a darker tube; distinct; flowers through the whole season.

BEGONIAS

FLOWERING.

These charming pot plants are easily managed, and can be grown very successfully in a bush-house; all shades of color. Abundant bloomers. Spring and Summer.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED

In Separate Colors.

Double Varieties, 2/- each; 22/- dozen
Single Varieties, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen

TREE BEGONIAS

1/3 each; 14/- dozen.

Growing to a height of 10 to 12 ft.

- Beatrice Roseby**. Glorious pink type.
- Corallina**. Rich pale pink flowers.
- Corallina Carnea**. Palest flesh color.
- Mabel Roseby**. A splendid white variety.
- Smithii**. Rich carmine rose, bronze, and green foliage.

BEGONIA, REX

ORNAMENTAL-LEAVED

1/6 each; 16/- dozen.

We can offer a fine collection of the most beautiful colors. Highly decorative pot plants for green-house, verandah, or bush-house culture. The leaves are beautifully marked with bronze, silver and crimson. Most charming house-plants.

CANNAS

9d. each; 7/6 dozen.

This is a decorative plant of great beauty, nearly always in flower; magnificent foliage; not particular as to soil or situation. A very ornamental plant, apart altogether from its surprisingly lovely flowers.

Special Offer—

CHOICE BEDDING VARIETIES

- Hungaria**, pink.
 - King Humbert**, red.
 - Dr. Gelbin**, yellow.
- In lots of not less than 18 bulbs, 6/- doz.

ERICA

THE HEATH

2/- each; 21/- dozen.

- Autumnalis**. Very beautiful variety, small, rosy-pink, bell-shaped flowers.
- Bowienana**. Pure white, long tubular waxy flowers; very free flowering; one of the best.
- Charsleyana**. Delicate blush pink tubular flowers.
- Cruenta**. Orange-scarlet, tube-shaped flowers.
- Grandinosa**. White, bell-shaped flowers; very fine.
- Hentyana**. Delicate pink shaded white; beautiful long spikes of tubular flowers.
- Intermedia**. A magnificent variety; large spikes of pure white tube-shaped flowers; beautiful.
- Linnaeoides**. Bright rose pink, very effective.
- Mammosa**. Purplish-crimson tubular flowers.
- Melanthera**. Lavender purple with deep eye. Small bells. Flowers profusely in Winter.
- Roegerminans**. Small white. Sweetly scented.
- Vulgaris Alba**. The white Scotch Heather. Dwarf spreading habit.
- Webbleyana**. A beautiful variety producing delicate waxy and tubular flowers; exceedingly choice for florists' purposes.

Camellias

From 2/6 each.

These grand and favourite plants succeed admirably in this climate. The best soil for them is strong, well drained loam of good depth, with liberal manuring once a year. In favourable soil the trees will grow to a height of from 12 to 20 feet. Bloom May to September.

Aspasia. White, pink spots.
Bonomiana. White, sometimes striped pink.
Candidissima. Large white.
Harriett Beecher Sheather. Rosy salmon.
Lady St. Clair. Pale pink.
Isabella. White; late.
Metallica. Deep red.
Prince Frederick William. Pale pink.
Red Waratah. Red.
Venus de Medecis. Good red.
Sasanqua. Single pink. This is small foliaged, being a smaller flowered variety than the ordinary single Camellia; bushy, compact habit.

Fuchsias

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

FUCHSIAS form fine features in the flower garden; they merely demand shelter from the wind, plenty of water during the dry weather, with a mulching during the Summer months, and the ordinary treatment of general outdoor plants; they make splendid decorative plants; any good garden soil will suit them.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Avalanche. Tube and sepals crimson. Corolla purple.
De Cherville. Large rose corolla. Sepals dark red and well reflexed.
Diamant. Tube and sepals bright rose. Corolla white, veined red; large and perfectly shaped.
Dr. Dollinger. Corolla purple, sepals red.
Duchess of York. Corolla lilac mauve, sepals white.
Jubilee. Sepals crimson; corolla rosy mauve.
Junna. Bright crimson sepals, rich purple corolla; the base marked with rosy crimson.
Molesworth. Pure white, red sepals, largest in cultivation.

Mrs. E. G. Hill. Corolla double white; sepals crimson.
Phenomenal. Short tube and reflexed crimson sepals. Corolla azure violet, flaked red.
Storm King. Corolla white, veined red, sepals red.
Victor Hugo. Large blood-red sepals; corolla violet purple, marbled red.

White Giant. White corolla, red sepals.

SINGLE VARIETIES

Beacon. Tube and sepals crimson; purple corolla.
Beauty of Exeter. Bright rosy pink; large flower.
Elegance. Deep purple corolla, broadly striped red; sepals crimson.
Julius. Sepals bright red, corolla rosy lavender.
Rose of Castile. Sepals white; corolla violet.

HYBRID VARIETIES

Boliviana. Crimson.
Carter's Meteor. Bronzy green and gold.
Coralle. Coral red.
Gartenmeister Bonsted. Salmon red, bronze foliage; very fine.
Otto Furst von Wernegrode. Pink.
Sunray. Leaves rich crimson.

Zonale Geraniums

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

SINGLE VARIETIES

Arabic. Bright scarlet; white eye.
Col. Lambton. White; pink edge.
Countess of Dudley. Light red; white eye.
Eucharis. Splendid white.
Hall Caine. Cherry red.
Henry Compton. Deep pink.
Iona. Pale salmon.
J. Redman. Large scarlet.
Maxim Kovalisky. Orange scarlet.
Paul Crampel. Brilliant scarlet.

ZONALE GERANIUMS—(continued).

Phoebus. Purplish crimson, shading to orange.

Red Robe. Dark scarlet; splendid.

Rose Queen. Rose pink.

Universal. Dark purplish crimson.

Vesta. Cerise pink; splendid.

Winston Churchill. Purple crimson.

Wonderful. Reddish crimson, good.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Apothoise. Rosy red.

Diana. Salmon pink and white.

Etermanthe. Scarlet.

Gintaire. Rich salmon.

Gustave Emich. Clear scarlet.

Madam Yvier. Apple blossom pink.

Miss G. Ashworth. White.

Mons. Byrle. Bright pink.

Mrs. Lawson. Salmon pink.

Pink Perfection. Rose pink, shaded white.

Rose Enchantress. Deep rose pink.

Souv. de Ete. Light scarlet.

Ivy-leaved Geraniums

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Beauty of Jersey. Scarlet, shaded purple.
Beauty of Perth. Heliotrope, splashed crimson.

Charles Minsolet. Bright scarlet.

Edincelant. Scarlet.

H.M. the Queen. Salmon pink.

James Alford. Soft pink.

Jean d'Arc. White, suffused lavender.

La Corinthienne. White tinted blush, crimson feather in upper petal.

Mrs. Hawley. Lovely pink shade.

Roycroft Surprise. Dark pink.

Souv. de Chas. Turner. Deep pink, feathered maroon in upper petal.

The King. Dark cerise.

Pelargoniums, Regal

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

We will be pleased to supply customers with a list of varieties in stock, together with descriptions. Available from May to October.

Pentstemons

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Pentstemons are very hardy and attractive. They produce fine spikes of blooms during the greater part of the year.

Adra. Tube and lip dark magenta; throat white, heavily pencilled, blotched maroon.

Blue Beauty. Blue shade, white throat.

Brilliant. Bright red, white throat.

Cambrail. Tube and lip soft heliotrope; throat white, pencilled purple.

General Allenby. Tube scarlet, lip blood red, blotched crimson, throat white, pencilled maroon.

Mrs. J. H. Horton. Purple, lip maroon, white throat, streaked maroon.

Louis Lepastrier. Crimson lake, white throat.

Majesta. Tube light crimson, lip vivid orange scarlet, throat white, lightly pencilled purple.

Merida. Tube and lip purplish crimson, throat white, pencilled, blotched chocolate.

Miss E. Farrell. Carmine rose, blotched maroon.

Miss Vera Baker. Tube pinkish, heliotrope, lip carmine rose, throat white, lip faintly spotted maroon.

Mrs. Yates. Delicate heliotrope, with pure white throat.

Noel. Crimson scarlet tube, throat white, lip scarlet.

Princes. Purplish crimson, throat white blotch; vermilion.

Purity. Creamy white, with deep pink lip.

Purpurea. Throat white, tube and segments white and purple, immense flowers.

Other varieties available. Full list on application.

Perennial Phlox

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Plant September, October, and November.

Coquelicot. Bright orange scarlet; very effective.

Devonia. Soft reddish salmon, eye red; immense trusses.

Dr. Konigshofer. Bright orange, scarlet blood, red eye.

Europa. Pure white, carmine red eye.

Fiancee. Pure white, lemon eye; very large truss.

Firebrand. Bright orange scarlet, with dark eye; tall grower.

F. P. Morris. Salmon red, crimson eye; very large truss of extra large flowers.

G. Andread. Deep rosy carmine.

G. A. Strohlein. Scarlet orange, carmine eye, extra large truss.

Home Land. Brilliant dark orange red, large truss.

Marie S. Jacob. Pale lilac, with white eye.

Mrs. A. Ellis. Deep rosy red; semi-dwarf.

Mrs. Ethel Pritchard. Clear rosy mauve, very large flower and tall growing; one of the best.

Mrs. F. Robinson. Deep salmon pink, dark eye.

Mrs. H. J. Jones. Deep mauve, shading to white.

New Bird. Rich crimson, large truss; early free flowering.

Pearl. Pure white; large truss of well-formed flowers.

Pink Perfection. Warm flesh pink, red eye.

R. A. Goldie. Rich salmon; extra large truss; compact variety of great beauty.

Rinjinstroom. Rose pink; very fine variety.

Sir D. Haig. Bright rose, suffused heliotrope and pink. Large flowers and truss.

Sir George Reid. Pale heliotrope.

Superb. Rich cerise; crimson eye.

Wm. Veitch. White, with eye of deep carmine.

Verbenas

9d. each; 7/6 dozen.

Blanche Brown. Light mauve.

Brilliant. Bright scarlet.

Crimson Beauty. Deep crimson, with small white eye.

Flame. Scarlet, with small white eye.

Foxhunter. Scarlet, with large white eye.

Illuminator. Dark red, with large white eye.

Mauve Beauty. Mauve, with white eye.

Mont Blanc. Pure white.

Miss Wilmot. Deep pink, white eye.

Mrs. E. Grey. Light pink, darker in centre.

Pink Beauty. Deep rose pink.

Purple King. Very dark purple.

Rose Perfection. Rose pink.

Royalty. Violet, with blue eye.

Violets

SINGLE VARIETIES

each doz.

Admiral Avellan. Rich purple dwarf; free-flowering 4d. 3/-

Ascanius. Rich violet purple 6d. 5/-

California. Large, single, fine blue 4d. 3/-

Princess of Wales. The largest Violet; rich, deep, dark blue; long stalks 4d. 3/-

Princess Mary. Rich violet blue, with an inner row of short petals in the centre. Richly scented and long strong stems 6d. 5/-

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Count Brazza (Swanley-White). One of the best Double White Violets 6d. 5/-

King of the Doubles. Blue 6d. 5/-

Lloyd George. Blue, semi-double 6d. 5/-

Herbaceous Plants

AGAPANTHUS.

	s.	d.
Umbellatus. Blue	1	0
Umbellatus Alba. White	1	0
ANEMONE (Japonica).		
Elegantissimum. Satin pink, double	1	6
Rosea, fl. pl. Double rose	1	6
Hupehensis. Dark carmine, single	1	6
Japonica. Pink, single	1	6
Whirlwind. Double white	1	6
Lady Ardlaun. Pure white, large flower	1	6
Flower stems 2 ft.; flowers abundantly in cluster.		

ASTER

(Michaelmas Daisy of Sorts)

1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Anita Ballard. Light blue, semi-double; petals incurving.	
Blue Gem. Large semi-double flowers; fine clear color.	
Glory of Colwall. Soft lavender grey flower; good for cutting.	
Jupiter. Pale blue, edged deeper blue; very pretty.	
King Albert. Rosy mauve, semi-double; large.	
Lady Lloyd. Single pink, dwarf and compact.	
Moonlight. Ageratum blue; flowers of mammoth size.	
Mrs. J. S. Baker. White, shading to lavender; semi-double.	
Nancy Ballard. Deep mauve, distinctly shaded pink; very fine.	
Rachel Ballard. Deep rosy mauve, double; dwarf and bushy.	
White Climax. Pure white; the finest white Aster to date.	
The collection, one plant of each, for 15/-, postage extra.	

BOLTONIA.

	s.	d.
Glastifolia. Fairy-like flowers, borne on long stems in endless profusion	1	0

GERBERA.

Various Colors . . each 1/6; doz.	15	0
Unselected each 9d.; doz.	7	6

HELIANTHUS

Multiflorus (Single Perennial Sun-flower)	1	0
Multiflorus Plenus (Double)	1	0

PAEONY.

Officinalis each, 2/6; doz.	28	0
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RÜDBECKIA.

Laciniata fl. pl. (Golden Glow); each, 6d.; doz.	5	0
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SPIREA.

Astilbe Japonica. White, plume-like flowers	1	6
Astilbe Rubens. Dark carmine rose	1	6
Queen Alexandria. Pretty pink . .	1	6

STOKESIA.

Cyanca. Lilac purple	1	0
Cyanca Alba. White	1	0

Bulbous and Hardy Plants

AGATHÆA.

Blue Marguerite.

Coclestis. Flowers similar to Paris Daisy; blue with yellow centre . .	1	6
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ALOCASIA.

The Spoon Lily.

For bush-house or verandah . .	1	6
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ANTHERICUM.

Elegantissimum. Foliage has a band of yellow through centre . .	1	0
Album Variegatum. Foliage has a band of white through centre . .	1	0
Suitable for hanging baskets and rockery.		

ARUNDO.

Donax Variegata. Beautiful bamboo-like reeds, variegated yellow and white; 12 feet	1	6
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CALLA.

Lily of the Nile.

Elliottiana. The spathe is a very rich pure yellow	2	0
Ethiopica (Arum Lily). Flowers white	1	0
Lemon Giant. Large yellow spathe	2	0
Maculata Alba. Leaves spotted with silver; flowers white	1	0
Sanctum (The Black Lily)	2	0

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS.

Marguerite.

Single White. 4 ft.	1	0
Single Pink. 4 ft.	1	0
Single Yellow. 4 ft.	1	0

CLIVIA.

Nobilis. Orange-yellow. Amaryllis-like flowers	3	0
Mineata. Red and orange flowers . .	2	6
Beautiful pot plants for verandah or bush-house culture.		

CRASSULA.

Kalosanthes.

Coccinea. Scarlet	1	6
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CONVALLARIA.

Lily of the Valley.

Majalis. White . . each, 6d.; doz.	5	6
Old English favourite, which succeeds only in the cooler districts. Its perfume is delightful.		

CYCLAMEN.

Plants.

Of Various Colors . . each, 2/-; doz.	22	0
Fine Winter and Spring flowering plants.		

CYPERUS.

Alternifolius	1	6
Papyrus (Egyptian Paper Reed) . .	2	6

EULALIA.

Japonica. 4 ft.	1	6
Zebrina Variegata. 4 ft.	1	6
Beautiful grass-like plants; suitable for edge of ponds.		

FUNKIA.

Plantain Lily.

Aurea Striata	1	6
Japonica	1	6
Good foliage and perfumed flowers.		

GAZANIA.

Argentea. Silver margined foliage	6d. each; 4/6 per doz.
Lutea. Flowers pure golden yellow	
Orange Day. Orange yellow . .	
Primrose Queen. Lemon yellow, dark purple centre	
Splendens. Hardy showy plant.	

GLORIOSA.

Climbing Lily.

Plantii (Glory Lily of East India). Producing green and scarlet flowers in great profusion	s. d.
	1 6

GYNERIUM.

Pampass Grass.

Argentum	1	6
Roseum. Pink	1	6

A beautiful strong-growing grass, which grows freely in any position, throws up tall stalks 8 ft. high, surmounted by splendid feathery plumes of great beauty.

GYNURA.

Aurantiaea. Flower-heads beautiful orange	1	6
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HEUCHERA.

Sanguinea. Red	0	6
Spikes of blood-red flowers.		

IRIS.

Kaempferi (Japanese Iris). All colors each 1/- and 1/6; doz. 11/- and 16/-	
Flag Iris. Many varieties, each 1/- and 2/-; doz. 11/- and 22/-	
Irises are worthy of special attention on account of their beautiful combination of colours.	

LINUM.

Trigynum. Yellow, Winter flowering	1	9
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LOTUS.

Peliorhynchus (Coral Gem). Charming trailing plant, suited for basket culture; small, slender, silvery foliage and bright coral red flower	1	0
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NERTERA.

Bead Plant.

Depressa. With small orange berries	1	0
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POLYANTHUS.

Varieties each, 6d.; doz.	3	6
An old favourite in English cottage gardens.		

PRIMULA.

Obconica. A lovely pot plant	1	6
Sinensis	1	6
Vulgaris (English Primrose); each, 6d.; doz.	5	6

SOLIDAGO.

Golden Rod.

Canadensis. Yellow. A very useful plant	1	0
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STATICE.

Brassicaefolia. Purple everlasting	2	0
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KNIFOPHIA.

Queen's Lily.

Grandiflora each, 1/- & 1/6	
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GREENHOUSE AND STOVE PLANTS

	s.	d.
ACALYPHA. Handsome variegated plants	2	0
ACHIMENES. Bulbs, ea., 6d.; doz.	5	6
ALOCASIA	1	6
ASPARAGUS. Sorts from	1	0
ASPIDISTRA—		
Lurida 2/6 to	15	0
Lurida Variegata 2/6 to	5	0
BILBERGIA. Sorts	2	0
CLERODENDRON	1	6
CISSUS. Beautiful climber	2	0
COLEUS each, 9d.; doz.	7	6
CROTONS from	2	6
CYRTODEIRA. For hanging baskets	1	6

	s.	d.
DIEFFENBACHIA.		
In variety from	2	6
DIPLADENIA. Beautiful climber	2	6
DRACAENA. Sorts from	2	0
EUCARIS	1	6
ERANTHEMUM	2	0
FICUS. Sorts from	1	9
FITTONIA. Elegant trailing plants from	1	6
GLOXINIA.		
Dry Tubers (in Winter), ea., 1/6; dozen	16	0
In Pots (in Summer), each, 2/-; dozen	22	0

	s.	d.
IXORA. Sorts	2	0
MARANTA. In variety from	1	6
MEDINILLA	2	6
PANDANUS. Variegated foliage, from	2	0
PANICUM VARIEGATUM	1	0
PENTAS CARNEA	2	0
PILEA (Artillery Plant)	1	0
PLUMBAGO ROSEA	2	0
SAINTPAULIA	1	6
STROBILANTHES	1	6
STREPTOCARPUS, ea., 1/6; doz.	15	0
TRADESCANTIA. Sorts	1	6
VRIESIA (Tillandsia). Tricolor . .	2	0

PALMS

BRAHEA.		each s. d.
Robusta (Cotton or Railway Palm)	from	2 0
CHAMÆROPS.		
Specially suited for the cooler parts of the State.		
Excelsa	from	2 0
COCOS.		
Plumosa	from	2 6
Weddeliana	from	3 6
Most graceful Palm in existence. Very beautiful for table and drawing-room decoration.		
Yatay (Wine Palm)	from	2 6
CORYPHA.		
Australis (The N.S.W. Cabbage Tree Palm).	Makes fine specimens, from	2 6

CYCAS.		s. d.
Revoluta. The well-known Japanese Sago Palm; handsome lawn specimen	from	5 0
KENTIA.		
Belmoreana (Curly Palm)	from	1 6
Canterburyana (Large Mountain Palm)	from	2 0
Fosteriana (Thatch Palm)	from	1 6
LATANIA.		
Beautiful fan-leaved Palm; native of China and Japan; large, fan-shaped leaves.		
Perbonica	from	2 6

MACROZAMIA.		s. d.
Spiralis	from	2 6
PHENIX.		
Splendid for ornamenting and giving a tropical appearance to the garden.		
Canariensis	from	2 0
Reclinata	from	2 6
Rœbelenii	from	2 6
RHAPIS (Japanese Bamboo Palm).		
Flabelliformis	from	5 0
SABAL.		
Blackburniana	from	2 6
Umbraculifera	from	2 6
Palmeto	from	2 6

FERNS

		each s. d.
ADIANTUM (Maiden Hair Fern)	From	1 6
ALSOPHILA (Tree Ferns)	from	1 6
ASPLENIUM, in variety	from	1 6
CRYPTONIUM, 2 sorts	from	1 6
DAVALLIA (Hare's Foot Fern), in variety	from	1 6

		each s. d.
DICKSONIA (Tree Fern), from 5/- to		21/-
LOMARIA	from	1 6
LYCOPODIUM, in variety	from	1 6
LYGODIUM (Climbing Fern)	from	1 6
NEPHROLEPIS, 12 varieties, from		1 6

		each s. d.
PLATYCERIUM—		
Grande (Elkhorn Fern), from		2 6
Alcicorne (Staghorn Fern), from		2 6
POLYPODIUM	from	2 0
PTERIS, 10 varieties	from	1 6
SELAGINELLA, in variety	from	1 6
TREE FERN TRUNKS, from 5/- to		21 0

List of Trees and Shrubs for Various Localities

COASTAL DISTRICTS

Evergreen Trees

		each s. d.
Calodendron Capense (Cape Chestnut)	from	2 0
Camphor Laurel	from	1 9
Castanospermum Australe (Moreton Bay Chestnut)	from	2 0
Ceratonia Siliqua (Carob Bean)	from	2 0
Eucalyptus Citriodora (Lemon-scented Gum)	from	1 6
Eucalyptus Fleifolia (Scarlet Flowering Gum)	from	1 6
Ficus Australis (Port Jackson Fig)	from	2 0
Ficus Nitida	from	2 0
Grevillea Robusta (Silky Oak)	from	1 9
Hymenoporum Flavum	from	2 0
Lagunaria Patersoni	from	2 0
Lophostemon	from	2 0
Quercus Ilex (Evergreen Oak)	from	2 0
Quercus Virens (Live Oak)	from	2 0
Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree)	from	1 6
Ulmus Chinensis (Chinese Elm)	from	2 0

Evergreen Flowering Shrubs

Arbutus Unedo	2/- &	2 6
Abutilons. In variety	from	1 9
Brufelsias. In variety	from	2 6
Cestrams. In variety	from	1 9
Edwardsia Microphylla	from	2 0
Escallonias. In variety	from	1 9
Gardenias. In variety	from	2 0
Hibiscus. Varieties	from	2 0
Iochroma Grandiflora	from	2 0
Jasminum Fruticans	from	2 0
Lasiandra Macrantha	from	2 0
Magnolia Fuscata	from	2 0
Murraya Exotica	from	2 0
Ochna Multiflora	from	2 0

		each s. d.
Rondeletia Amoena	from	2 6
Spartium Junceum (Spanish Broom)	from	1 6
Tecoma Smithii	from	1 6
Tecoma Velutina	from	1 6
Veronicas. In variety	from	1 9

Deciduous Trees

Ailanthus Glandulosa (Tree of Heaven)	from	2 0
Cercis Siliquastrum (Judas Tree)	from	2 0
Erythrina Indica (Coral Tree)	from	2 0
Jacaranda Mimosifolia	from	1 9
Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree)	from	2 6
Platanus Orientalis (Plane Tree)	from	2 0
Populus Dilata (Lombardy Poplar)	from	2 6
Quercus (Oak)	from	2 6
Robinia (False Acacia)	from	1 6
Sterculea Acerfolia (Flame Tree)	from	1 6
Tilia Europæa (Linden Tree)	from	2 6
Ulmus Campestris (English Elm)	from	2 0

Climbing Plants

Ampelopsis. Varieties	from	1 9
Antigonon Leptopus	from	1 6
Bignonias. In variety	from	1/9 & 2 0
Bougainvilleas. In variety	from	1/9 to 4 0
Cobæ Scandens	from	2 0
Gelsemium Sempervirens (Carolina Jasmine)	from	2 0
Jasminum (Jasmine)	from	2 0
Loniceras	from	1 9
Mandevillea Suaveolens	from	1 9
Passifloras. In variety	from	2 0
Phaseolus Caracalla (Snail Flower)	from	2 0
Rhynchospermum Jasminoides	from	2 0
Solanum Seaforthianum	from	2 0
Solanum Wendlandii	from	2 0
Stigmaphyllon Ciliatum (Golden Vine)	from	2 0
Wistarias. In variety	from	2 6

HIGH TABLELANDS

Coniferous Trees

		each s. d.
Abies Alba	from	2 6
Araucaria Excelsa	from	2 0
Araucaria Bidwillii	from	2 0
Cedrus Deodora	from	2 0
Cryptomeria Elegans	from	2 0
Cupressus Goveniana	from	2 0
Cupressus Knightii	from	2 0
Cupressus Lawsoniana	from	2 0
Cupressus Sempervirens	from	2 0
Cupressus Torulosa	2/6 &	3 6
Juniperus Bermudiana	from	2 0
Juniperus Chinensis	from	2 0
Juniperus Virginiana	from	2 0
Pinus Insignis	from	1 6
Pinus Pineæ	from	1 9
Pinus Longifolia	from	2 0
Podocarpus	from	2 0
Podocarpus Totara	from	2 0
Retinospora Obtusa	from	2 0
Thuja. Varieties	from	2 0

Deciduous Trees

Acers (Maples). In variety	2/- to	7 6
Aesculus Hippocastanum (Horse Chestnut)	from	2 6
Fagus Sylvatica (Beech)	from	2 0
Liquidambar Stryaciflua (Sweet Gum)	from	2 6
Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree)	from	2 6
Platanus Orientalis (Plane Tree)	2/- to	7 6
Pyrus Aucuparia (Mountain Ash)	from	2 0
Quercus Pedunculata (English Oak)	from	2 6
Robinia (False Acacia)	from	1 6
Tilia Europæa (Linden Tree)	from	2 6
Ulmus Campestris (English Elm)	from	2 0

INLAND DISTRICTS

Evergreen & Deciduous Trees

		s. d.
Acacia Elata (E)	from	1 6
Ceratonia Siliqua (Carob Bean) (E)	from	2 0
Eucalyptus Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum) (E)	from	1 6
Eucalyptus Fleifolia (Scarlet Flowering Gum) (E)	from	1 6
Gleditschia Horrida (Honey Locust) (D)	from	2 0
Grevillea Robusta (Silky Oak) (E)	from	1 9
Melia Azedarach (White Cedar) (D)	from	1 9
Platanus Orientalis (Plane Tree) (D)	from	2 0
Robinia (False Acacia) (D)	from	1 6
Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree) (E)	from	1 6
Sterculea Diversifolia (Kurrajong) (E)	from	1 6
(E) signifies Evergreen; (D), Deciduous.		

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

		s. d.
Arbutus Unedo (Strawberry Tree)	2/- &	2 6
Buddleia Veitchiana	from	1 9
Callistemons (Bottle Brush). In variety	from	2 0
Escallonia Macrantha	from	1 9
Hakea Eucalyptoides	from	2 0
Nerium (Oleander). In variety	from	1 9
Photinia Serrulata (Chinese Hawthorn)	from	1 9
Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn)	from	1 6
Tecoma Capensis	from	1 6
Virburnum Tinus (Lauristinus)	from	1 9

Extra Hardy Climbers

Suitable also for Tablelands.		s. d.
Akebia Quinata	from	2 0
Ampelopsis (Virginian Creeper)	from	1 9
Bignonia Australis	from	1 9
Bignonia Jasminoides	from	1 9
Bignonia Rosea	from	1 9
Bignonia Tweediana	from	1 9
Dolichos Lignosus	from	1 9
Gelsemium Sempervirens	from	2 0
Hedera (Ivy). In variety	2/- to	2 6
Jasminum. Hardy varieties	from	2 0
Lathyrus Latifolius (Perennial Pea)	from	1 6
Lonicera (Honeysuckle). In variety	from	1 9
Solanum Jasminoides	from	2 0
Wistaria. In variety	from	2 6

SUCCESSFUL CROP PRODUCTION obtained by CORRECT FERTILIZING

Scientific research, as applied to Agriculture, Horticulture and Floriculture, has advanced by leaps and bounds during the past decade. Modern cultural methods—soil cultivation, irrigation, spraying and correct fertilizing, are now practised as a matter of course by successful producers. Every producer naturally aims at increased and better production. The use of correct fertilizers will greatly help toward this end, providing the seeds sown are healthy and sound, and the correct fertilizers be brought into use; then success can be reasonably looked forward to. Anderson's, of George Street, Sydney, sell only high-grade fertilizers that are quickly assimilated in the soil, and

because of their high manurial qualities will give the best results.

We shall be pleased to give quotations for $\frac{1}{2}$ ton, 1 ton, and larger lots upon application. All Fertilizers are quoted F.O.R. or F.O.B., Sydney, except where otherwise stated. Bags free.

For the Home Gardener we would specially draw attention to our "Excellent," a good all-round result-producing Fertilizer. This concentrated plant food is specially packed by ourselves, and contains the three main fundamentals of a correctly prepared fertilizer, viz.: Nitrogen, Potash and Phosphates. Our increasing sales year by year are striking testimony of the popularity of this valuable line amongst our customers.

ANDERSON'S "EXCELLENTA"

A RESULT-PRODUCING FERTILIZER.

"Excellent" is a highly concentrated plant food. Being rich in the three main fundamentals of a correctly prepared fertilizer, namely, nitrogen, potash and phosphates. It is equally balanced, prepared from first-class ingredients, and contains no waste matter. It is economical to use, a little going a long way. "Excellent" will immediately increase the size of vegetables and give greater crop yields. Flowers thrive on it, and produce blooms in greater abundance, of richer coloring, and for a longer period. Users have been astounded at the results obtained. "Excellent" is splendid for mixing in potting soil. Young plants or cuttings potted in such soil will grow into fine sturdy specimens. It is essential that the fertilizer is thoroughly mixed at the rate of one part to 80 parts soil. Pot plants thrive on it, and give an increased growth of foliage and richer displays of flowers. Apply a small teaspoonful to a 5in. or 6in. pot; for larger pots, more in proportion. The fertilizer should be incorporated into the soil and watered. When used as a top dressing for lawns at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. to the square yard, or one tablespoonful to the gallon if used in liquid form, growth will be promoted. Prices: 3 lb. cartons, $1\frac{1}{3}$, postage extra N.S.W., $1\frac{1}{6}$. Also sold in 14 lb. bags, $2\frac{1}{6}$; 28 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$; 56 lb., $7\frac{1}{2}$; 1 cwt., $13\frac{1}{6}$. Carriage extra.

For Interstate Postage Rates, see Inside Back Cover.

"NATIONAL" ROSE FOOD Means Better Roses

Every grower of the Queen of Flowers desires the best results. One of the essentials towards this end is correct feeding. "National" Rose Food is a special mixture containing balanced proportions of Nitrogen, Potash and Phosphates. The application is simplicity itself: 4 ozs. per plant hood and watered in, 12 inches from the stem in a circle. "National" Food is prepared by a leading Amateur Rosarian—a man who has won many prizes throughout Victoria for Roses; who is a Lecturer on Rose Manures and a prominent member of the National Rose Society.

FEED "NATIONAL" ROSE FOOD

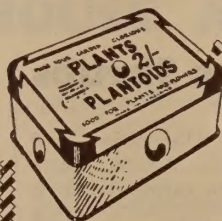
For Richer Blooms For Sturdier Plants
For Stronger Growth For Best Results
For Better Foliage

Sold in 3 lb. Cartons, $1\frac{1}{6}$ each. Postage, N.S.W., $1\frac{1}{6}$ extra.
For Interstate Postage Rates, see Inside Back Cover.
In bag lots, F.O.R. Sydney: 7 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$; 14 lb., $5\frac{1}{6}$; 28 lb., $10\frac{1}{2}$; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., $18\frac{1}{6}$; 1 cwt., $35\frac{1}{2}$.

"FLORAPHOS"

Crops in plenty and crops in quality are the results of wise plant feeding. "Floraphos," the new synthetic fertilizer, stimulates plant life, and will give you results far beyond your most sanguine expectations. It contains nitrogen 20.6, equivalent to ammonia 25.00, phosphoric acid 52.5. Prices: Trial packet, 6d., postage extra N.S.W., 3d.; 2 lb. cartons, $2\frac{1}{2}$ /-, postage extra N.S.W., $1\frac{1}{3}$; bulk lots, 1/- per lb.

For Interstate Postage Rates, see Inside Back Cover.



"PLANTOIDS"

These wonderful little tablets of concentrated food contain, amongst other ingredients, the three basic essentials necessary for successful plant growing, viz.: phosphates, potash and nitrogen. Pot plants need feeding with mineral salts. "Plantoids" supply this need. Full directions with each box. Send for a box to-day and be convinced. Packed in air-tight boxes, each: 6d., post free 8d.; 1/-, post free $1\frac{1}{3}$; $2\frac{1}{2}$ /-, post free $2\frac{1}{2}$ /-.

SUPERPHOSPHATES

The following particulars in tabulated form will serve as a guide in indicating the kind of Super to use for different purposes:—

	Cwt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -cwt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -cwt.
Basic Super—For wet, sour soils	8/6	4/6	2/6
No. 1—Wheat, Oats and Pastures	7/6	4/-	2/6
No. 2—Pastures, Turnips, Maize and Rape	10/6	5/6	3/-
No. 3—Cabbage, Cauliflower	12/6	6/6	3/6
No. 5—Potatoes, Tomatoes, Citrus Fruits, Apples, Pears, Grapes, Passions	13/-	6/9	3/9
No. 6—Stone Fruits, Strawberries, Onions	11/6	6/3	3/6
No. 7—Citrus Fruits, Maize (Cobs)	14/-	7/3	4/-
No. 8—Melons, Pumpkins, Lawns, Cucumbers	12/6	6/3	3/6
No. 11—Lucerne, Peas, Beans, on soils deficient in potash	9/9	5/3	3/-

NOTE:—Cabbage growers who wish to mix Bonedust with one of the above should use No. 6.

ANDERSON'S SPECIAL BLOOD AND BONE

Anderson's Special Blood and Bone is manufactured by a special scientific process, the result being a high-class fertilizer that will give excellent results.

1 cwt.	12/-	$\frac{1}{2}$ cwt.	6/6
$\frac{1}{4}$ cwt.	3/6	14 lbs.	2/-

ANDERSON'S SPECIAL BONE DUST

Manufactured specially for us. A sure slow-acting fertilizer.

1 cwt.	12/-	$\frac{1}{2}$ cwt.	6/6
$\frac{1}{4}$ cwt.	3/6	14 lbs.	2/-

GENERAL FERTILIZERS

Sulphate of Ammonia—

1 cwt., 14/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 8/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., 5/-;	
14 lbs., 2/9; 7 lbs., 1/6.	

Sulphate of Potash—

1 cwt., 20/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 10/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., 5/9;	
14lbs., 3/3; 7 lbs., 2/-.	

Nitrate of Soda—

1 cwt., 20/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 10/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., 5/9;	
14lbs., 3/3; 7 lbs., 2/-.	

Special quotations for large lots.

GARDEN SUNDRIES

NOTE:—Postage and Carriage Extra on all Gardens Sundries.

THE TWIN SPRAYS

We can thoroughly recommend the following two sprays for all-round efficiency. Both are well-known to orchardists and home gardeners.

"Harbas"

Is an excellent preparation for controlling scale pests, such as San Jose Scale, American Blight, Red Spider. "Harbas" is easy to mix, easy to apply, adheres to the tree, and has strong penetrating power.

Used for Deciduous Trees: 1 part "Harbas" to 20 parts cold water.

Used for Citrus and other Evergreen Trees: 1 part "Harbas" to 40 to 60 parts cold water.

Sold in tins containing, each: 1 pint, 1/8; 1 quart, 2/6; 1/2 gallon, 3/7; 1 gallon, 6/2; 2 gallons, 11/2; 4 gallons, 17/4.

Also in barrels containing 42 gallons, at per gallon, 4/-. Free on rail or steamer, Sydney.

"Harola"

The best fungicide for all fungus diseases. "Harola" may be used in conjunction with arsenate of lead.

Summer: 1 part "Harola" to 50 to 60 parts cold water.

Winter: 1 part "Harola" to 10 to 15 parts cold water.

Used for Citrus Trees—

1 part "Harola" to 28 to 45 parts cold water.

Sold in tins containing, each: 1 pint, 1/4; 1 quart, 2/-; 1/2 gallon, 2/6; 1 gallon, 3/7; 2 gallons, 6/8; 4 gallons, 8/4.

Also in barrels containing about 42 gallons, per gallon, 1/9. Free on rail or steamer, Sydney.

Important:—"Harola" should be used the same day as mixed with water.

"Albarol" (White) Spraying Oil

"Albarol" is a new scientific white spraying oil which has proved efficacious, particularly in the control of the dreaded codlin moth, when used in conjunction with arsenate of lead.

Price: 1 pint, 2/3; 1 quart, 3/6; 1/2 gallon, 4/6; 1 gallon, 8/-; 2 gallons, 7/3 per gallon; 4 gallons, 6/9 per gallon.

Full descriptive booklet free on application.

Nicoteen

BLACKLEAF 40 (Concentrated Tobacco Extract).

This specific will effectually exterminate all Thrip, Aphis, Red Spider, Mealy Bug, and all Insect Pests.

1oz. bottle, to make 8 galls. 1 6

2oz. bottle, to make 16 galls. 2 6

4oz. bottle, to make 32 galls. 3 9

8oz. tin, to make 60 to 70 gallons 7 0

16oz. tin makes 120 to 140 gallons 12 0

2lb. tin makes 240 to 280 gallons 22 6

The above are packed in containers at full British standard weight.

Tobacco Stems for Washes

In parcels of about 10lb. weight, sufficient to make 10 gallons liquid, 1/6; per cwt., 9/6.

Tobacco Powder

PESTEND.

This powder can be applied by a bellows and is excellent for the destruction of such insects as Spider and Mealy Bug. Some time after treatment the plants should be syringed with clean water.

Prices: 3d. per lb.; 7 lb., packed in calico bag, 1/6; 14 lb., 2/9; 1/2 cwt., 5/-; 1 cwt., 9/-; 1 cwt., 17/6.

Bellows for Tobacco Powder and Sulphur, 9/- and 10/-

Bordeaux Powder

Scientifically prepared, safe and reliable remedy for preventing Mildew, Black-rot, and other fungoid diseases on potatoes, tomatoes, vines, fruit trees, roses and other plants. Directions for use with each package. Ready for dissolving in water.

Prices: 1/2 lb., 9d.; per lb., 1/9; 5 to 10 lb., at 1/6 lb.; 20 lbs. and over, at 1/4 lb.

Arsenate of Lead Paste

This paste is an effective remedy for Codlin Moth in apples and grapes, Caterpillar, Pumpkin Beetle, and all other leaf-eating insects.

1/2 lb., to make 12 galls. 1 6

1lb., to make 25 galls. 2 3

2lb., to make 50 galls. 4 3

5lb., to make 125 galls. 10 0

10lb., to make 250 galls. 18 0

28lb. 40 0

Postage or Carriage Extra. Full Directions on each Package.

Arsenate of Lead Powder

Very reliable brand, and being in such a handy form is particularly convenient for amateurs and others who require only small quantities.

Prices: 1/2 lb., 1/-; 1 lb., 1/6; 1 lb., 2/6; 2 lbs., 4/6. Special Prices for large quantities. 1 lb. is sufficient for 50 to 100 gallons water.

ATOMOL DUSTS

The use of "Atomol Dusts" is the latest scientific method of satisfactorily dealing with Aphis, Red Spider, Thrip, Curculio Beetle, Caterpillars and Tomato Blight. The use of "Atomol Dusts" is a better, easier, and cheaper method than wet spraying.

Atomol "All in One"

The Best all-round dust, comprising arsenic oxide, nicotine (Blackleaf No. 40), sulphur and copper oxide, and will exterminate all chewing and sucking insects, fungus diseases and mildews. Prices: Cartons, 1 lb., 1/7; 2 lb., 2/10; 4 lb., 5/3; 7 lb., 8/6.

Atomol "Sulphur No. 1"

An excellent fine sulphur for mildew on vines, etc. Price, 1 lb. carton, 9d.; 2 lb., 1/-.

Atomol "Apple and Pear No. 2"

Effectively destroys codlin moth, caterpillars, etc. Price, 1 lb. carton, 1/3; 2 lb., 2/3; 7 lb., 5/-.

Atomol "Tobacco Dust"

Eradicates aphis, thrip and sucking insects. Price, per 1 lb. carton, 1/2; 2 lb., 1/10.

Atomol "Tomato Dust No. 2"

Recommended for Wilt, Black Spot, Red Spider, and Cut Worms. Price, per 1 lb. carton, 1/9; 2 lb., 3/-; 4 lb., 5/9; 7 lb., 9/-.

Postage on above Dusts:—1 lb. tins: N.S.W., 9d.; Interstate, 1/2. 2 lb. tins: N.S.W., 1/6; Interstate, 2/6; 4 lb. tins: N.S.W., 2/-; Interstate, 3/8.

How to Apply Atomol Dusts

The "Root Junior" Dust Gun is the most efficient form of applying Atomol Dusts, it easily eclipses the old-fashioned bellows, is strongly made and easy to handle. It is so constructed that the dust can be distributed underneath the foliage of vines and plants with ease. The "Root Junior" is priced at 12/6. Postage. N.S.W., 1/6; Interstate, 2/6.

Flowers of Sulphur

Used for dusting roses, vines, and plants affected with mildew. Prices: per lb., 3d.; per cwt., 24/-.

Grant's "265"

FOR SLUGS AND SNAILS.

A most satisfactory preparation.

Prices:—Tins: 1 1/2 lb., 1/6; 2 1/2 lb., 2/6; 5 lb., 4/6. Also in Bulk.

GARDEN SUNDRIES—Continued

Solomia

A non-poisonous Insecticide and Fungicide in liquid form. In this way it differs from all other one purpose washes and spraying solutions.

Solomia is the only effective solution that can be sprayed on any crop, fruit, flower or vegetable, at any stage of growth without causing the slightest harm.

Solomia is not a poison and does not kill by poisoning, but by inducing nervous paralysis.

Solomia is absolutely harmless to human beings and domestic animals. Will not injure the most delicate foliage.

Solomia is so deadly that one application applied as directed exterminates insect pests and at the same time checks fungus development.

Prices:

1/2 pint, 1/6; 1 pint, 2/6; 1 quart, 4/3; 1/2 gall., 8/-; 1 gall., 14/-.

Gishurst Compound Insecticide

An excellent preparation for destroying Red Spider, Scale, Mealy Bug, Thrip, etc. Full directions on each packet.

Price: Full 1lb. packet, 2/3.

Levin's Manurial Insecticide

Many Insect Pests lurk in the soil, awaiting the opportunity to eat the seeds, destroy bulbs and root growth. Levin's Manurial Insecticide will rid the soil of white ants, grubs and other soil pests.

Prices: 20 oz. Tin, 1/3; 7 lb. Tin, 3/9.

Mafeesh

To obtain a slug and snail-free garden use "Mafeesh."

Prices:

Packed in 2 lb. packets, 1/-.
Bulk lots, 6d. lb.

Warne's Shell Lime

Soil that is kept sweet and clean will make for greater and better production. Warne's Shell Lime is an essential Fertilizer and Pest Exterminator combined. Harmless to the tenderest plants—easy to use. Lime your garden with Warne's Shell Lime. Descriptive leaflet free on request.

Prices:

4 lbs. ... 1/- 7 lbs. ... 1/6
14 lbs. ... 2/6 28 lbs. ... 4/-
56 lbs. ... 6/6 1 cwt. ... 12/6

Special Quotation for large lots.

Peepi

A well-kept, weed-free lawn is always a source of merited admiration. Nothing mars the beauty of a lawn more than weeds. Clover, Daisies, Dandelions, are unsightly and can be effectively eradicated by Peepi. Peepi will not only destroy weeds, but will also act as a tonic to all Sports and Pleasure Lawns. Full directions with each package; 14 lbs. will treat 40 square yards.

Prices:

3 lbs. ... 2/- 7 lbs. ... 3/6
10 lbs. ... 5/- 14 lbs. ... 6/-
28 lbs. ... 9/- 56 lbs. ... 15/-

1 cwt. ... 27/6

Carter's Worm Killer

Worm casts spoil the appearance of a lawn. Where Carter's Worm Killer is used, casts will be unknown. Sprinkle fairly thickly on lawn and well water. Non-poisonous and non-injurious to animal or bird life.

Prices:

7 lbs. ... 4/- 14 lbs. ... 7/-
28 lbs. ... 12/6 1/2 cwt. ... 23/6

1 cwt. ... 42/6

Cooper's Weedicide

An arsenical preparation that will kill all weeds on paths, drives, gravel spaces, chip tennis courts, etc., a better, easier method than hand weeding. One gallon will make sufficient solution to thoroughly cleanse 400 square yards.

Prices:

1 pint, 2/8; 1 quart, 4/8; Postage Extra.
1 gall. drum, 12/9; 5 gall. drum, 53/6
F.O.R. or F.O.B., Sydney.

Nosco

An excellent preparation for killing weeds. To every gallon of water, add 1 oz. (about a tablespoonful) of "Nosco." For best results apply with a Watering Can or a Spray Syringe when the ground is damp.

Prices:

1 lb. tin, 2/6; 2 lbs., 4/3; 4 lbs., 7/6

Elliott's Arsenite of Soda

Will effectively destroy weeds, etc.; full directions for use on each tin.

Prices:

1 lb. ... 2/- 2 lbs. ... 3/6
7 lbs. ... 10/6 14 lbs. ... 14/-
28 lbs. ... 25/-

SKELTON'S TOOLS.

The reputation of Skelton's Tools for good quality, workmanship and service, is world-wide. We carry an extensive range of these implements, which will be found fully listed on Page 63.

Customers Please Note that All Garden Sundries are Postage or Carriage Extra.

Stakes for the Garden

These stakes are made specially for us from selected hardwood. They are cut square, well pointed and will give lasting and durable service. Strong, substantial stakes that can be used for almost any class of work.

Per doz. Per 100

2 1/2 ft. long, 1/2 in. square ... 9d. ... 5/6
3 ft. long, 3/4 in. square ... 1/- ... 6/9
3 1/2 ft. long, 1 in. square ... 1/3 ... 8/-
4 ft. long, 1 1/4 in. square ... 1/6 ... 9/-
4 1/2 ft. long, 1 1/2 in. square ... 1/8 ... 10/-
5 ft. long, 1 3/4 in. square ... 2/3 ... 15/6
6 ft. long, 1 in. square ... 2/6 ... 18/-

50 Supplied at 100 Rates.

Smaller Quantities at Dozen Rates.

Paper Pots

Made of strong compressed paper, these Pots are extremely useful for establishing seedlings and cuttings.

Prices:

3 in. 1/- doz., 7/6 100; 4 in. 1/3 doz., 9/6 100
3 1/2 in. 1/2 ,, 8/6 100; 5 in. 1/6 ,, 11/- 100

Garden Labels

The keen gardener believes in labelling his plants and bulbs. This saves frequent confusion over correct naming, as in the case of Roses; and serves as an indication of the presence of bulbs when they have died down. Judicious labelling also adds to the neat appearance of a garden.

"HOLLORITE" LABELS

The "Hollerite" Label is made of White Incorrodible Metal and is unaffected by weather conditions and will last a lifetime.

s. d.
50 3 0
100 5 0

Zinc Labels for use with special ink ... Unwired 50 3 0
100 5 0

Zinc Labels for use with special ink ... Wired 50 3 6
100 6 0

Indelible Ink, for use with Zinc Labels ... per bottle 0 9

Wooden Labels, best quality procurable.

Prices, per 100:

4 in., 1/6; 6 in., 2/-; 9 in., 2/6; 12 in., 3/-

Pots, Saucers and Seed Pans

We exercise every care in packing flower pots for transit by steamer or rail, but we cannot accept any responsibility whatever regarding them in the matter of breakage. And cost of package is always extra, strong cases and straw being required.

FLOWER POTS

doz. doz.
3 in. ... 2/- 7 in. ... 7/6
4 in. ... 2/6 8 in. ... 11/6
5 in. ... 3/6 9 in. ... 16/-
6 in. ... 4/6 10 in. ... 22/6
12 in. ... 37/6

SAUCERS

doz.
For 6 in. pots, 3/-
" 7 in. " 5/-
" 8 in. " 7/-
" 9 in. " 10/-
" 10 in. " 13/6
" 12 in. " 24/-

SEED PANS

doz.
6 in. ... 8/-
7 in. ... 9/6
8 in. ... 12/-
9 in. ... 19/-
10 in. ... 24/-
12 in. ... 35/-

Postage and Carriage Extra.

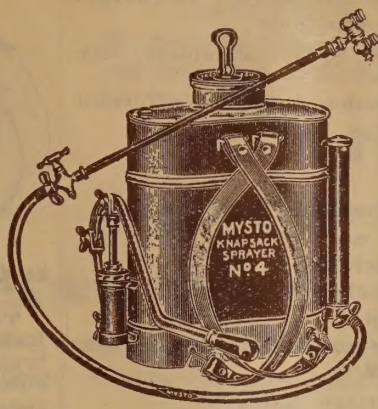
APPLIANCES FOR SPRAYING

Packing and Carriage Extra.

KNAPSACK PUMPS

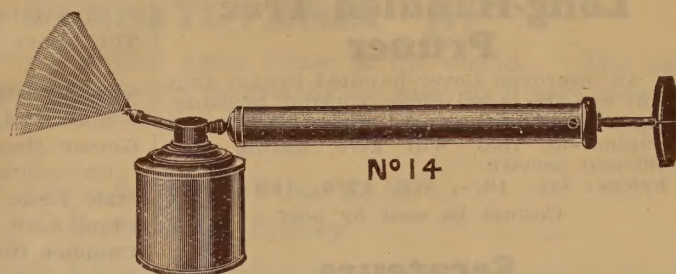


MYSTO No. 1 (British)—Polished copper; capacity, 3½ gallons; fitted with double swivel nozzle and brass rod or lance.
Price £4/12/6



MYSTO No. 4 (British)—Polished copper; capacity, 3½ gallons; similar to No. 1, except the pump, which is placed outside the container. Price . . £4/15/-

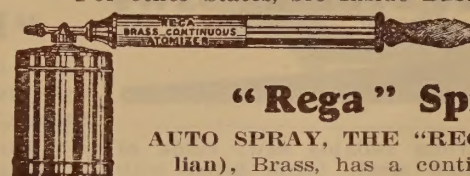
MYSTO No. 5 (British)—Tinned. This pump is similar to MYSTO No. 4, but is used for lime sulphur solutions. Price . . £5/-/-



Nº 14

AUTO SPRAY No. 14 (British).
All brass; very superior quality. Capacity: 1 quart.
Price 10/6
Packing and postage extra: in N.S.W., 2/3;
For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

AUTO SPRAY No. 26 (American).
An improved hand pump, brass container. Capacity: 1 quart Price, 7/6
Packing and postage extra: in N.S.W., 2/3;
For other States, see Inside Back Cover.



"Rega" Sprays

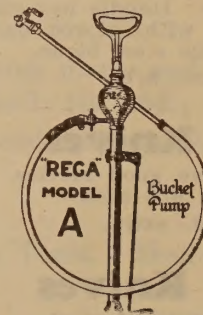
AUTO SPRAY, THE "REGA" (Austrian), Brass, has a continuous action, and is of sound and lasting construction. Capacity: 1½ pints. Price, 7/9.

AUTO SPRAY, "REGA"—TIN ATOMISERS. Capacity: 1 quart . . each, 3/3
Packing and Postage extra: in N.S.W., 2/3. For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

"REGA MIST" SYRINGE

This Syringe is becoming more and more popular each day. It represents the acme of syringe construction, made of solid brass. It is dependable in its action, and will give satisfactory service. Cannot be used for Bordeaux or Arsenate of Lead sprays. Price, 6/6. Postage: N.S.W., 1/- . For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

The "Rega" Bucket Pump



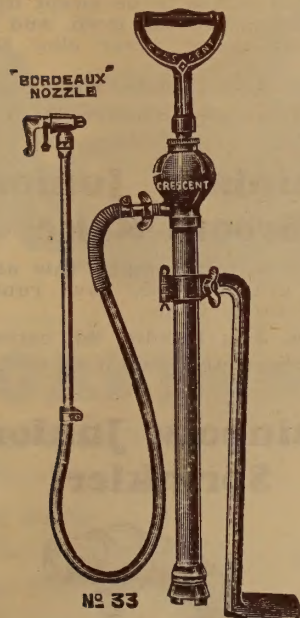
This Australian product (see illustration), is a strongly constructed pump, and one that we can thoroughly recommend. Price, 30/-. Postage and packing extra: N.S.W., 3/3. For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

LADYWOOD (British made)—The Ladywood is one of the handiest sprayers ever placed on the market. It can be used not only for spraying trees and plants, but is useful for disinfecting fowlhouses, washing down motors, etc. Fitted with two nozzles. Price, 22/6. Postage extra: N.S.W., 1/9. For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

Brass Syringes

Prices, each:
4/6, 6/6, 7/3, 8/6, 14/-, 19/6, 21/-, 27/-

BUCKET PUMPS



Nº 33

THE "CRESCENT" No. 33.

One of the most useful appliances that one can have where there is a garden, or where poultry are kept. For white-washing or spraying the houses with disinfectants they are invaluable, and for spraying plants and fruit trees the pump is very effectual.

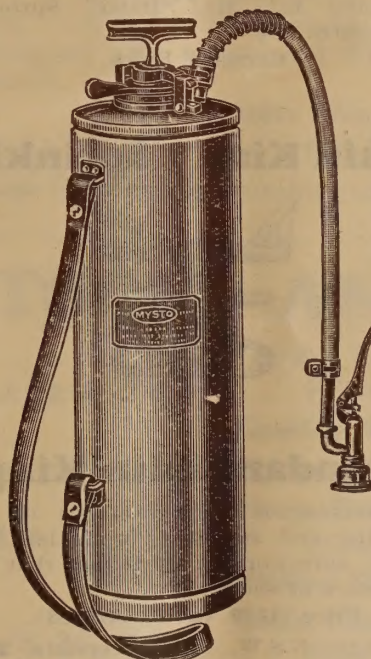
THE "CRESCENT" No. 33 (British).
Price, 30/-. Postage and packing extra: N.S.W., 3/3. For other States, see Inside Back Cover.

BUCKET PUMP, "MINOR," English make; strong and serviceable.
Price 25/-
Packing and Postage: N.S.W., 2/-.

Extra Hose Lengths

Extra Lengths of Hose for Bucket, Pneumatic, and Knapsack Pumps.
9d. foot for Bucket and Knapsack.
1/- foot for Pneumatic.
Postage extra.

PNEUMATIC PUMPS



Nº 15

MYSTO PNEUMATIC No. 15 (British)—Brass; suitable for all spraying solutions; capacity, 3 galls. (similar to Auto No. 1). Price, £3/15/-.

AUTO SPRAY PUMP No. 1 (American).
Same pattern as Mysto Pneumatic; galvanized metal. Price, £2/2/-.

Accessories for Auto No. 1 Spray Pump

2ft. Extension Rod (Brass) 6/-
Curved Extension Rod 6/-
2 Row Attachments (Brass) 15/-
Strainer 10/-
Auto Nozzles 7/6

Pruning Requisites

Long-Handled Tree Pruner

An improved Lever-handled Pruner that will cut the wood clean without bruising. The blade is of the best tempered steel. An implement that will give lasting and efficient service.

Prices: 6ft., 16/-; 8ft., 17/6; 10ft., 19/-. Cannot be sent by post.

Secateurs

Made from first-class quality tempered steel.

M.A.G. (French), 6/9, 7/6, 8/6.

Mexieur (French), 7/-, 7/6, 8/3, 8/6, 9/-.

Wiss., 9/6, 13/6, 15/-.

Other Patterns, 3/9 to 8/6.

Postage, 1/- extra.

Disston's Pruning Saws



No. 4—A strong reliable saw, made of best crucible steel; blade fitted with seasoned Beechwood handle and brass screws; double edge.

Prices: 16in., 6/6; 18in., 7/6.



No. 3—Grained blade of best quality crucible steel; Apple handle; polished edge; brass screws.

Prices: 16in., 5/3; 18in., 5/6.



No. 16—Flat steel back, narrow tapered point; Beech handle. Handle has extra large grip for use with gloved hand. Swivel stretcher; blue steel blade.

Price: 14in., 8/6.

Pruning Knives

Best steel; will give good service.

Price: 4/3 to 6/6 each.

Postage, 3d. extra.

Budding Knives

Good quality tempered steel.

Price: 4/6 each.

Postage, 3d. extra.

Leather Gardening Gloves

Ladies' "Basil," 3/-, 3/3 and 3/6 pair.

Postage 3d.

Ladies' Chrome, 3/9 per pair.

Postage 3d.

Gent's. "Basil," 3/6 pair. Postage 4d.

Gent's. Long Gauntlet, length 17 inches.

Price: 6/6 per pair.

Postage 4d.

Quality Garden Hose

$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch: from 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. ft. to 1/1 ft. cut lengths

$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch: from 9d. ft. to 1/3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. cut lengths

Reduction for coils of 50 to 60 feet.

The above prices are subject to market fluctuations.

Nozzles, "Mysto" Spray, complete with male end, 4/6

Geyser Hose Nozzles, each 2/6. Torrent Chromium Plated, each 4/6

Male Ends, each 6d.

Clips, each 3d.

Clincher Hose Couplings, each 1/9

Cap and Lining, each 1/3

Hose Mender, each 6d.

Royal Unions, each 1/6

Washers, each 1d.

Evron Union for smooth-faced taps, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or $\frac{3}{4}$ in., each 2/6

Carriage Extra.

"Daisy" Sprinkler

For the even distribution of water over extensive areas, the "Daisy" is unequalled.

"Daisy," 3in., distributes water 25ft., 6/6

Hose, Coupling and Clip, extra 1/3, for $\frac{3}{4}$ in. hose.

Hose, Coupling and Clip, extra 2/-, for 1in. hose.

Stand for 3in. "Daisy" Sprinkler, extra 2/6.

Carriage Extra.

"Rain King" Sprinkler

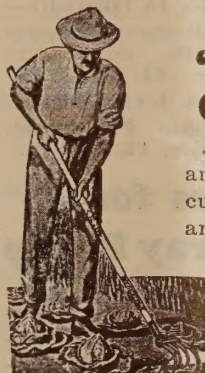


Standard Rain King

Combines all the advantages of both revolving and stationary sprinklers. A strong, sure-working sprinkler that will give years of service.

Price, 15/9 (as illustrated).

Postage: N.S.W., 1/6; Interstate, 2/6.



"Norcross" Cultivators

"Norcross" Cultivators are handy implements for cultivation between crops and around trees, etc.

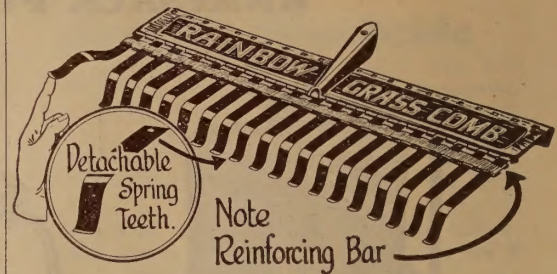
Prices: 5 prong, 5/-;

3 prong, 3/9;

midget, 2/9.

Carriage extra.

Improved 'Rainbow' Products



"Rainbow" Grasscomb

The lightest and most efficient Lawn Rake ever made. The teeth are flexible, broad and rounded. Specially finished in rust-resisting enamels.

Prices: 18in., 5/6; 24in., 7/6; 30in., 8/6.

Handles for above, 1/- extra.

"Rainbow Junior" Grass Comb

Close spring teeth enable every particle of grass and leaves to be swept up without any damage to the lawn, and are so shaped that leaves never clog between them.

Price, 3/-; Handle, 9d. extra.

Carriage and Packing extra.

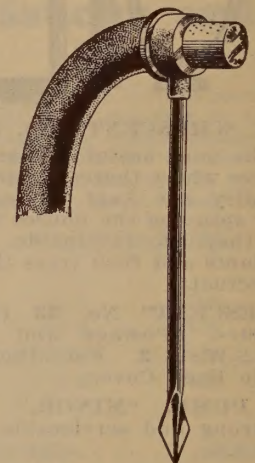
"Rainbow Junior" Broom Rake

The spring teeth make this an ideal Rake for gravel paths, fowl runs, pig, sheep and cattle yards.

Price, 3/-; Handle, 9d. extra.

Carriage and Packing extra.

"Rainbow Junior" Sprinkler



This Sprinkler throws the water forward, enabling you to move it from place to place without turning off the tap.

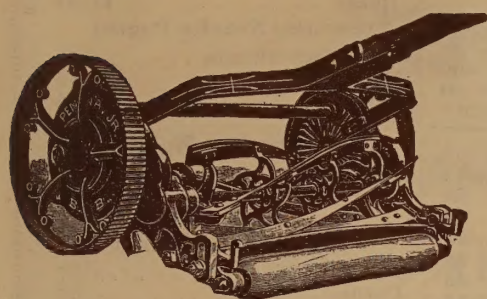
Made from solid brass, with holes drilled at various angles, giving a perfect rainfall distribution of water.

Supplied in 3, 5 and 8 rows of holes.

Price, 2/9 each.

Carriage and Packing extra.

LAWN MOWERS



THE PENNSYLVANIA Jr.

Claimed to be the most perfect grass cutter in the world. The self-sharpening device alone makes it worth its cost to the user, as it will save the expense of sharpening until the blades are worn out. Average life of mower twelve years.

Prices: 12in., £4/10/-; 14in., £5/5/-.

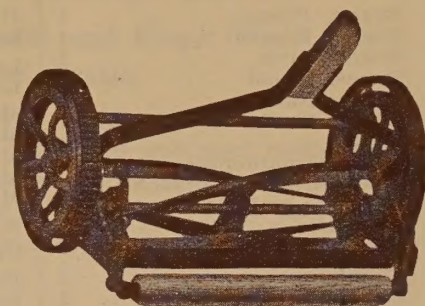
F.O.R. or F.O.B. Sydney.

THE LAWN KING

A reliably constructed mower, smooth running, quiet in operation. Blades of crucible steel; ball-bearing. Cones are hardened steel and self-adjusting. Top screw adjustment.

Prices: 10in., £3; 12in., £3/5/-; 14in., £3/10/-.

F.O.R. or F.O.B. Sydney.



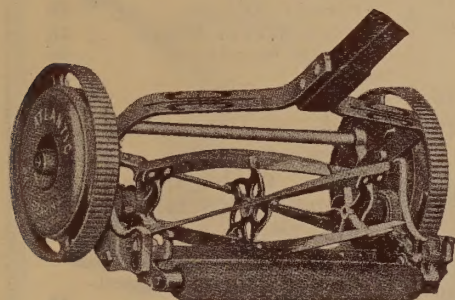
THE ATLANTIC

A five-knife ball-bearing machine. It runs easily, cuts clean and lasts long. Crucible steel blades, driven by an internal gear on each wheel. Equipped with a patented STAYTITE handle, and special self-sharpening feature.

Prices: 12in., £3/10/-; 14in., £3/12/6.

F.O.R. or F.O.B. Sydney.

Grass Catchers, for attaching to any of the above Lawn Mowers . . . 6/-



GARDENING TOOLS AND REQUISITES

Daisy or Weed Lifters.

Price each, 2/6, 2/9

Edging Irons.

Handled for trimming grass edges. Price, each, 7/-

Garden Forks.

Skelton's: Border or Ladies' . . each, 5/6, 6/-, 7/-

Gent's 6/-, 7/-

Garden Hoes.

Prices each, 1/6, 1/9, 2/-, 2/6

Dutch . . . each, 4in., 1/4; 5in., 1/9; 6in., 2/-

Strong 5in., 3/3; 6in., 3/6; 7in., 3/9

Garden Lines, strong cord.

Price each, 2/-

Garden Rakes.

Prices: 10-tooth, 1/9; 12-tooth, 2/-; 14-tooth, 2/4
16-tooth, 3/-

Handles Extra: 5ft., 1/-; 6ft., 1/3

Garden Rakes with Handles, finest steel.

Prices 12-tooth, 6/-; 14-tooth, 6/6

Garden Spades.

Skelton's each, Ladies', 6/6, 6/9

Gent's: No. 1 and No. 2 8/-, 9/6, 10/-

Garden Trowels.

Prices each, 1/6, 2/3

Grafting Wax. Per tin 1/6

Hedge Shears . . . 6in., 5/3; 8in., 6/6; 9in., 7/-

Hemp Twine, for tying plants and shrubs.

Prices . . per ball: 1/2lb., 9d.; 1lb., 1/3; 5lbs., 4/6

Phillips' Digger. Special Spade for heavy soils. Each, 9/6

Raffia Fibre.

Price per lb., 1/6

Set of Light Garden Tools. Skelton's:

Prices from 16/6, 24/6 to 33/6

Soft Seaming Twine.

Price per hank, 1/3

Sphagnum Moss.

Local per sack, 12/-

Ti Tree Bark, for lining baskets.

Price per bundle, 4d.

Weed Forks.

Prices each, 1/6, 1/9, 2/-

Wire Baskets, made of best quality wire.

Prices: 8in., 6d.; 10in., 7d.; 12in., 8d.; 14in., 10d.

GENERAL INFORMATION

For Terms and Conditions
see Inside Front Cover.

MARKET GARDEN SEEDS.

For Bulk Prices of Seeds for
Market Gardeners, see Page
11.

Page
Hint on Sowing & Cul-
tivation of Grass Seeds, 35

The Orchard

Its Planting and Care .. 36

Roses

See Novelty Pages and 41-44

Vegetable Seeds

Artichoke	1
Asparagus	1
Beans, French	1
Beans, Runner	1
Beans, Lima	1
Beans, Broad	1
Beans, Butter	1
Beans, Snake	1
Beet	2
Beet, Ornamental	1
Beet, Silver or Spinach	1
Borecole or Kale	2
Broccoli	2
Brussels Sprouts	2
Cabbage	2
Cabbage, Savoy	2
Cape Gooseberry	3
Carrot	3
Cauliflower	3
Celery	4
Corn, Pop	4
Corn, Sweet	3
Cress	4
Cucumber	4
Culinary Herbs	4
Egg Plant	4
Endive	4
Gourds	32
Horseradish	10
Kohl Rabi (Turnip rooted Cabbage)	5
Leek	5
Lettuce	5
Melons, Casaba	6
Melons, Mango	6
Melons, Preserving	6
Melons, Rock or Musk	6
Melons, Water	6
Mushroom Spawn	5
Mustard, Finest White	5
Okra	5
Onions	7
Parsley	5
Parsnip	5
Pe-Tsai, Chinese Cabbage	5
Peas, Garden	8
Peas, Sugar	8
Pepper or Capsicum	7
Potatoes—Special List issued in July	7
Pumpkins, Table	5
Radish	8
Rhubarb	7
Rosella	7
Salsify (Vegetable Oyster)	7
Seakale	8
Spinach	8
Squash	9
Tomato	9
Turnip	8
Vegetable Marrow	9
Vegetable Seed Collec- tions	10

Farm Seeds

Bean, Field Horse	29
Bean, Florida Velvet	29
Bean, Soja	29
Beet, Sugar	29
Buckwheat	30
Burnet, Sheep	29

INDEX

(Letterpress of this Catalogue Copyright Regd.)

For Revised Parcels Post
Rates, see Inside Back Cover.

For Novelties in Seeds and
Plants, see Novelty Pages at
commencement of Catalogue.

	Page
Cabbage, Cattle	29
Carrot, Field	30
Chickory	30
Chou Moellier	30
Clovers	34
Esparcette	30
Grasses, Pasture	32
Grasses, Native	33
Grass Seed Mixtures	35
Johnson Grass	31
Kale, Thousand Headed	30
Lawn Grass Seed	33
Lucerne	34
Mangel Wurzel	29
Melon, Cattle	30
Millet	31
Mitchell Grass	33
Mustard, White	30
N.S.W. Blue Grass	33
Onion, Field	30
Pea, Cow	30
Pea, Field	30
Peanuts	30
Pumpkin, Cattle	30
Rape, Sowing	30
Rye	30
Sainfoin	30
Salt Bush	33
Seed Barley	33
Seed Grain	33
Seed Maize	33
Seed Oats	33
Seed Wheats	33
Sorghums	31
Sudan Grass	31
Sunflower	30
Swede Turnip	29
Tagasate	30
Tares	30
Teosinte	30
Turnip, Field	29
Vetches	30

Fruit Trees

Almonds	40
Apples	37
Apricots	37
Bananas	40
Blackberries	40
Cherimoyer	40
Cherries	37
Chinese Raisins	45
Citrons	38
Currants	40
Figs	38
Filberts	40
Gooseberries	40
Grape Vines	40
Guavas	40
Lemons	39
Limes	39
Loganberry	40
Loquats	39
Mandarins	39
Mango	40
Medlars	40
Miscellaneous Fruits	40
Mulberries	40
Nectarines	38
Nuts	40
Olives	38
Oranges	39
Passionfruit	38
Pawpaw	40
Peaches	37
Pears	38

	Page
Persimmons	39
Pineapples	40
Plums	38
Plums, Japanese	33
Plums, Prunes	38
Pomegranate	40
Prunes	38
Quinces	38
Raspberries	40
Shaddocks	33
Strawberries	39
Walnuts	40

Flower Seeds

General List	19-28
Antirrhinums	12
Asters	13
Calendulas	17
Delphiniums	17
Larkspurs	18
Lupins	18
Pansies	14
Poppies	18
Stocks	15
Sweet Peas—Special List on Application	
Zinnias	16
Ornamental Grasses	28

Anderson's Bird Seed

Bird Seeds	10
------------------	----

Culinary Plants and Roots

Artichokes	10
Asparagus	1 and 10
Chokos	10
Eschallots	10
Garlic	10
Herbs	10
Horseradish	10
Onions, Potato and Tree	10
Rhubarb	10
Seakale	10
Sweet Potato Cuttings	10

Trees, Shrubs and Flower- ing Plants

General List	45-50
Azaleas	54
Begonias	54
Bouvardias	54
Camellias	55
Cannas	54
Carnations—Special List on Application	
Carpet Bedding Plants	51
Climbing and Twining Plants	52-53
Conifers & Taxads	53
Erica	54
Fuchsias	55
Geraniums	55
Greenhouse & Stove Plants	56
Hedge Plants	51
Herbaceous, Bulbous, & other Hardy Plants	56
List of Trees & Shrubs for various Localities	57
Pentstemons	55
Perennial Phlox	55

	Page
Pelargoniums	55
Edging Plants	51
Roses	41-44
(See also Novelty Pages)	
Verandah Plants	51
Verbenas	55
Violets	55

Flowering Bulbs

Special List, issued February,
Post Free on Request.

Ferns and Palms

Ferns	57
Palms	57
Tree Fern Trunks	57

Fertilizers

Anderson's "Excellenta"	58
"National" Rose Food	58
Bone Dust	58
Blood and Bone	58

General Fertilizers

"Floraphos"	58
Superphosphates	58
"Plantoids"	58

Insecticides & Fumicides

"Albarol" Spraying Oil	59
Arsenate of Lead	59
"Blackleaf 40"	59
Bordeaux Powder	59
Carter's Worm Killer	60
Cooper's Weedicide	60
"Noseco"	60
"Atomol" Dusts	59
Elliot's Arsenite of Soda	60
Flowers of Sulphur	59
"Harbas" Winter Spray	59
"Harola" Lime Sulphur	59
"Mafeesh"	60
Gishurst Compound	60
Levin's Manurial Insecti- cide	60
Grant's "265"	59
Warne's Shell Lime	60
"Peepi" for Lawns	60
Solomia	60

Horticultural Sundries

Budding Knives	62
Brass Syringes	61
Cultivator "Norcross"	61
"Cahoon" Seed Sower	32
"Daisy" Lawn Sprinkler	61
Flower Pots and Saucers	60
Gardening Gloves	62
Garden Tools	63
Garden Hose	62
Garden Stakes	60
Grafting Wax	63
Hedge Shears	63
Indelible Ink	60
Lawn Mowers	63
Paper Pots	60
Pruning Knives	62
Pruning Saws	62
Raffia Fibre	63
"Rainbow" Products	62
"Rain King" Sprinkler	62
Secateurs	62
Seed Pans	60
Sphagnum Moss	63
Spray Pumps	61
Ti-Tree Bark	63
Tree Pruners	62
Twine Hemp	63
Wooden Garden Labels	60
Wire Baskets	63
Zinc Labels	60
"Planet Junior" Farm & Garden Tools, inside back cover.	

Planet Jr.

FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS

GOOD EQUIPMENT MAKES A GOOD FARMER BETTER

HAND SEEDERS

No. 25—Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.

As a seeder it is practically the same as the Planet Jr. No. 4. It sows in drills any thickness or drops in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart; has the same feed, hill-dropping mechanism and automatic device for stopping the feed, and also a capital seed index. It is thoroughly substantial and accurate in planting all kinds of garden seeds. Its simplicity, both as a seeder and as a wheel hoe, makes the combination thoroughly satisfactory.

Equipment:
 One pair of 6-inch hoes } All oil
 Four cultivator teeth } tempered.
 One pair plows.
 Two leaf guards.
 One marker.

Price . . . £6 0 0

Weight packed, 61 lbs.
 Holds 2½ quarts.



DOUBLE WHEEL HOES

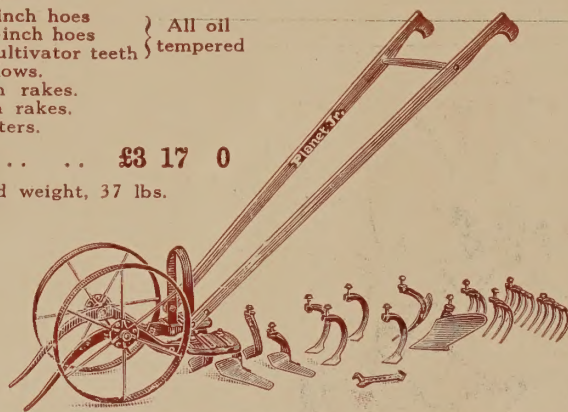
No. 11—Planet Jr. Double and Single Wheel Hoe Combined. Steel Frame.

No. 11 Planet Jr. is the best combined double and single wheel hoe made, and has the largest and most useful set of attachments. The steel frame can be set at different heights to suit any kind or depth of work, and the attachments or their position can be changed in a few seconds.

Equipment:
 One pair 6-inch hoes } All oil
 One pair 4½-inch hoes } tempered
 Four steel cultivator teeth }
 One pair plows.
 Two 3-tooth rakes.
 Two 5-tooth rakes.
 Two leaf lifters.

Price . . . £3 17 0

Packed weight, 37 lbs.



GOOD REASONS FOR INVESTING IN PLANET JR. IMPLEMENTS

They dispel backaches and drudgery. Enable work to be done more rapidly. Do good work—and do it satisfactorily. Make gardening both pleasant and profitable.

Fully illustrated Catalogue and Prices Posted Free on request.

Current Parcels Post Rates

MANY customers order goods listed in this catalogue which are not quoted post free. For the convenience of customers ordering these goods we append herewith the following revised Parcels Post Rates. Customers who have no ledger account with us should, therefore, when ordering goods to be sent by post, allow for postage as per these tables.

SCALE 1 applies to parcels addressed to—
 Places within a 30 mile radius of Sydney.

SCALE 2 applies to parcels addressed to—
 (a) Places in New South Wales, outside the 30 mile radius of Sydney.
 (b) The Federal Capital Territory;
 (c) Lord Howe Island and Norfolk Island;

SCALE 3 applies to parcels addressed to—
 Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand and Fiji.

SCALE 4 applies to parcels addressed to—
 South Australia, Western Australia, North Australia, Central Australia, Papua, and the Territory of New Guinea.

WEIGHT.	RATES			
	Scale 1	Scale 2	Scale 3	Scale 4
Not exceeding 1 lb. ..	s. d. 0 6	s. d. 0 9	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3
" " 2 lb. ..	0 9	1 0	1 6	2 0
" " 3 lb. ..	1 0	1 3	2 0	2 9
" " 4 lb. ..	1 3	1 6	2 6	3 6
" " 5 lb. ..	1 6	1 9	3 0	4 3
" " 6 lb. ..	1 9	2 0	3 6	5 0
" " 7 lb. ..	2 0	2 3	4 0	5 9
" " 8 lb. ..	2 3	2 6	4 6	6 6
" " 9 lb. ..	2 6	2 9	5 0	7 3
" " 10 lb. ..	2 9	3 0	5 6	8 0
" " 11 lb. ..	3 0	3 3	6 0	8 9

ODOURLESS ONION



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SEED MERCHANTS, SYDNEY.

894: ICELAND POPPY
Papaver nudicaule Mixed



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ANDERSON'S
Imperial Purple-top Swede Turnip



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1161: WALLFLOWER. Single,
Choicest Mixed.



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**OUR STOCKS OF
GARDEN SEEDS
ARE SELECTED AND
TRUE TO NAME AND
TYPE**

**OUR STOCKS OF
FARM SEEDS
ARE SPECIALLY
CLEANED**

164B: CALLIOPSIS
(Coreopsis) Mixed



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433a: ESCHSCHOLTZIA, Mixed
Californian Poppy.



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COMMERCIAL CUCUMBER



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854: PANSY
First Class Assorted



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